

INSTRUCTIONS  
FOR  
COLLECTORS  
OF  
EXCISE.

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PART II

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CONTAINING  
PRECEDENTS for *Informations, Summons,  
Judgments, and Warrants*; And some *Clauses*  
extracted out of the *Acts of PARLIAMENT*  
relating to the *Duties of EXCISE*.

TOGETHER WITH  
Some *Observations and Directions* concerning  
those *Clauses* and the said *Precedents*.

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LONDON;  
Printed in the YEAR 1716.



INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

COLLECTORS

OF

EXCISE

PART II.



CONTAINING

THE PRESENT STATE OF THE EXCISE, AND THE  
MANNER IN WHICH IT IS COLLECTED; AND  
SOME OBSERVATIONS ON THE IMPROVEMENT  
THEREOF.

TOGETHER WITH

SOME OBSERVATIONS ON THE IMPROVEMENT  
THEREOF.

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INSTRUCTIONS  
FOR  
Collectors of *Excise*.

PART II.

CHAP. I.

Of Informations for not making True Entries every Week, Month or Six Weeks, of the Exciseable Liquors and Manufactures made in such Week, Month or Six Weeks. And of Informations for not duly paying the Duties of Excise for such Liquors and Manufactures. And of the Clauses requiring such Entries and Payments to be made.

THE Act of 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 15, & 16. Excise-Book, Fol. 27, & 28. whereby the Duties of Excise are granted, runs thus; viz. That there shall be paid the several Rates, Impositions, Duties, &c. following; that is to say, For every Barrel of Beer or Ale Brewed by the Common-Brewer,

## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

*Brewer, or any other Person, who doth or shall sell or tap out Beer or Ale, publicly or privately, so much per Barrel, and so proportionably: Whereby it appears, That the Duty accrues and becomes a Debt vested in the Crown, as soon as the Operation of brewing is over, and is in proportion to the whole Quantity brewed, without any regard had to the future Application or disposing thereof, or of any Part thereof.*

The Duty of Six Pence per Bushel upon Malt, is likewise for every Bushel of Malt, *which shall be made, &c.* Other Duties are charged in the like manner, *viz.* For all Candles *made, &c.* For all Sope *which shall be made, &c.* And so on several other Manufactures; in all which Cases, the Duties accrue and become Debts vested in the Crown upon the *making* the said respective Manufactures.

The Duties upon Cyder accrue differently, *viz.* There being several Duties amounting to 6s. and 8d. per Hogshead, and so proportionably laid upon Cyder *made and sold*, these Duties do not accrue until the Cyder is sold: But there being by the Malt-Act another Duty upon Cyder of 4s. per Hogshead, and so proportionably laid upon all Cyder *made for Sale*, this Duty of 4s. per Hogshead, accrues at the respective Times when Cyder for Sale is made.

The Duties of Metheglin and Mead being laid upon Metheglin and Mead *sold*, these Duties do not accrue until these Liquors are sold.

There are other Duties laid upon the performing certain Operations for the Improving of other Manufactures; as upon the printing and painting Paper to serve for Hangings, &c. and upon the printing, painting, staining or dying Silks, Calli-  
coes,



or for not making Entries.

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coes, Linnens or Stuffs; which said respective Duties accrue and become Debts vested in the Crown, upon the performing the said respective Operations, or any of them.

But notwithstanding the said respective Duties do (as is aforesaid) accrue and become Debts vested in the Crown, upon the performing the said respective Operations of Making or Improving, as aforesaid; yet there are future Times respectively allowed for the paying the said respective Duties; which said Times for Payment, are to be computed from the respective Times when the respective Persons who so make or improve the said Manufactures, make, or ought to have made Entries of the said respective Manufactures by them so made or improved; which Times for the making such Entries, are different, viz.

By a Clause in 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 28. *Excise-Book, Fol. 30.* Common-Brewers are once in every Week, to make true and particular Entries of all Beer and Ale, which they shall brew in that Week; and if they neglect to make such Weekly Entries, they forfeit Ten Pounds for every such Weekly Neglect, 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 29. *Excise-Book, Fol. 31.*

And every Common-Brewer who shall not pay and clear off within a Week after he made or ought to have made his Entry as aforesaid, shall pay double the Value of the Duty 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 30. *Excise-Book, Fol. 31.*

Supposing then, that a Common-Brewer begins and sets up his said Trade on the First Day of any Month, and breweth one Guile or Brewing on that Day, and another Guile or Brewing on the Third Day of that Month, and another on

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the Fifth Day of that Month ; such Brewer ought on or before the Seventh Day of that Month, to make a true and particular Entry of all he brewed in such Week ; and if he fail therein, he forfeits Ten Pounds, for which an Information may be laid against him in the beginning of the Second Week, *viz.* the Week next following the Week he so began to brew ; and at or before the end of the Second Week, he ought to pay and clear off the Duties accruing in the First Week, and if he fail therein, an Information for double the Value of the Duties which so accrued in the First Week, may be laid against him in the beginning of the Third Week, computed from his first beginning to brew.

And though Common Brewers are not commonly held to make their Payments so quick, yet it seemeth pretty plain, that the true Sense and Meaning of the said Clause, is, That at the End of each Week, they should enter all they had brewed in that Week, the Words of the Act being, *That all Common-Brewers shall once in every Week make true and particular Entries, &c.* But if a Common-Brewer doth not in the First Week of his Brewing, make an Entry of what he brewed in that Week, but delays the doing thereof, until the next Week after, it will then be evident, that he passes over one Week without making any Entry, and consequently doth not in every Week make a true Entry, &c. whereas the said Act requires him once in every Week to make such true Entry.

By the before-mentioned Clause, Inn-keepers, Victuallers and Distillers, are once in every Month to make true and particular Entries of their Liquors ; and if they neglect so to do, Inn-keepers

keepers, for every such Neglect, forfeit Five Pounds, and Victuallers for every such Neglect, forfeit Twenty Shillings; and if in one Month more they do not pay and clear off, they are to pay double Duty, 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sec. 28. 30. Excise-Book, Fol. 30 & 31.

By a Clause in all the Malt-Acts, every Maltster or other Person making Malt (for Sale or not for Sale, except such as compound for the Duties of Malt by them made for their own private Use only) are Monthly and every Month, to make true Entries of all the Malt by them made in such Month respectively; and by most of the Malt-Acts, they are to pay and clear off within Three Months after they have made, or ought to have made such Entry; but by the Malt-Act 1 Georgil, they have one Month more allowed for Payment.

All Persons making Candles within the Limits of the *Weekly Bills of Mortality*, are Monthly and every Month, and all Persons making Candles in any other Parts of *Great Britain*, are in every Six Weeks to make true Entries in writing of all Candles by them made in such Month and Six Weeks respectively; and those who make Candles within the said *Weekly Bills*, are once in every Four Weeks, and others in other Parts of *Great Britain*, once in every Six Weeks, after they have made, or ought to have made such their Entries, are to pay and clear off.

Note, Such as compound for the Duties of Candles by them made and consumed in their own private Families only, are not within the said Clause.

Makers



## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

Makers either of Sope or Starch, are to enter and pay at the like Times as Makers of Candles.

Makers of Paper, and Printers and Painters of Paper for Hangings, &c. and Printers and Painters of Callicoes, Linnens, &c. either within or without the Limits of the *Weekly Bills of Mortality*, are in every Six Weeks to make their Entries, and are in Six Weeks next after to pay and clear off the said Duties.

Refiners or Drawers of Gilt or Silver Wire, are to make Entries Monthly, and are to pay and clear off in Six Weeks next after they so have made, or ought to have made their Entries.

*Note,* There are no Compounders for the Duties on Sope, Paper, Callicoes, Linnens, &c. or upon Starch, or Gilt or Silver Wire.

If therefore, before, or at the beginning of their Second Month, Inn-keepers, Victuallers and Distillers, do not make Entries of all they have brewed or distilled in the First Month of their brewing or distilling, Informations may at the beginning of such Second Month be laid against them for not making such Entries; and if before, or at the beginning of the Third Month, they do not pay and clear off all the Duties accrued from them in such First Month, Informations for double the Value of such Duties as so accrued in such First Month, may be laid against them in the beginning of such Third Month.

And if Makers of Candles, Sope or Starch out of the *Weekly Bills*, or if Makers of Paper, or Painters of Paper for Hangings, &c. or Printers  
or

or Painters of Callicoes or Linens, do not in or at the End of the First Six Weeks, make true Entries of all they made or wrought in such first Six Weeks; Informations for the Penalties for not making such Entries, may be laid against them at the beginning of such second Six Weeks; and if at the end of such second Six Weeks they do not pay and clear off the Duties so accrued in such first Six Weeks, Informations may (at the beginning of such third Six Weeks) be laid against them for double the Value of such Duties as so accrued in such first Six Weeks.

These Duties being (as in Fact they are) publick Revenues, in which not only the Crown; but the whole Nation is interested and concerned, it will be necessary that all due Care be taken; that no part of them be lost, for want of being collected or received at the respective Times when they ought to be paid; And that, against such as are Defaulters and do not pay at those Times, Informations may be laid, and Judgments obtained thereupon, and all other Lawfull means used to secure the said Duties; but so as that all fair Traders be likewise used with as much Tendernefs and Indulgence, as may be consistent with the securing the said Duties; the before-mentioned Clauses for the said Forfeitures not being calculated or intended for the Profit of Informers, or to ruine or distress fair Traders, but to secure the Duties, and to preserve such a Ballance of Trade between the said respective Manufacturers, that all of the same Trade may pay equally with respect to the several Proportions of the Manufactures by them respectively made or improved; and therefore the before-

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mentioned Clauses ought to be used and put into Execution and Practice accordingly.

Though the Times appointed for Common-Brewers to pay their Duties, are as before have been mentioned, yet such Common-Brewers as are out of the *Weekly Bills*, are sometimes indulged to pay at the same Times when Inn-keepers and Victuallers pay, which may be allowed of, as being consistent with the securing the Duties due from them; because all Coppers and Utensils by them used in brewing, whether they are the Brewer's own, or do really belong to other Persons, yet are liable to these Duties; and tho' the Utensils of other Traders are liable in like manner, yet the Coppers and Utensils used by Common-Brewers, being (as they are) generally fixed, and of greater Value than the Utensils used by other Traders, the Utensils used by them, are a better Security than the Utensils used by other Traders.

Besides, the Times appointed for Common-Brewers to pay, being so much quicker than the Times appointed for other Traders, and their Duties being pretty high, there may be Reason to indulge them more than others.

But the Time allowed to Maltsters for the paying their Duties, being so very long, the Duties becoming due from some of them, may sometimes be lost, if more than ordinary Care is not taken for securing thereof; for they having a Month to enter, and, by the last Act, Four Months to pay, they may owe a great deal for Duty, before the Five Months are expired: And therefore, in Cases where there is Reason to apprehend or suspect that the Maltster may go off before the Time of Payment, it may be very adviseable



adviseable, in such particular Cases, to examine and see, whether such Maltster hath made due and true monthly Entries of all the Malt he has made in such respective Month; and if he hath not, (as few of them do) then, to secure the Duty, an Information may, at the beginning of the Second Month, be laid against him, for not making a true Entry of the Malt which he made in the First Month; or at the beginning of the Third Month, an Information may be laid against him, for not making true monthly Entries of all the Malt by him made in the two preceding Months: And if Judgment be thereupon obtained for the Penalties for not making such Entries, such Judgment may go a good way towards the securing the Duties due from such suspected Maltsters.

And if such Judgments so obtained, be made use of only to secure the Duty, such Prosecution ought not to be thought hard; but in Cases of Hazard, it will be the Duty of the Collector to lay such Informations, for not making such true Entries, and to get such Judgments thereon: But unless for this, or for some other special Reason, the laying of such Informations for not making such true Entries, is not countenanced or approved of by the Commissioners and Managers of these Revenues; they not liking, that Traders should be made uneasy with unnecessary Prosecutions; but there may be other particular Reasons and Instances, in which the laying such Informations for not making true Entries, may sometimes be very necessary.

Tho' such suspected Maltster may have made an Entry of part of what he made in each Month; yet if such Entry or Entries do not contain the whole

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whole made in such Month, or Months, an Information for Non-Entry may be laid, and Judgment obtained against him, notwithstanding such short or imperfect Entry; for a short Entry is in Law, as no Entry at all, it not being a True Entry, which is what the Law requires: And whether a Trader wholly omits to make any Entry at all, or whether he makes a short Entry, or false Entry, the Information may, in either of the said Cases, be general; *viz.* That such Trader did not make a true Entry; or did not make a true Entry of the Kinds and Quantities, &c. or the like, without particularly mentioning that such Entry was short, defective or false, in this or that Particular. For though at the Hearing of Informations for such defective Entries, it will be necessary to prove such particular Defect or Defects, yet that doth not make it necessary to mention such particular Defects in such Informations; but for that very Reason it may be omitted; *viz.* Because if upon a general Information, the Informer doth insist upon any particular Defect or Defects, he must then prove such Defect or Defects; therefore it will not be necessary for him to mention such Particulars in such Information.

If the Traders liable to pay these Duties are permitted to be many Months in Arrear, it will be a great Neglect in the Collectors; but if it should so happen, it will not always be necessary to lay Informations for the double Duty of all that is so in Arrear: But if the double Duty of one Month, or of one Six Weeks, will be sufficient to answer not only all that is in Arrear, but also the Charges, it may, in such Case, be sufficient to lay an Information for the double Duty of

of such one Month, or of such one Six Weeks; and the rather, because if in the laying Informations for Duties charged near to the Time of laying such Informations, due Care is not taken in observing when the Times of Payment are fully expired, it may in some Instances happen, that such Informations, as to some part of the Duties in such Information, may be laid before the Time of Payment may be fully elapsed, which may occasion the Trouble of a special Judgment in such Case, viz. to give Judgment for the Informer, as to so much as such Information is properly laid for in Point of Time, and for the Defendant, as to so much as such Information happeneth to be improperly laid for in Point of Time: To avoid which, in Cases where the double Duty of one Month, or of one Six Weeks, will be sufficient to answer the whole Arrear, and also the Charges, it may be sufficient to lay the Information for the double Duty accrued in such one Month, or one Six Weeks.

The making use, in the manner before mentioned, of a Judgment for not making a true Entry, in order to secure Duties really due, or of a Judgment for the double Duty accrued in one Month, or Six Weeks, in order to secure Duties then in Arrear for any former Month or Months, is agreeable to the Rules both of Law and Equity; for if one be indebted by Mortgage, and also by Simple Contract, or by Judgment and Simple Contract, even Equity will permit the Creditor to make use of such Mortgage, or Judgment, to secure what is due by Simple Contract.

It may, perhaps, seem hard, that in all Cases of Arrears, the Informations should be laid for the double Duty, especially against those whose being



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being in Arrear, is not their Fault, but their Misfortune, viz. Such as would pay, if they had wherewith so to pay; but even in such Case the Information cannot be otherwise; for Informations cannot in these Cases be laid before Justices of the Peace, for the single Duties, because the Power and Jurisdiction which they (the Justices) have in these Cases, being derived and depending intirely on the Words in the said Act of 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. their Jurisdiction, and the manner of proceeding before them, must be guided and governed by the Words of that Act. Now there not being in that Act any Words whereby they (the Justices) are impowered to hear and determine Complaints or Informations, touching or concerning the single Duties of Excise, &c. or touching and concerning the Arrears thereof; but their Power being by the expresse Words of the said Act, to hear and determine *Forfeitures* and *Offences*; and the said *Forfeitures* and *Offences* being (as they are) the subject Matter of their Jurisdiction, they cannot receive or hear Informations for the single Duties only: But when Informations are to be laid for not paying such Duties, such Informations must be laid so, as to bring the Cause within the Jurisdiction of the Justices, and consequently must be laid for the *Forfeiture* in such Case, viz. For double the Value of the Duties; there being no other Method directed by the said Acts, for the recovering before Justices of the Peace such Duties so in Arrear.

And as these Informations must be for double the Value of the Duties, so in Cases where the Facts mentioned in such Informations, are either confessed by the Defendants, or fully proved, the Judgments must also be for double the Value of

of the said Duties so proved to be in Arrear; and if the Judgments in such Cases, should be otherwise, they will not be Legal Judgments, because not conformable to the Directions of the said Acts; and the Warrants in such Cases must likewise be for the double Duty, because if they should be otherwise, they would not be Legal Warrants, as not being pursuant to such Judgments.

Nor can the Justices of the Peace regularly mitigate the Forfeitures of double Duty: For the Clause whereby they are impowered to mitigate Penalties and Forfeitures (as has already been observed) is not General and Unlimited, but is Restrained by the Words in that Clause, *viz.* So as by such Mitigation, the same, *viz.* the Forfeiture be not made less than Double the Value of the Duty of Excise, which should or ought to have been paid. The Forfeiture therefore in this Case, being no more than barely the double Duty, it cannot be mitigated by Virtue of the before-mentioned Clause; and there being no other Clause whereby the Justices are impowered to mitigate, they must not in such Case, either in the Body of their Judgment or Warrant, express or mention any such Mitigation, lest thereby the Proceedings be made Erroneous. But as Executions out of the Courts of *Westminster* on Judgments upon Bonds, are always made for the whole Penalties of such Bonds, because such Executions must pursue the Judgments, as the Foundations on which they issue, and by which they are justified and warranted; so must these Warrants also be for the whole double Duty: But it being usual to indorse upon such Executions out of the Courts of *Westminster*, the particular Sum which the

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Sheriff is to levy thereupon, viz. the Debt, Interest, and Charges; so the Justices, by Indorsements on these Warrants, may direct and appoint what particular Sum shall be levied and taken for the Charges in each particular Case, and may direct the Person or Persons, who is or are to execute such Warrants, not to take more than such Sum and the single Duties: And though the Justices should omit or forget to give such Directions, yet such Warrants, though made for the whole double Duty, must be so executed, and not otherwise; because by the Instructions prepared and printed by Order of the Commissioners, for the Collectors, it is expressly directed, That these Warrants be always executed with as much Civility and Ease to the Persons concerned, as may be, taking only the single Duty and reasonable Charges, which the Collectors are to endeavour to get the Justices to settle and apporportion. And the Collectors are thereby farther ordered, not to insist upon double Duty, or on the Penalties for Non-Entry in any Case, except for particular Reasons, of which they are first to give the Commissioners an Account, and are to receive their Direction or Approbation therein, before they venture to exceed the before-mentioned general Order and Direction; as may be seen in the Collector's Instructions, Fol. 20.

So that though it may seem harsh in many of these Cases, to give Judgments and to grant Warrants for double the Value of the Duties in Arrear, yet when it is understood, that these Judgments and Warrants cannot legally be otherwise, the Justices of the Peace will not scruple the giving such Judgments, and granting such Warrants; since if the Collectors, or other Officers, should  
act



ad contrary to the before-mentioned standing Orders and Instructions, such their doing would, upon Complaint thereof to the Commissioners, be soon redressed, and the Offenders in such Case would soon meet with a suitable Punishment.

Hereafter follow Forms of Informations in each of the respective Cases before-mentioned, *viz.* For not making True Entries of Liquors or Manufactures made, and also other Entries of other Informations, for not paying the Duties due on the making of such Liquors or Manufactures. Between the one and the other, there is this Difference; In the Informations for not making such Entries, it is mentioned, that the Defendant made such Liquors or other Manufactures, without expressing therein either the particular Quantity, or the Quality or Qualities of such Liquors or Manufactures, the same not being necessary to be mentioned in these Informations; because, let the Quantity of the Liquors or Manufactures be more or less, or the Quality thereof be either of one sort or another, yet still the Maker ought to make a true Entry thereof; as, if one Common Brewer should brew but once, and another two or three times in a Week; or if one Victualler should brew but once, and another Ten times in a Month; or if one should brew only Small Beer, and the other should brew Ale, Strong Beer, and Small Beer; and if they should respectively neglect to make their Entries of what they respectively brewed, yet the respective Forfeitures in each of the said respective Cases, are the same; (that is) the Common Brewer who neglects to make an Entry of such one only Guile, forfeits the same Sum of Money, as the other

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Common-Brewer who neglects to make an Entry of his several Guiles; and the Victualler who neglects to make an Entry of his one Guile, forfeits in like manner the same Sum of Money, as the other Victualler who neglects to make his Entry of his several Guiles; for the Forfeitures in the Cases of Non-Entries, are not in proportion to the Quantity or Quality of what is so neglected to be entered, but according to the Number of such Weekly or Monthly Neglects of such Entries.

Therefore, in Informations for not making such Entries as aforesaid, it is not necessary to mention the particular Quantity or Quality of the Liquors or other Manufactures so neglected to be entered; nor would the mentioning thereof, in such Case, be of any manner of Use: But if such Informations are intended to be laid for more than one Neglect of such weekly or monthly Entry, it will in such Case be necessary in such Information, to mention the Number of such Weeks or Months, &c. wherein such Neglects were made; because the Forfeitures will be more or less, according to the Number of Weeks or Months in which such Neglects have been made.

But the Duties in these Cases, being more or less, in proportion to the Quantity or Quantities, and higher or lower, according to the Quality or Qualities of the Liquors or other Manufactures made, and not paid for; and the Forfeitures or Sums of Money forfeited by not duly paying those Duties, being double the Value of the said Duties, the said Forfeitures must of Consequence, be greater or less in proportion to the Quantities, and according to the Qualities of such Liquors

or

or other Manufactures so made, and not paid for; (that is) as the Duties of Ten Barrels of Strong-Beer, is double as much as the Duties of Five Barrels of such Strong-Beer; so the Forfeiture for not paying the Duties for such Ten, is double as much as the Forfeiture for not paying the Duties for such Five Barrels; and as the Duties of any Number of Gallons of Low-Wines from Foreign Materials, is four times as much as the Duties of the like Number of Gallons of Low-Wines from Malt; so the Forfeiture for not paying the Duties in one Case, is four times as much as in the other; and as the Duties upon printing or painting any Quantity of Silks, (not being Silk-Handkerchiefs) is double as much as the Duty on printing or painting the like Quantity of Callicoes; and as the Duty upon printing or painting any Quantity of Callicoes, is double as much as upon printing or painting the like Quantity of Linnens or Stuffs; the respective Forfeitures, in each of the said respective Cases, for not paying the Duties thereby accruing, are in the like Proportions.

And in all other such Cases, where the Rates and Duties are different, according to the different Qualities or Natures of the Liquors or Manufactures, there also the Qualities or Natures of such Liquors or Manufactures, ought to be mentioned in Informations for the double Value of such Duties; to the intent, that the Money to be recovered upon such Informations, may thereby be the better computed or ascertained.

And in all these Cases, it will be best to mention the true Quantities and Qualities of the Liquors or other Manufactures for which the Duties are unpaid: But if the true Quantities cannot



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be certainly known, when such Information is to be prepared, then be sure to mention rather more than less than the true Quantity; because if an Information be laid for less than the true Quantity, the Judgment cannot be for more than is mentioned in the Information, tho' more should be fully proved; but if the Information should be laid for more than is proved, yet such Information will be good and effectual for so much as is proved; and the Justices, in such Case, ought to give Judgment in proportion to so much as is so proved, and ought to acquit the Defendant of the Residue which is not proved.

Or if in such Information it should be alledged, that the Defendant brewed so many Barrels of Strong-Beer, so many Barrels of Ale, and so many Barrels of Small-Beer; and if upon the Hearing, Proof should be made of brewing only Strong and Small-Beer, and no Proof should be made of brewing any Ale; or if Proof should be made of the brewing only of Ale and Small-Beer, and there should not be any Proof of the brewing any Strong-Beer; or if the Quantities proved, should be less than the Quantities mentioned in the Information; yet, in either of the said Cases, the Information would be maintained by such Proof; and the Judgment ought, in such Case, to be for the Informer, as to so much as should happen to be so proved; and for the Defendant, as to so much as should happen not to be so proved: For an Information laid for more than is proved, is a good Information, as to so much as is proved.

## CHAP. II.

*An Information for Arrears against a Common Brewer, viz. For the Double Duty of Strong Beer and Ale, and of Small Beer.*

**B**E it Remembered, That this Twentieth Day of April in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen ANNE that now is, at the City of Norwich, in the County of the said City, *John Peele*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibeth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of Norwich and County of the said City, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That at several Times between the last Day of January, and the Fifteenth Day of March, both now last past, at the City of Norwich aforesaid, in the County aforesaid; one *John Browne*, at a Common Brew house then and there belonging to, and used by him, did brew several and respective Quantities of Beer and Ale; that is to say, Thirty Barrels of Strong Beer and of Strong Ale, each above Six Shillings the Barrel, and Sixty Barrels of Small Beer, not exceeding Six Shillings the Barrel; and that the said *John Browne*, at and during the respective Time and Times of brewing the

*The Recording the Time and Place of laying the Information.*

*The Information.*

*The Officer.*

*The Return  
the Time and  
Place of the  
ing the Infor-  
mation.*

*The Forfeiture.*

*The Sum  
of the Money*

said Beer and Ale, and of every part thereof, having been, and yet being there a Common-Brewer, there did accrue and become due to Her said Majesty from the said *John Browne*, for the said Beer and Ale so by him brewed as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, amounting in the whole to Ten Pounds and Five Shillings, of lawful *English* Money; which said Rates, Duties and Sums of Money so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *John Browne* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of Her said Majesty, within a Week next after he, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made, his Entry or Entries of the said Beer and Ale so by him there brewed as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; Whereby he hath forfeited double the Value of the said Rates, Duties and Sums of Money remaining unpaid, as aforesaid; that is to say, Twenty Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money. And thereupon the said *John Peele*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *John Browne* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*Sum*



*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. John Browne, Common-Brewer.*

City of Norwich, ss. **WE** *AB and CD, Esqrs;*

Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of *Norwich*, and Countrey of the said City, do hereby give you Notice, That *John Peale*, Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Twenty Pounds and Ten Shillings, being double the Value of certain Duties of Excise of Beer and Ale by you brewed, the single Duties whereof, you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of *Thomas Wilson*, being the Sign of the *Castle*, an Inn and Publick House in the said City of *Norwich*, on the First Day of *May* now next ensuing, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day, then and there to answer the said Information, and to make Defence thereto. But if you neglect so to do, we shall proceed as if you was personally present.

And we do farther authorize and require Mr. *Robert Saunders*, Officer of Excise, or any other Officer of Excise, to serve this our Summons, and to attend us at the Time and Place before mentioned, then and there to make a Return thereof to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands at the said City of *Norwich* this Twentieth Day of April, Anno Dom. 1712.

*At*

*An Information against a Victualler, for Ar-  
rears, viz. for the Double Duty of Strong  
Beer and Small Beer, by him brewed and not  
paid for,*

*The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

**BE** it Remembred, That this  
One and Thirtieth Day  
of March, in the First Year of the Reign of our  
Sovereign Lord King **GEORGE**, that now is  
at Wars, in the said County of **Hertford**, **John**  
**Went**, Gentleman, in his proper Person, as well for  
his said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us  
**A. B.** and **C. D.** Esqrs. Two of his said Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of  
**Hertford**, residing near to the Place where the For-  
feiture herein after mentioned was made, a Com-  
plainer and Information, and thereby informeth  
us, That at several Times betwixt the Second  
Day of January, and the Eight and Twentieth  
Day of February, both now last past, at **Wata**  
aforesaid, one **Ralph Field** at a Brew-House and  
Place of Brewing then and there belonging to,  
and used by him, did brew several and respec-  
tive Quantities of Beer and Ale, that is to say,  
Twenty Barrels of Strong Beer and of Strong Ale,  
each above Six Shillings the Barrel, and Fifteen  
Barrels of Small Beer not above Six Shillings the  
Barrel, and that the said **Ralph Field**, at, and du-  
ring the respective Time and Times of Brewing the  
said Beer and Ale, and of every Part thereof,  
having been, and yet being there a Victualler and  
a Tapper out and Seller of Beer and Ale, there  
did accrue and become due to his said Majesty  
from the said **Ralph Field**, for the said Beer and  
Ale

Ale so by him there brewed, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money amounting in the whole to Six Pounds of lawful English Money; which said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Ralph Field* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of his said Majesty within a Month next, after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Beer and Ale so by him there brewed, as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeited double the Value of the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Twelve Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *John Wood*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Ralph Field* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

*The Form of a Summons for a Victualler, is the same as for a Common-Brewer, only instead of, Common-Brewer, use the Word, Victualler.*

*One Hundred and Twenty Gallons of Low-Wines (as) and during the respective Time and Times of the Distilling and Making thereof, and of every Part thereof) having been, and yet being there a common Distiller and Maker of Low-Wines, Spices, and*



*Informations and Proceedings for*

*An Information against a common Distiller for  
Arrears, viz. for the double Duty.*

*The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

**BE it Remembered**, That on the  
sixth Day of *April*, in the first  
Year of the Reign of our Sovereign  
Lord King **GEORGE**, that  
now is, at *Beverley* in the East-Riding of the  
County of *York*, *James Carter*, Gent. in his pro-  
per Person, as well for his said Majesty, as for  
himself, exhibireth to us *A. B. and C. D. Esqrs.*  
two of his said Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
for the said East-Riding of the County afore-  
said, residing near to the Place where the For-  
feiture herein after mentioned was made, a  
Complaint and Information, and thereby in-  
formeth us, That at several Days and Times  
between the Third Day of *January* and the  
First Day of *March*, both now last past, at *Bever-  
ley* aforesaid, one *Henry Mason* at a Distilling-  
House then and there belonging to, and used by  
him; did make and distill several and respective  
Quantities of Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-  
Waters for Sale and Exportation, that is to say,  
One Hundred and Twenty Gallons of such  
Low-Wines from Foreign Materials, and from  
a Mixture therewith; and Eighty Gallons of  
such Strong Waters or Spirits of the Second Ex-  
traction from the Low-Wines aforesaid; and  
that the said *Henry Mason* (at, and during the  
respective Time and Times of the Distilling and  
Making thereof, and of every Part thereof,)  
having been, and yet being there a common  
Distiller and Maker of Low-Wines, Spirits, and  
Strong-

Strong-Waters for Sale and Exportation, there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty, from the said *Henry Mason*, for the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong Waters so by him made, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Four Pounds of lawful English Money, which said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Henry Mason* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of his said Majesty within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong Waters so by him made, as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Eight Pounds of like Money: And thereupon the said *James Carter*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Henry Mason* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Offence*

*The Forfeiture*

*If*





# Arrears of Duties of Excise.

3E

Note,

The Office

of the Spirits or Strong Waters are made of Imported Cyder or Wine, they being foreign Materials, the Duties thereof are Six Pence per Gallon: And therefore in such Case it must in the Information be mentioned, that the Low-Wines were made from foreign Materials, or from Imported Cyder, or from imported Wine, as the Case shall happen to be; and that the Strong Waters and Spirits were made from foreign Materials, or from imported Cyder, or imported Wine, as the Case shall happen to be.

But Note, That Cyder actually made in any of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, of Reins which grow there, is not to be deemed foreign Cyder; but Oath ought to be made that such Cyder is of the Growth of one of the said Islands.

Information against a Retailer of Cyder for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty thereof.

BE it Remembered, Etc. (as in the foregoing Information against a common Distiller,) That one

The Informa-  
tion.

Thomas Arnold of Gisburgh, in the North-Riding aforesaid, at, and during the respective Times of Selling by Retail the Cyder herein after mentioned, having been, and yet being a Retailer of Cyder: He, the said Thomas Arnold, at divers Times between the Five and Twentieth Day of December, and the First Day of March, both now last past, at Gisburgh aforesaid, did sell by Retail several Quantities of Cyder,

# *Informations and Proceedings for*

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

der, that is to say, Seven Hogsheads of Cyder, made in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tyne; and that there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty, from the said *Thomas Arnold*, for the Duties of such Cyder so made, and by him sold by Retail, as aforesaid, several Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Three Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and Eight Pence, of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Thomas Arnold* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of his said Majesty, within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Cyder so by him retailed, as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Four Pence of like Money; and thereupon the said *John Todd*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us, the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Thomas Arnold* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

**A Summons on the foregoing Information  
against a Retailer of Cyder.**

**To Mr. Thomas Arnold, Retailer of Cyder.**

**North-Riding of the County of York.** **WE** A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the North-Riding of the County of York, do hereby

give you Notice, That *John Taddy* Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Four Pence, being double the Value of certain Duties of Excise upon Cyder, by you sold by Retail; the single Duties whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do; you are therefore hereby required, &c. (as in the before-mentioned Summons against a Common Brewer.)

**An Information against a Chandler for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.**

**West-Riding of the County of York.** **BE** it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Common Distiller.) That at divers Days and Times between the second Day of November, and the six and Twentieth Day of January, both now last past, at Leeds in the West-Riding aforesaid; one *Thomas Wilson*, did make one or more Parcel or Parcels of Tallow Candles, chargeable with the Duties laid on such Candles by the Statute in such Case

The Informa-  
tion.

C made,



# *Informations and Proceedings for*

*The Offence.*

*is Forfeiture.*

made, that is to say, One Thousand Pounds Weight of such Tallow Candles; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty, from the said *Thomas Wilson* for the said Candles so by him made, as aforesaid, several Duties and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Four Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Thomas Wilson* hath nor paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of his said Majesty, within Six Weeks next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Candles so by him made, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid; contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Eight Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence of like Money; and thereupon the said *Edward Rawsthorne*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Thomas Wilson* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Sum-*

**A Summons on the foregoing Information**  
**against a Chandler.**

**To Mr. Thomas Wilfon, Chandler.**

**West-Riding of** **WE AB and CD Esqrs. Two**  
**the County of** **of his Majesty's Justices**  
**York.** **of the Peace for the West-Ri-**  
**ding of the County of York, do**  
 hereby give you Notice, That **Edward Raw-**  
**thorne, Gent.** hath exhibited before us an  
 Information against you, for the Sum of Eight  
 Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence, being  
 double the Value of certain Duties upon  
 Candles by you made; the single Duties  
 whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since  
 to have paid, but have neglected so to do:  
 You are, &c. (as in the Summons against a common  
 Brewer.)

**An Information against a Malster for Arrears,**  
**viz. for the Double Duty.**

**Kent. If BE it Remembred,** That this Six and  
 Twentieth Day of February, in the  
 Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign  
 Lord King **GEORGE**, that now is; at **Maid-**  
**stone** in the said County of **Kent**, **Philip Bamford,**  
 Gent. in his proper Person, as well for his said  
 Majesty, as for himself; exhibiteth to us **AB**  
 and **CD, Esqrs. Two** of His said Majesty's Jus-  
 tices of the Peace for the said County of **Kent**,  
 residing near to the Place where the Forfeil-

*The Recording  
 the Time and  
 Place of Lay-  
 ing the Infor-  
 mation.*

*The Informa-  
tion,*

*The Offence,*

*The Forfeiture,*

ture herein after mentioned was made, a Com-  
plaint and Information; and thereby informeth  
us, That at divers Days and Times between  
the Second Day of September, and the Nine and  
Twentieth Day of October, both now last past,  
at Maidstone aforesaid; one Thomas Atwood, did  
make one or more Parcel or Parcels of Malt,  
chargeable with the Duties laid on such Malt by  
the Statute in such Case made, that is to say, in  
the whole Two Thousand Bushels of Malt; and  
that there did accrue and become due to His  
said Majesty from the said Thomas Atwood  
for the said Malt so by him made, as afore-  
said, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Mo-  
ney, in the whole, amounting to the Sum of  
Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money; which  
said Duties so accrued, or any Part thereof, the  
said Thomas Atwood hath not paid or cleared off,  
to, or for the Use of His said Majesty, within  
Four Months next after he (according to the  
Form of the Statute in such Case made and pro-  
vided) did make or ought to have made his En-  
try or Entries of the said Malt so by him made,  
or of any Part thereof, at any Time since;  
but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid,  
contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such  
Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeit-  
ed, and ought to pay double the Value of the said  
Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that  
is to say, One Hundred Pounds of like Money;  
and thereupon the said Philip Bamford, who as  
well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the  
said Justices in the Premises, and that he may  
have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture accor-  
ding to the Form of the Statute in such Case  
made; and that the said Thomas Atwood may be

Summoned



Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Malster.*

*To Mr. Thomas Atwood, Malster.*

**WE** *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent, do hereby give you Notice, That *Philip Banford*, Gent. as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, being double the Value of the Duty upon Malt by you made; the single Duty whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected to do so. You are, &c. (as in the Summons against a Common Brewer.)

*An Information against a Sape-maker for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Sape.*

*Division of Lincolnshire, called Keston*

**BE** it Remembered, That on the Two and twentieth Day of December, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *GEORGE* that now is in *England*, in the Division of the County of *Lincoln* called *Keston* Division, *George Spang*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D* Esqrs.

*The Recording the Time and Place of laying the Information,*

# *Informations and Proceedings for*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division aforesaid residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That at divers Days and Times between the Two and twentieth Day of September, and the Fourth Day of November, both now last past, at *Sleford* aforesaid, one *James Collier* did make one or more Parcel or Parcels of Sope, that is to say, Two thousand Pounds Weight of Sope; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty from the said *James Collier* for the said Sope so by him made as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings of lawful *English* Money; which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *James Collier* hath not paid or cleared off, to or for the Use of His said Majesty, within Six Weeks next after he, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Sope so by him made, or of any part thereof, or at any time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; Whereby he hath forfeited and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is to say, Five and twenty Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *George Spong*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that

that the said *James Collier* may be summoned to answer the said Promises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Sope-maker.*

*To Mr. James Collier, Sope-maker.*

*Division of Lincoln-shire, called Kesteven-Division.* **WE** *A B and C D, Esqs.* Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division of *Lincoln-shire* called *Kesteven-Division*, do hereby give you Notice, That *George Spang, Gent.* as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of Five and twenty Pounds; being double the Value of the Duties upon Sope by you made; the single Duty whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do; you are, &c. (as in the Summons against a Common-Brewer.)

*An Information against a Paper-maker for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Paper.*

*Division of Lincoln-shire, called Holland-Division.* **BE** it Remembred, That on the Seven and twentieth Day of January, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *GEORGE* that now is, at *Spalding* in the Division of the County of *Lincoln* called *Holland-Division*, *George Strong, Gent.* in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,

*The Recrding  
the Time and  
Place of laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*



## Informations and Proceedings for

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division aforesaid, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That at divers Days and Times between the Eighth and twentieth Day of *October*, and the Tenth Day of *December*, both now last past, at *Spalding* aforesaid, one *James Philips* did make several Parcels of Paper of several sorts and kinds, that is to say, Fifty Reams of Paper usually called or known by the Name of Demy Fine, Thirty Reams of Paper usually called or known by the Name of Crown Fine, and Twenty Bundles of Paper usually called or known by the Name of Whited Brown; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty from the said *James Philips* for the Duties of the said Paper so by him made as aforesaid, several Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Five Pounds and Fifteen Shillings of lawful *English* Money; which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *James Philips* hath not paid or cleared off, to or for the Use of His said Majesty, within Six Weeks next after he, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made his Entry of the said Paper so by him made, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made: Whereby he hath forfeited and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is to say, Eleven Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money. And thereupon

## *Arraers of Duties of Excise*

the said *George Strong*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *James Philips* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Paper-maker.*

*To Mr. James Philips, Paper-maker.*

*Division of Lincolnshire, called Holland-Division.*

**WE** *AB* and *CD*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division of *Lincolnshire* called *Holland-Division*,

do hereby give you Notice, That *George Strong*, Gent. as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of Eleven Pounds and Ten Shillings, being double the Value of the Duties upon Paper by you made; the single Duties whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do; you are, &c. (as in the Summons against a Common-Brewer.)

And you are hereby summoned to appear before us the said Justices, or any one of them, at the Court of the said Division, to be holden at the Town of *Lincoln*, on the *21<sup>st</sup>* of the next Month of *March*, to answer the said Information, and to make Defence thereto, according to the Form of the Statute in that behalf made, provided, did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries at the said

# *Informations and Proceedings for*

*An Information against a Starch-maker for  
Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.*

*The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*

*Division of Lincoln-  
shire, called Lind-  
sey Division.*

**B**E it Remembred, That on  
the Seventeenth Day  
of December, in the Second  
Year of the Reign of our

Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at  
Grimsby, in the Division of the County of Lin-  
coln called Lindsey Division, Richard George, Gent.  
in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,  
as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs,  
Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for  
the Division aforesaid, residing near to the Place  
where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was  
made, a Complaint and Information; and there-  
by informeth us, That at divers Days and Times  
between the Ninth Day of August, and the Fourth  
Day of November, both now last past, at Grimsby  
aforesaid, one Stephen King did make one or more  
Parcel or Parcels of Starch, that is to say, in the  
whole, Four thousand Pounds Weight of Starch,  
and that there did accrue and become due to His  
said Majesty from the said Stephen King, for the  
said Starch so by him made as aforesaid, certain  
Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, in the whole  
amounting to the Sum of Twenty five Pounds of  
lawful English Money; which said Duties so  
accrued, or any part thereof, the said Stephen  
King hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the  
Use of His said Majesty, within Six Weeks next  
after he, according to the Form of the Statute in  
such Case made and provided, did make, or ought  
to have made his Entry or Entries of the said  
Starch

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*The Offence.*



*Arrears of Duties of Excise.*

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Starch by him made as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited and ought *The Forfeiture.* to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is to say, Fifty Pounds of like Money: And thereupon the said *Richard George*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Stephen King* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Starch-maker.*

*To Mr. Stephen King, Starch-maker.*

*Division of Lincoln-shire, called Lindsey Division.*

**WE** *A B and C D, Esqrs.* Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division of *Lincoln-shire* called *Lindsey* Division, do hereby give you Notice, That *Richard George*, Gent. as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Fifty Pounds; being double the Value of the Duties of Starch by you made; the single Duties whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do; you are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a Common-Brewer.)

*An*

# *Informations and Proceedings for*

*An Information against a Callicot-Printer for  
Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Calli-  
cots and Linnens.*

*The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*The Offence.*

**B**E it Remembered, That this Twen-  
tieth Day of February, in the Se-  
cond Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord  
King **G**ROVE that now is, at Brentford in the  
County of Middlesex, **P**eter Asty, Gent. in  
his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,  
as for himself, exhibiteth to us **A**B and **C**D, Esqrs.  
Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
for the said County, residing near to the Place  
where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was  
made, a Complaint and Information; and there-  
by informeth us, That at divers Days and Times  
between the Ninth Day of October, and the Se-  
cond Day of January, both now last past, at  
Brentford in the said County of Middlesex, one  
**Thomas Allen** did print, paint, stain and dye sever-  
al Yards square of Callicots and Linnens, that  
is to say, Two thousand Yards square of Calli-  
cots and Fifteen hundred Yards square of Lin-  
nen; and that there did accrue and become due  
to his said Majesty from the said **Thomas Allen**,  
for the said Callicots and Linnens so by him prin-  
ted, painted, stained and dyed as aforesaid, cer-  
tain Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, in the  
whole amounting to the Sum of Sixty eight Pounds  
and Fifteen Shillings of lawful English Money;  
which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof,  
the said **Thomas Allen** hath not paid or cleared off,  
to or for the Use of His said Majesty within Six  
Weeks next after he, according to the Form of  
the

*Verdict of Justice of Peace*

the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Callicoes and Linnens, so by him printed, painted, stained and dyed as aforesaid; or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is to say, One Hundred and thirty seven Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money; and thereupon the said *Pensionary*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Thomas Allen* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Forfeiture*

Note, Though in the foregoing Information it is mentioned, that the Callicoes and Linnens were printed, painted, stained and dyed, yet such mentioning thereof in that manner, does not make it necessary to prove, that all those Operations were performed, viz. That the said Callicoes and Linnens were not only printed, but that they were also painted, stained and dyed: for the Act of Parliament having laid the Duty upon any one of those Operations, the Duty accrues and becomes due, vested in the Crown on the performing of any of them; and perhaps some of the said Callicoes and Linnens were only printed, others only dyed, and others perhaps both printed and painted, or both dyed and painted; and therefore it will be best



## Informations and Proceedings for

best in these Cases to mention all the several Operations; and if Proof be made of any one of the said Operations, such Proof will be sufficient to maintain the Information.

The Duties upon printing, &c. Silks for Handkerchiefs, being different from the Duties on printing other Silks, it will be proper in Informations for the Duties on printing, &c. Silks, to distinguish whether they are Silks for Handkerchiefs, or other Silks, thus: viz.

If they be Silks for Handkerchiefs, then thus, viz. Did print, paint, stain and dye One Hundred Yards square of Silks, being Silk Handkerchiefs.

If other Silks, then thus, viz. Did print, paint, stain and dye One Hundred Yards square of Silks, not being Silk Handkerchiefs.

A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Printer of Callicoes and Linnens.

To Mr. Thomas Allen, Printer of Callicoes, &c.

Middlesex, &c. **WE** AB and CD, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, do hereby give you Notice, That Peneston Asty, Gent. as well for his said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred and thirty seven Pounds and Ten Shillings, being double the Value of the Duties of Callicoes and Linnens by you printed, painted, stained and dyed: the single

*An Information against a Maker of Vinegar,  
for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.*

**B**E it Remembered, That this Ninth Day of March, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is; at Bromley, in the County of Kent, Philip Bamford Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein, after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That at divers Days and Times between the Seventeenth Day of January, and the Fifteenth Day of February, both now last past, at Bromley in the said County of Kent, one Jasper Smith, did make several Quantities of Vinegar for Sale, that is to say, six Barrels of Vinegar for Sale; and that (at, and during the respective Time and Times of Making the said Vinegar, and of every part thereof,) he was, and ever is a Maker of Vinegar for Sale; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty, from the said Jasper Smith, for the said Vinegar so by him made, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Two Pounds, Twelve Shillings, and Six Pence

**The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of laying  
out Information  
tion.**

## The Information.

*The Offense.*

# *Information and Proceedings for*

of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *Jasper Smith* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of His said Majesty within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Vinegar so by him made, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Five Pounds and Five Shillings of like Money; and thereupon the said *Philip Bamford*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Jasper Smith* may be summoned to answer the said Promise, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons in the foregoing Information against a Vinegar Maker.*

*To Mr. Jasper Smith, Maker of Vinegar.*

**WE** *R. B.* and *C. D.* Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Kent*, do hereby give you Notice, That *Philip Bamford*, Gent. as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited



bited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Five Pounds and Five Shillings, being double the Value of the Duties of Vinegar by you made for Sale, the single Duties whereof, you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do: You are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a common Brewer.)

*An Information and Summons against a Maker of Sweets, for the double Duty of Sweets, may be in the like Form as before against a Vinegar-Maker, inserting the Word Sweets instead of Vinegar.*

*An Information against a Mead-Maker for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Mead.*

Essex, ss. **B**E it Remembred, That on the second Day of April, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is; at Chelmsford in the County of Essex, William Milton, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for his said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein after-mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one James Harris of Chelmsford in the said County of Essex, at, and during the respective Time and Times of the Making the Mead herein after-mentioned, having been, and yet being a Maker of Mead; he, the said James Harris at divers Days and Times between the first

*The Recording the Time and Place of laying the Information.*

D Day

# *Informations and Proceedings for*

Day of *January*, and the Seven and Twentieth Day of *February*, both now last past, at *Chelmsford* aforesaid, did sell several Quantities of Mead; that is to say, One Hundred Gallons of Mead, which had been there made by him the said *James Harris*; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty, from the said *James Harris*, for the said Mead so by him made and sold, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Four Pounds, Eleven Shillings, and Eight Pence, of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *James Harris* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of His said Majesty, within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Mead so by him made and sold, as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Nine Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence of like Money; and thereupon the said *William Milton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *James Harris* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

A Sum-

A Summons on the foregoing Information  
against a Mead-maker.

To Mr. James Harris, a Maker of Mead.

Essex, ss. **WE** A. B. and C. D. Esqrs. Two  
of his Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the County of Essex, do hereby give  
you Notice, That *William Milton*, Gent. as well  
for his said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibit-  
ed before us an Information against you, for the  
Sum of Nine Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four  
Pence, being double the Value of the Duties of  
Mead by you made and sold; the single Duties  
whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since  
to have paid, but have neglected so to do: You  
are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a  
common Brewer.)

An Information against a First Buyer of Cy-  
der, for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.

Sussex, ss. **BE** it Remembred, That on the First Day  
of February, in the Second Year of  
the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *George*,  
that now is, at *Horsham* in the County of *Sussex*,  
*William Rutherford*, Gent. in his proper Person,  
as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, ex-  
hibited to us A. B. and C. D. Esqrs. Two of His  
said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said  
County, residing near to the Place where the  
Forfeiture herein after mentioned was made, a  
Complaint and Information; and thereby in-

The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.



*The Informa-  
tion.*

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

formeth us, That between the Second Day of November, and the Nine and Twentieth Day of December, both now last past, at *Horsham* in the said County of *Sussex*, one *Richard Andrews* was the first Buyer of Six Hogsheads of Cyder, made in *Great-Britain* for Sale ; and that there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty, from the said *Richard Andrews* for the said Cyder so by him bought as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of One Pound and four Shillings of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *Richard Andrews* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of His said Majesty within one Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided) did make or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Cyder so by him bought, as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided ; whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Two Pounds and Eight Shillings of like Money ; and thereupon the said *William Rusherford*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made ; and that the said *Richard Andrews* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

A Sum-

A Summons on the foregoing Information  
against a first Buyer of Cyder.

To Mr. Richard Andrews, first Buyer of Cyder.

*Sussex, J.* **WE** A B and C D, Esqrs; Two of  
His Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the County of *Sussex*, do hereby give  
you Notice, That *William Rutherford*, Gent. as  
well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath  
exhibited before us an Information against you  
as first Buyer of Cyder, for the Sum of Two  
Pounds and Eight Shillings, being double the  
Value of the Duty of Cyder arising upon such  
first buying thereof; the single Duty whereof,  
you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have  
paid, but have neglected so to do: You are  
therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a com-  
mon Brewer.)

D 3 CHAP.

## C H A P. III.

## Informations for not making True Entries.

An Information against a Maltster for not making a True Entry of Malt made in Two Months.

The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.

The Informa-  
tion.

**B**E it Remembered, That this second Day of January, in the first Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at Chippenham in the said County of Wilts, Edward Wiltshington, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise hath for several Years now last past, been, and yet is publickly and constantly kept at and in Chippenham aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, and duly attending at the said Office, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that at several Times within a Month to be computed from the last Day of October, now last past, and at several Times within another Month, to be computed from the last Day of November, now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Bowden in the said County



County of *Wilts*, one *Christopher Harris* did make Malt, and at and during the Time and Times of the Making thereof, and of every part thereof; he, the said *Christopher Harris*, was and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and did not compound for the Duties of the said Malt; and as such Maltster and Maker of Malt at the Office of Excise before-mentioned; (being the next Office of Excise to the Place where he so made the said Malt, as aforesaid) He, the said *Christopher Harris* in each of the said Months ought to have made a true Entry of all the Malt by him there so made in that Month respectively, according to the Form of the Statute in that Case made and provided; but that the said *Christopher Harris* hath not at the said Office (being the next Office of Excise) or at any other Office of Excise, made such true Entry or Entries thereof, but such true Entry or Entries so to make, hath voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he within the Time aforesaid, having omitted and neglected as aforesaid, to make Two Monthly Entries of the Malt by him so made, as aforesaid; he, for every and each of the said Omissions and Neglects as aforesaid, hath forfeited Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, that is to say, in the whole Twenty Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Edward Wimbington*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us, the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Christopher Harris* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

*Informations for not making True Entries.*

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Christopher Harris, Malster.*

County of Wilts, *ss.* **WE** *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Wilts*, do hereby give you Notice, That *Edward Wubington*, Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by you forfeited, by reason of your not making at the next Excise-Office, true Entries of Malt by you made in Two several Months, *viz.* one computed from the last Day of *October*, and the other from the last Day of *November*, now last past: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (*as before in other Summons.*)

*An Information against a Paper-Maker for not making a true Entry of Paper by him made in Six Weeks.*

The Recording County of Hertford, *ss.* **BE** it Remembred, That this Fifteenth Day of *March* in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *GEORGE*, that now is; at *Hatfield* in the said County of *Hertford*, *Richard Backwell*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture

*The Time and Place of laying the Information.*

## Informations for not making True Entries.

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seizure herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information ; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise and for the Duties on Paper hath for several Years now last past been and yet is publickly and constantly kept at and in *Hatfield* aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, and duly attending at the said Office according to the Direction of the said Statute ; and that at several Times in six Weeks to be computed from the fifteenth Day of *January* now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Hatfield* aforesaid, one *William Shepheard* did make one or more sort or sorts, kind or kinds of Paper, which within the Time aforesaid was and were made fit for use ; and at the Office before-mentioned being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties on Paper next to the Place where the said Paper was made ; he, the said *William Shepheard* (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made) ought in the said six Weeks to have made a true Entry in Writing of all the Paper by him so made fit for Use within the said six Weeks, and that such Entry ought to have contained the just Kinds and Quantities of the said Paper so by him made fit for Use as aforesaid ; but that the said *William Shepheard* hath not at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise and for the said Duties, or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties on Paper made such true Entry thereof, but such true Entry so to make, hath voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted, contrary to the Form of the said Statute, whereby he hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of law-ful

The Informa-  
tion.

The Office.

The Forfeiture.



# *Information for not making True Entries.*

ful English Money: And thereupon the said *Richard Backwell*, who as well &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *William Shephard* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices,

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. William Shephard, Paper-Maker.*

*County of Hertford, WE AB and CD, Esqs; two*  
of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hertford, do hereby give you Notice, That *Richard Backwell*, Gent. hath exhibited before us, an Information against you for the Sum of Fifty Pounds by you forfeited, by Reason of your not making at the next Excise-Office, a true Entry of the several sorts or kinds of Paper by you made fit for Use in six Weeks, to be computed from the fifteenth Day of *January*, now last past: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as before in other Summons.)

*Informations for not making True Entries.*

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*An Information against a Maker of Candles,  
for not making a True Entry of Candles.*

County of D. *Sh.* **B**E it Remembered, &c. (as in  
the foregoing Information a-  
gainst a Paper-Maker.) And that at several Times The Informa-  
in six Weeks, to be computed from the last Day tion.  
of April, now last past, within the Limits of the  
said Office, that is to say, at B. in the said  
County of D. one *W D* did make Tallow-Can-  
dles of several Sizes, and at the Office before-  
mentioned being the Office of Excise next to  
the Place where the said Candles were made, he  
the said *W D* (according to the Form of the Sta-  
ture in such Case made) ought to have made a  
true Entry in Writing of all the said Candles so by  
him made, as aforesaid, and that such Entry  
ought to have contained the Weight, Number,  
and Size of the Candles therein mentioned re-  
spectively, and what Quantity thereof was made  
at each Course in the several Weeks to which  
such Entry should have related; but that the *The Offence.*  
said *W D* hath not made such true Entry at the  
Office before-mentioned, or at any other Office  
of Excise, but hath wholly neglected to make  
such true Entry, contrary to the Form of the  
Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty  
Pounds, &c. (as before in other Informations for not  
making true Entries.)

*According to the Forms of the Informations next be-  
fore, other like Informations may be drawn against  
other Manufacturers for not making true Entries  
according to the respective Clauses in the several  
Acts*

## Informations for not making True Entries.

Acts of Parliament, requiring such Entries to be made, (that is) by the Excise Acts Common-Brewers are to make their Entries once in every Week; Inn-Keeper, Victuallers, and Retailers of Cyder, Perry, Metheglin, and Mead, making and retailing the same, are to make their Entries once in every Month; Distillers, Vinegar-Makers, Maltsters, and Refiners, and Drawers of Wine, are to make their Entries once in every Month.

Makers of Candles, Sope, Paper, and Starch, and Printers and Painters of Paper for Hangings, and Printers and Painters of Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, (out of the Weekly Bills of Mortality) are to make their respective Entries once in every six Weeks: When therefore there is Occasion to lay Informations against any of these, such Informations must respectively be laid for not making such Entries every Week, Month, or six Weeks, according to the said different Manufactures, on Account whereof such Information shall be so laid.

CHAP.



# CHAP. IV.

*Of the Clauses requiring Notice to be given of Places and Utensils for making and working Manufactures charged with Duties.*

**T**HAT the Officers may know to what Places to resort for the taking Accounts of all Manufactures chargeable with the Duties of Excise, &c. and that the doing thereof may be practicable and easie, and that Persons liable to these Duties may not escape and avoid being duly charged therewith by means of their making such Liquors or Manufactures privately; the severall and respective Acts of Parliament relating to these Duties do require, That such Persons as are Chargeable with the said Duties (before they begin to make or work such Manufactures) do give Notice at the next Office of Excise, or Office for the said respective Duties, of their Names and Places of Abode, and of all the Work-Houses, Ware-Houses, Store-Houses, Rooms, and Places by them intended to be used, either for the laying and keeping the Materials to be used for the making, working, or finishing such Manufactures, or for the laying and keeping thereof when made, and also of all Utensils and Vessels by them intended to be used in the preparing, working, or making such Manufactures; and as such Persons shall or do from Time to Time remove from one Place to another, or change their Work-Houses, Ware-Houses, Store-Houses, or other Rooms or Places used for the Purposes

## *Of Informations for not giving Notice.*

poses before-mentioned, or shall alter or enlarge such their Utensils or Vessels, or shall make use of any other or others than such as they have given such Notice of, they before they so do, are by the said several and respective Acts of Parliament required to give the like Notice, but if they omit or neglect the giving such Notice, they then incur and subject themselves to several and respective Penalties and Forfeitures in the said respective Acts of Parliament, which are different, according to the said different Manufactures on which the said Duties are laid.

And for the Ease and Conveniency of the Persons required to give such Notices, Offices of Excise, and for the said several other Duties are established and appointed in every Market-Town, and there kept and attended by proper Office-Keepers appointed to receive, file, and keep all such Notices; and therefore such Persons as are required to give such Notices should take care to file their Notices at the proper Offices, with the proper Officer there, and not content themselves with giving verbal Notices to the Gaugers and Officers who go from House to House to take Accounts of such Manufactures, because these Officers being frequently removed from Place to Place, Notices to them won't in any manner answer the Design and Intent of the Acts of Parliament in these Cases; but the Notices ought to be at the respective Offices which are fixed and permanent: And tho' sometimes the said Offices are changed and removed from one House to another, yet whenever that happens, all the Notices which have been filed at the Houses and Places where the said Offices have been kept, are transmitted to the Houses and  
Places

## Of Informations for not giving Notice

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Places where the Offices for the Time then to come are to be kept, as for other Penalties. The not giving due Notices having been the Occasion of great Frauds, some having carried on their Trades without giving any Notices at all, and others having given Notices of party only of the Places and Utensils by themselves, and having and using other Places and Utensils privately and without Notice. These Acts of Parliament for the preventing such Frauds, and for punishing them when committed, have laid Penalties not only on the Persons principally concerned in these Frauds, but also upon others who are but collaterally concerned therein. As where a Common Brewer without giving Notice, uses any Tun, Back, or Cooler, being in a House, Out-House, nor other Place in the Occupation of any other Person, or they and keeps a Stock of Beer or Ale in a Store-House, Cellar, or other Place belonging to an House in the Occupation of another Person, nor only such Brewer forfeits Fifty Pounds, but also the Occupier of the House or Place where such Tun, Back, or Cooler is, or in or which such Store-House, Cellar, or other Place doth or did belong, doth likewise forfeit Fifty Pounds for every such Tun, Back, Cooler, or Store-House. And so likewise in Cases where a Tun, or Cask, Wash-Batch, Copper, Still, or other Vessel used by a Common Distiller, without Notice is found or discovered in an House, Out-House, or other Place in the Occupation of any other Person, not only the Distiller, but also the Occupier of such House, Out-House, or Place, is liable to the Penalties in such Case.

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T.

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Besides



## Of Informations for not giving Notice.

Besides these Penalties, there are likewise several other Penalties, as for hiding and concealing Liquors and Manufactures liable to these Duties; but in most Cases where the giving due Notice hath been neglected, the best Way will be to proceed for these Penalties for not giving such Notice, and therefore when any Thing hidden or concealed is discovered, it will be adviseable to examine whether such hiding has been carried on by reason of not giving due Notice, and if it hath, it will be best to lay the Information for not giving such Notice.

*Note,* By the Act of 15. Car. II. the Penalties upon Common-Brewers, Inn-Keepers, and Victuallers for not giving due Notice of their Utensils and Vessels, are to be distributed into three parts, viz. one Third to the Crown, one other Third to the Poor of the Parish where the Offence is committed, and the other Third to the Informer; and therefore in Informations of that kind against Common-Brewers, Inn-Keepers, or Victuallers, it will be proper to mention such Information to be laid as well for His Majesty, and the poor of the Parish, (naming the particular Parish where the Offence happeneth to be,) as for the Informer; but such naming the Poor of the Parish will not be proper in any other Case but only in this particular Case against Brewers and Victuallers upon this particular Clause in this Act of Parliament; for by all the other Acts of Parliament the Forfeitures are to be distributed between the Crown and the Informer, and some other Penalties laid by this very Act are thereby expressly directed to be distributed between the Crown and the Informer without appointing any part to the Poor of the Parish.

The

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**Note.**

The following  
 the time and  
 place of laying  
 the information  
 is:

The Informant  
from  
the Office of  
Enlightenment

**Information and Summons for not giving Notice of a Tink. Rat. Back.**

*City of Bristol*, ff. **B** *is Remembred*, That this Tenth Day of *January*, in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen *ANNE*, that now is, at the said City of *Bristol*, *Morrice Price*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, and for the Poor of the Parish of *St. Stephen* in the said City of *Bristol*, as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B*, Esq; Mayor of the said City of *Bristol*, and *C D*, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the City aforesaid, Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City aforesaid, residing near to the Place where the Offences herein after-mentioned were committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publickly and constantly kept at and in the said City of *Bristol* by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from Time to Time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute;





## *Informations for not giving Notice.*

a-piece of lawful Money of England, that is to say, in all Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds of like lawful Money; and thereupon the said *Morrice Price*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Third Part of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Nicholas Norman* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Nicholas Norman, Common-Brewer.*

*City of Bristol.* **WE** *A B*, Esq; Mayor of the City of *Bristol* and *C D*, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the said City, Two of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That *Morrice Price*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds by you forfeited, for not giving Notice of one Tun, one Fat, one Back, one Cooler, and one Copper by you made use of for the Brewing of Beer and Ale; you are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of *E F*, being the Sign of the *Red-Lyon*, an Inn and publick House in the Parish of *St. Stephen* in the City aforesaid, on the Seventeenth Day of *January* now instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said Day, then and there to answer the said Information, and to make Defence thereto but if you

# Informations for not giving Notice.

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you neglect to do so, we shall proceed as if you  
was personally present. And we do further authorize and require  
Mr. G. H. Officer of Excise, or any other  
Officer of Excise, to serve this our Summons,  
and to attend us at the Time and Place before  
mentioned, then and there to make a Return  
thereof to us the said Justices. Given under  
our Hands at *Bristol* aforesaid, this Tenth Day of  
January, 1714.

An Information against a Common Brewer, for  
not giving Notice of a private Store-House,  
by him used for the laying Beer and Ale in  
Cask, the said Store-House being in one Pa-  
rish and the Brew-House in another.

Town and County  
of the Town of  
Nottingham.

BE it Remembred, That this  
Second Day of May, in  
the First Year of the Reign  
of our Sovereign Lord King

The Recording  
in the Time and  
Place of laying  
the Informa-  
tion.

GEORGE that now is, at the Town and Coun-  
ty of the Town of Nottingham, John Cowley,  
Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said  
Majesty, and the Poor of the Parish of St. Ni-  
cholas in the said Town of Nottingham, as for  
himself, exhibiteth to us A B, Esq; Mayor of  
the said Town of Nottingham, and C D, Gent.  
one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid,  
Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
for the Town aforesaid, residing near to the  
Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned  
was committed, a Complaint and Information;  
and thereby informeth us, That according to the  
Form of the Statute in such Case made and pro-

The Informa-  
tion.



An Office of  
Excise.

That the De-  
fendant is a  
Common-Brew-  
er.

At the  
House of  
Store  
House.

The Offence.  
viz. not giv-  
ing Notice  
therof.

viewed, an Office of Excise for direct Beers now  
last past, hath been and yet is publicly and  
consistently kept on and in the said Town of Net-  
tingham, by a proper Officer of the same, there-  
unto duly constituted and appointed, and there  
from came to time attending, according to the  
Direction of the said Statute; and that within  
the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, in  
the Parish of St. Peter in the Town aforesaid,  
one William Smith for three Months now last past  
and longer, hath been and yet is an Inhabitant  
and a Common-Brewer at a common Brew-  
House there belonging to and used by him; and  
so being such Common-Brewer as aforesaid, he  
the said William Smith at one or more time and  
times within three Months now last past, that is  
to say, on the tenth Day of April now last past,  
within the Limits of the said Office, that is to  
say, at the Parish of St. Nicholas aforesaid, did  
make use of one private and concealed Place or  
Store-House for the laying and keeping in Cask  
his Beer, Ale, and Worts, and in the said pri-  
vate and concealed Place or Store-House, did  
then and there lay and keep in Casks Beer, Ale,  
and Worts, and that the said Place or Store-  
House so made use of as aforesaid, being other  
than such as had been made use of in his said  
common Brew-House or openly discovered or  
known before the second Day of September in  
the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Six Hun-  
dred Sixty and Three; the said William Smith  
before he so used the said Place or Store-House,  
did not at the said Office, being the next Office  
of Excise to his Habitation, or at any other Of-  
fice of Excise, or to any Commissioners, or Far-  
mer, or Sub-Commissioner of Excise for the  
time

# *Information for the Sheriff of Nottingham.*

fr

time being, give any Notice of the said Place or Store-House so used as aforesaid, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but hath voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon the said John Cowley, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Third Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said William Smith may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Forfeiture.*

Note, The Words (in Cask), mentioned in the Act on which this Information is founded, are there inserted to distinguish between such Store-Houses or Cellars as are used either for the laying Ware, whilst brewing, or for the laying Stores of Ale for Customers and such other Cellars, &c. as may be used only for the laying such Beer or Ale in Bottles as are for the private Use of Brewers.

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. William Smith, Common-Brewer.*

Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, ss. } WE A B Esq; Mayor of the said Town of Nottingham, and C D, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace

# *Information for not giving Notice*

Peace for the Town aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That *John Cowley*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you, for the Sum of Fifty Pounds by you forfeited for not giving Notice of one private and concealed Place or Store-House by you made use of for the laying and keeping your Beer, Ale, and Worts in Cask: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of *E. F.* being the Sign of the *Crown*, an Inn and publick House in the Parish of *St. Nicholas* in the Town of *Nottingham* aforesaid, on the ninth Day of *May* now instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said Day, then and there to answer the said Information, and to make Defence thereto, but if you neglect so to do, we shall proceed as if you was personally present.

And we do further authorize and require *Mr. G. H.* Officer of Excise, or any other Officer of Excise to serve this our Summons, and to attend us at the Time and Place before-mentioned, then and there to make Return thereof to us the said Justices. Given under Our Hands at *Nottingham* aforesaid, this second Day of *May*, 1715.

A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. William Smith, Common-Brewer.

W E A R E A L L Mayor of the said Town of Nottingham, and C. D. Gent. one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace



An Information against the Occupation of an  
House in which there was found a Store-House  
or Place made use of by a Common-Brewer  
for the laying Beer, Ale, and Worts, with-  
out Notice; the said Brewer living in one  
Parish, and the said Store-House being in  
another Parish.

Town and County of **BE** it Remembred, &c. (as  
the Town of Not-  
tingham, ss. **BE** in the Information next be-  
fore; and for sooth the Keeping  
of an Office of Excise by an Offi-  
cer thereof, as in the foregoing Information) And that  
within Three Months now last past, that is to  
say, on the Tenth Day of April now last past,  
and within the Limits of the said Office, that is  
to say, at the Parish of St. Nicholas in Nottingham  
aforesaid, there was found and discovered a pri-  
vate and concealed Place or Store-house, then  
and there used by William Smith, then and there  
a Common-Brewer of Beer and Ale, for the lay-  
ing and keeping Beer and Ale in Casks; and that  
the said private and concealed Place or Store-  
house then and there was part of, or belonging  
to a Messuage-house and On-house situate in the  
Parish of St. Nicholas aforesaid, (then and there in  
the Occupation of one John Roberts) and being  
other than such as had been made use of in the  
Common-Brew-house of him the said William Smith  
or openly discovered or known before the second  
Day of September, 1663; the same was so found  
out and discovered as aforesaid, before any Notice  
thereof had been given at the Office before-men-

mentioned, &c. (as  
the Town of Not-  
tingham, ss. **BE** in the Information next be-  
fore; and for sooth the Keeping  
of an Office of Excise by an Offi-  
cer thereof, as in the foregoing Information) And that  
within Three Months now last past, that is to  
say, on the Tenth Day of April now last past,  
and within the Limits of the said Office, that is  
to say, at the Parish of St. Nicholas in Nottingham  
aforesaid, there was found and discovered a pri-  
vate and concealed Place or Store-house, then  
and there used by William Smith, then and there  
a Common-Brewer of Beer and Ale, for the lay-  
ing and keeping Beer and Ale in Casks; and that  
the said private and concealed Place or Store-  
house then and there was part of, or belonging  
to a Messuage-house and On-house situate in the  
Parish of St. Nicholas aforesaid, (then and there in  
the Occupation of one John Roberts) and being  
other than such as had been made use of in the  
Common-Brew-house of him the said William Smith  
or openly discovered or known before the second  
Day of September, 1663; the same was so found  
out and discovered as aforesaid, before any Notice  
thereof had been given at the Office before-men-

Being part of  
a Messuage in  
the Defendant's  
Occupation.

The Offences;  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice  
thereof.

tioned, being the next Office of Excise, or at any other Office of Excise, or to any Commissioner or Partner, or Sub-Commissioner of Excise, for the Time being, as in such Case ought to have been given; and that the giving such Notice thereof, was voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made: Whereby the said John Roberts, being as aforesaid Occupier of the said Messuage-house and Out-house before-mentioned, he, by reason of the Premises, and according to the Statute in such Case made, hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money; And thereupon the said John Cordley, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Third part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said John Roberts may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. John Roberts.

WE A B, Esq; Mayor of the said Town of Nottingham, ss. I, J. B. Esq; One of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Town aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That John Cordley, Gent; hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of Fifty Pounds by you forfeited as being the Occupier

# Information for giving Notice

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copies of a Message House and Gar-house, in which there was found and discovered a private and concealed Place of Store-house, which had been and was made use of by William Smith, a Common Brewer, for laying and keeping Beer, Ale, and Worts in Casks, without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Exchequer. You are therefore hereby required to appear before us at the House, (as in the Statute next before)

*An Information against a Victualler for not giving Notice of a Back-Cook and Private Store-house*

**B**E it Reminded, That this Tenth Day of the Month of April, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen Anne, that now is, at Ilford, in the said County of Essex, John Wood, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty and for the Poor of the Parish of *Walthamstow*, in the said County of Essex, as for himself, doth both to us, A. B. and C. D. Esqrs. Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Essex, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, as Complainter and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Exchequer for diverse Years now last past, hath been and yet is publicly and constantly kept at *Ilford* in the said County, by a proper Officer of the said shire, duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that



That the De-  
fendant is a  
Vintner, &c.

He using a  
Back and  
Cooler for  
the brewing  
and making  
of Beer and  
Ale, and of  
one private  
and concealed  
Place or Store-  
house for the  
laying and  
keeping in  
Cask his Beer  
and Ale, and  
in the said  
Back and Cooler,  
did then and  
there make and  
brew Beer and  
Ale, and in the  
said private and  
concealed Place  
or Store-house,  
did then and  
there lay and  
keep in Cask  
Beer and Ale,  
and that the  
said Back and  
Cooler, and the  
said private  
Place or Store-  
house, so made  
use of as afore-  
said, and every  
of them, being  
other than  
such as had  
been openly  
made use of  
in his common  
and usual  
Place of brewing,  
or openly  
discovered  
or known  
before the  
Second Day  
of September  
in the Year  
of our Lord  
One thousand  
six hundred  
sixty and  
three, the  
said Claudius  
Scot before  
he so used  
the said Back  
and Cooler,  
and the said  
private Place  
or Store-house,  
did not at the  
said Office,  
being the next  
Office of Excise  
to his Habitation,  
or any other  
Office of Excise,  
or to any  
Commissioner,  
or Farmer,  
or Sub-  
Commissioner  
of Excise for  
the Time being,  
give

He using a  
Back and  
Cooler for  
the brewing  
and making  
of Beer and  
Ale, and of  
one private  
and concealed  
Place or Store-  
house for the  
laying and  
keeping in  
Cask his Beer  
and Ale, and  
in the said  
Back and Cooler,  
did then and  
there make and  
brew Beer and  
Ale, and in the  
said private and  
concealed Place  
or Store-house,  
did then and  
there lay and  
keep in Cask  
Beer and Ale,  
and that the  
said Back and  
Cooler, and the  
said private  
Place or Store-  
house, so made  
use of as afore-  
said, and every  
of them, being  
other than  
such as had  
been openly  
made use of  
in his common  
and usual  
Place of brewing,  
or openly  
discovered  
or known  
before the  
Second Day  
of September  
in the Year  
of our Lord  
One thousand  
six hundred  
sixty and  
three, the  
said Claudius  
Scot before  
he so used  
the said Back  
and Cooler,  
and the said  
private Place  
or Store-house,  
did not at the  
said Office,  
being the next  
Office of Excise  
to his Habitation,  
or any other  
Office of Excise,  
or to any  
Commissioner,  
or Farmer,  
or Sub-  
Commissioner  
of Excise for  
the Time being,  
give

that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Walthamstow aforesaid, one Claudius Scot for Three Months now last past and longer, hath been an Inhabitant and a Vintner, Retailer, and Tapper-out, and Seller of Beer and Ale brewed in a Brew-house, or Place of Brewing there belonging to, and used by him the said Claudius Scot, and so being there such Vintner, Retailer, and Seller as aforesaid, he the said Claudius Scot at one or more time or times within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fourteenth Day of February now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Walthamstow aforesaid, did make use of one Back and one Cooler for the brewing and making of Beer and Ale, and of one private and concealed Place or Store-house for the laying and keeping in Cask his Beer and Ale, and in the said Back and Cooler, did then and there make and brew Beer and Ale, and in the said private and concealed Place or Store-house, did then and there lay and keep in Cask Beer and Ale, and that the said Back and Cooler, and the said private Place or Store-house, so made use of as aforesaid, and every of them, being other than such as had been openly made use of in his common and usual Place of brewing, or openly discovered or known before the Second Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty and three, the said Claudius Scot before he so used the said Back and Cooler, and the said private Place or Store-house, did not at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise to his Habitation, or any other Office of Excise, or to any Commissioner, or Farmer, or Sub-Commissioner of Excise for the Time being, give

*Information for not giving Notice.*

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give any Notice of the said Back and Cooler, or of the said private Place or Store-house so used as aforesaid, or of any of either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made, he ought to have done; but hath voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made: Whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Fifty Pounds of lawful Money of England for every and each the said Back, Cooler, and Store-house so made use of as aforesaid, that is to say, in all, One Hundred and Fifty Pounds of like Money: and thereupon the said *John Wood*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Third Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the said Statute, and that the said *Claudius Scot* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Claudius Scot, Viſualler, &c.*

*Essex.* **WE** *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Essex*, do hereby give you Notice, That *John Wood*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds by you forfeited for not giving Notice of one Back and one Cooler by you made use of for the brewing and making of Beer and Ale; and of one private Place or Store-house by you made use of for the laying and





the Town aforesaid, residing at the Place  
where the Offences herein last mentioned were  
committed, a Complaint and Information, and  
thereby informeth us, That according to the  
Borrow of the Statute in such Cases made and pro-  
vided, in Office of Excise in divers Parts now  
last past, hath been and yet is publicly and con-  
stantly kept an Act in the said Office of Excise,  
by a proper Officer of the same, and  
duly constituted and appointed, and does from  
time to time attending, according to the Direc-  
tion of the said Statute; and that within Three  
Months last past, that is to say, on the  
Fourteenth Day of January, now last past, and  
within the Limits of the said Office, relating to  
say, an *Liverpool* aforesaid, one *James Gosson* did  
make use of Three Wash-Batches or Vessels  
for the making of Wash for Distillation, and  
that he the said *James Gosson*, there, and be-  
fore the Time of leaving the said Wash-Batches  
or Vessels and ever since, having been and  
yet being a Common Distiller and Master of  
Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Wines for Sale  
and Exportation, he before his committing use  
of the said Wash-Batches or Vessels aforesaid,  
did not at the said Office, being the next Office  
within the Limits and Jurisdiction whereof he then  
did and yet doth inhabit, or at any other Office  
of Excise give any Notice in Writing of the said  
Wash-Batches or Vessels, or of either of them, as  
by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have  
done, but did willfully and fraudulently neglect  
and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form  
of the Statute in such Case made; whereby he  
hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English  
Money for every of the said Three Wash-Batches

*The Informa-  
tion Office of  
Excise.*

*Three Wash-  
Batches.*

*The Defen-  
dant was and  
is a Distiller.*

*The Offence,  
viz. not giving  
Notice.*

*The Forfeiture.*

or



## *Of Informations for not giving Notice.*

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Offence was committed, and the Information in such Case may be laid in the proper County.

Note, When Informations are laid against Distillers for double the Value of Duties in Arrear, it will be necessary to mention in such Informations, whether the Low-Wines and Spirits for which they are so in Arrear were drawn from Malt or from Foreign Materials, because in these Cases the Duties are different: But in Informations for using Stills, Wash-Batches, or Store-Houses, without Notice, it will not be necessary to mention for what particular sort of Low-Wines or Spirits such Stills, Wash-Batches, or Store-Houses were so used, because the Penalties are the same, whether they are used for Low-Wines and Spirits from Malt or from Foreign Materials.

*A Summons on the Information next before, against a Common-Distiller, for not giving Notice of Three Wash-Batches.*

*To Mr. James Jopson, Distiller.*

Town of Lever-  
pool in Lan-  
cashire.

WE A B, Esq; Mayor of the said Town of Lever-  
pool, and C D, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Town aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That Edward Burghall, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of Threescore Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of Three Wash-Batches or Vessels for making of Wash for Distillation, without giving

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## Of Informations for not giving Notice.

giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise. You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in the Summons before.)

An Information against the Occupier of an House, in which were found Three Wash-Batches for preparing Wash for Distillation for a Common-Distiller, who had not given any Notice of the said Three Wash-Batches.

Town of Lever-  
pool in Lan-  
cashire, ss.

BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the Information next before.) And set forth the keeping an Office of Excise, as in the said foregoing Information.) And that within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fourteenth Day of February now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Liverpool aforesaid, there were found and discovered Three private and concealed Wash-Batches or Vessels, for making Wash for Distillation, then and there used by one James Fopson, then and there a Common-Distiller and Maker of Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters for Sale and Exportation, and then and there being in an House, Out-House, and other Place, then and there in the Occupation of one John Hughes; and that the said Three Wash-Batches were so found out and discovered as aforesaid, before any Notice of them, any or either of them had been given at the Office before-mentioned, being the next Office of Excise, or at any other Office of Excise, and that the giving such Notice thereof was voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and

omitted

mitted contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby the said *John Hughes* then and there being in the Occupation of the said House, Out-House, and Place before-mentioned; he, by Reason of the Premises, and according to the Statute in such Case made, hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon the said *Edward Burghall*, who as well, &c. humbly prayeth the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *John Hughes* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the Information next before.*

*To Mr. John Hughes.*

Town of Liverpool in Lancashire, ss. } WE *A B*, Esq; Mayor of the said Town of *Liverpool*, and *C D*, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the said Town, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the the Town aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That *Edward Burghall*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for Fifty Pounds, by you forfeited, as being the Occupier of an House, Out-house, and other Place, in which there were found and discovered three private and concealed Wash-Batches, which had been and were used by one *James Fosson* a Common-Distiller of Low-Wines, and of Spirits, and Strong-Waters for

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Sale

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

Sale and Exportation without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Vinegar-Maker, for not giving Notice of Two private Places by him used for making, laying, and keeping Vinegar, and Liquors preparing for Vinegar.*

*The Recording  
of the laying  
the Informati-  
on.*

Huntingtonshire, *ss.* **B** *it Remembred,* That this First Day of December, in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen *ANNE* that now is, at the Town of *Huntington* in the said County of *Huntington*, *William Feast*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth before us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been, and yet is publicly and constantly kept at and in the said Town of *Huntington*, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Four and Twentieth Day of *September*, now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office,

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*An Office of  
Excise.*



Office, that is to say, at the said Town of  
*Huntington*, one *William Berriffe* did make use of *The Defen-*  
 Two several private Places for making, laying, *dant's using a*  
 and keeping Vinegar for Sale, and Vinegar Beer, *Store-House.*  
 and Liquors preparing for Vinegar for Sale ;  
 and in the said Two Places respectively, and  
 in each of them, did then and there keep Vine-  
 gar for Sale, and Vinegar Beer, and Liquors  
 preparing for Vinegar for Sale ; and that the *His being a Vi-*  
 said *William Berriffe* at the time and times of his *negar-maker.*  
 so making use of the said Two private Places  
 as aforesaid, having been and yet being there a  
 Maker of Vinegar for Sale ; he before his so mak- *The Office,*  
 ing use of the said Two private Places, as afore- *viz. not giving*  
 said, and of each of them, did not at the said *Notice.*  
 Office, being the next Office within the Limits  
 whereof he then did and yet doth inhabit, or  
 at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice  
 of the said Two private Places or either of them,  
 as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to  
 have done ; but did willfully and fraudulently  
 omit, neglect, and avoid giving such Notice,  
 contrary to the Form of the Statute in such  
 Case made ; whereby he hath forfeited for each  
 of the said Two private Places so made use of  
 as aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds of law-  
 ful *English* Money, amounting in the whole to  
 the Sum of One Hundred Pounds of like Mo-  
 ney : And thereupon the said *William Feast*, who  
 as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of  
 us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he  
 may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures ac-  
 cording to the Form of the Statute in such Case  
 made, and that the said *William Feast* may be  
 Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to  
 make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

*A Summons on the Information next before.*

*To Mr. William Berriffe, Vinegar-maker.*

*Huntingtonshire, ss.* **WE** *A B and C D, Esqrs;*  
Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Hun-*  
*tington*, do hereby give you Notice, That *Wil-*  
*liam Faast*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information  
against you, for the Sum of One Hundred  
Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of Two  
private Places for making, laying, and keeping  
Vinegar for Sale, and of Vinegar-Beer, and  
Liquors preparing for Vinegar for Sale, without  
giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of  
Excise: You are therefore hereby required to  
appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in  
the other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maker of Sweets for*  
*Sale, for making use of Two Steeping-Tubs*  
*for making Sweets for Sale, without Notice.*

*The Recording*  
*of the laying*  
*the Informa-*  
*tion.*

*Devonshire, ss.* **BE** *it Remembred*, That this Tenth  
Day of December, in the First  
Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King  
**GEORGE**, that now is, at *Plymouth* in the  
County of *Devon*, *Hartbory Brudenell*, Gent. in  
his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,  
as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B and C D,*  
*Esqrs;* Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the said County of *Devon*, residing  
near to the Place where the Offence herein after  
mentioned

mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publickly and duly kept at *Plymouth* aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duely constituted and appointed, and there from Time to Time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Nineteenth Day of *November* now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Plymouth* aforesaid, one *Samuel Brown* did make use of the Steeping-Tub and Cask herein after-mentioned for the Purposes herein after-expressed, that is to say, of One Steeping-Tub for the making of Sweets for Sale, and of One Cask for the keeping of Sweets for Sale, and in them respectively did then and there make and keep Sweets for Sale; and that at and before the said time and times of such his so making use of the said Steeping-Tub and Cask, and each of them; he, the said *Samuel Brown* was and yet is there a Maker of Sweets for Sale, and did at the Time and Place before-mentioned so as aforesaid, make use of the said Steeping-Tub and Cask in manner as aforesaid, without first giving Notice of them of either of them at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise to the said Place where the same were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise; And that the said *Samuel Brown*, did wilfully and fraudulently omit and neglect giving such Notice, contrary to the form of the Statute in such Case made, whereby he hath forfeited for the said Steeping-Tub, so made

*The Information.*

*An Office of Excise.*

*The Defendant's using a Tub and Cask.*

*His being a Sweet-maker.*

*The Offence, viz. not giving Notice.*



## Informations for not giving Notice.

use of as aforesaid, Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, and for the said Cask so made use of as aforesaid, the like Summ of Fifty Pounds of like Money, amounting in the whole to One Hundred Pounds of like Money; And thereupon the said *Hartbory Brudenel*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Samuel Brown* may be summoned to answer the Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Samuel Brown, Sweet-maker.

*Devonshire, ss.* **W**E *A B* and *C D*, Esqs; Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Devon*; do hereby give you Notice, That *Hartbory Brudenell*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of One Steeping-Tub for the making of Sweets for Sale, and of One Cask for the keeping of Sweets for Sale, without giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in the other Summons.)

An Information against a Maker of Malt for  
not giving Notice of a Cistern, Kiln, Floor,  
and Room by him used for making Malt.

Suffolk, J. **BE** it Remembred, That this Twentieth Day of April, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen **ANNE** that now is, at Stow Market in the County of Suffolk, John Todd, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us **A B** and **C D**, Esqs; Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Suffolk, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publickly and duely kept at Stow Market aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duely constituted, and there from time to time attending, according to the said Statute; and that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Coombs in the said County of Suffolk, one James Southgate for Three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Maker of Malt, not having compounded or agreed for the Duties of Malt to grow due and payable from him; and that the said James Southgate so being such Maker of Malt as aforesaid; he, the said James Southgate within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eighteenth Day of February now last past, within the Limits of the said Office,

The Recording of the laying the Informa-

The Informa-

An Office of Excise

*The Defen-  
dant's using a  
Cistern, &c.*

fice, that is to say, at *Coombs* aforesaid, Did make use of the private Cistern, Kiln, Floor and Room herein after mentioned for the Purposes herein after expressed, that is to say, Did then and there make use of one private Cistern for the wetting and steeping of Corn for the making Malt, and of one private Kiln and of one private Floor for the making of Malt, and of one private Room for the keeping of Malt, and in the said Cistern did then and there wet and steep Corn for the making Malt, and on the said Kiln and Floor respectively, did then and there make Malt, and in the said Room did then and there keep Malt, and that the said private Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room respectively, being other than such as was or were at or before the said using thereof, respectively known or made use of in any common Malt-House belonging to him the said *James Southgate*; he, before he so made use of them, every and each of them, did not at the Office before-mentioned, being the next Office of Excise to the Place where the same and every of them were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice in Writing of the said Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room, or of any or either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did then and there keep private and concealed the said Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room, and every and each of them without giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby for every and each of the said Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room so made use of as aforesaid, he hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful *English* Money, amounting in the whole unto Two Hundred Pounds of like Mo-

*The Office,  
viz. Not giving  
Notice thereof.*

ney;



## Informations for not giving Notice.

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ney; and thereupon the said *John Todd*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *James Southgate* may be summoned to answer the said Premises and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. James Southgate, Maker of Malt.

Suffolk, ff. **WE** *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs; Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Suffolk, do hereby give you Notice, That *John Todd*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of one Cistern for the Wetting and Steeping of Corn for the Making of Malt, and of one Kiln and Floor for the Making of Malt, and of one Room for the Keeping of Malt, without giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in the other Summons.)

# *Informations for not giving Notice.*

*An Information against a Maker of Malt for not giving Notice of Two private and concealed Vessels by him used for the Steeping Corn to be made into Malt.*

*The Recording  
of the lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.*

*County of Warwick, ff.* **B**E it Remembred, That

this Sixteenth Day of February, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at *Atherston* in the said County of *Warwick*, *Philip Bamford*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Warwick*, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publickly and duly kept at *Atherston* aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duely constituted, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Merevale* in the said County of *Warwick*, in a common Malt-House there belonging to one *John Brown*; he, the said *John Brown* for Three Months now last past, hath been and yet is a Maker of Malt, and not a Compounder for the Duties on Malt; and that the said *John Brown* so being a Maker of Malt as aforesaid; he, the said *John Brown* within Three Months now last past,

*The Informa-  
tion.  
An Office of  
Excise.*

*The Defen-  
dant's being a  
Maltster.*

## Informations for not giving Notice.

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past, that is to say, on the Sixteenth Day of December now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Merevale* aforesaid, did make use of two several private Vessels for the wetting and steeping Corn for the making Malt, and in the said several private Vessels, did then and there wet and steep Corn for the making Malt; and that the several private Vessels aforesaid, and either of them, being other than such as were or was at or before the using thereof respectively, openly known or made use of in his said Common Malt-house; he the said *John Brown* before he so made use of the said several private Vessels, or of either of them, in manner aforesaid, did not at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise to the Place where the same were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice in writing of the said two several Vessels, or of either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made, he ought to have done; but did then and there keep private and conceal the said Vessels, and each of them, without giving such Notice as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited for each of the said private or concealed Vessels so made use of as aforesaid, Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole unto One Hundred Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Philip Bampford*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *John Brown* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

A Sum-



*Informations for not giving Notice.*

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. John Brown, Maker of Malt.*

County of Warwick, ss. **W**E. A. B. and C. D. Esqrs.  
Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of War-  
wick, do hereby give you Notice, That *Philip  
Barnford*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information  
against you for the Sum of One Hundred Pounds,  
by you forfeited, for making use of two private  
Vessels for the wetting and steeping Corn for the  
making Malt, without giving due Notice at the  
next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby  
required to appear before us at the House of, &c.  
(as in the other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maker of Candles  
for not giving Notice of a Room used for the  
making and keeping Candles, and of another  
Room for keeping Materials to be made into  
Candles; and of a Vessel used for melting  
Tallow to be made into Candles.*

*The Recording  
of the laying  
the Information*

Cornwall, ss. **B**E it Remembred, That this Seventh  
Day of January, in the Second  
Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord  
King **GEORGE** that now is, at *Launceston* in  
the County of *Cornwall* aforesaid, *Thomas Brough-  
ton*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for  
His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to  
us **A B** and **C D**, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's  
Justices

Justices of the Peace for the said County of Cornwall, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been, and yet is publickly and duly kept at *Launceston* afore-  
 said, by a proper Officer of the same thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Sixteenth Day of *December* now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Launceston* afore-  
 said, one *Richard Beard*, not having compounded or agreed for the Duties of any Candles to be by him made, Did make use of one Room for the making and keeping Tallow-Candles, and in the said Room did then and there make and keep Tallow-Candles, and did make use of one other Room for the keeping Tallow, and other Materials proper to be made into Tallow-Candles, and in the said last-mentioned Room, did then and there keep Tallow, and other Materials to be made into Tallow-Candles, and did make use of one Vessel for the melting Tallow to be made into Tallow-Candles, and in the said Vessel did then and there melt Tallow to be made into Tallow-Candles; and that before his so making use of the said Rooms and Vessel in manner afore-  
 said, he the said *Richard Beard* did not at the said Office of Excise at *Launceston* afore-  
 said, which Office was during the said three Months, and all the time afore-  
 said, the next Office of Excise to the Place where the same

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*An Office of  
Excise.*

*The Defen-  
dant's using  
Rooms.*

*The Offences;  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice.*

were

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice in writing of the Rooms aforesaid, or either of them, or of the said Vessel, as by the Statute in such Case made, he ought to have done; but did wholly neglect and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; Whereby he hath forfeited for every of the Offences aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds of lawful Money of *England*, amounting in the whole to One Hundred and Fifty Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Thomas Broughton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the said Statute, and that he the said *Richard Beard* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Richard Beard, Maker of Candles.*

*Cornwal*, ss. **WE** *AB* and *CD*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Cornwal*, do hereby give you Notice, That *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds by you forfeited for making use of one Room for the making and keeping Tallow-Candles, and of one other Room for the keeping Tallow, and other Materials proper to be made into Tallow-Candles, and of one Vessel for the melting Tal-  
low



*Informations for not giving Notice.*

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low to be made into Candles, without giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us at the House of, &c. (as in the other Summons.)

*An Information against a Soap maker for not giving Notice of a Room by him used for making and keeping of Soap, and of three Boxes by him used for making Soap.*

Devonshire, ss. **BE** it Remembred, &c. (as in the *An Office of*  
*Information next before against a Excise, &c.*  
*Maker of Candles.*) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise, and for the Duties laid upon Soap made in Great Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case lately made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past, been, and yet is publickly and duly kept at Totness, in the said County of Devon, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Six and twentieth Day of April now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Totness in the said County of Devon, one Peter Cockay, a Maker of Soap, did make use of one Room for the making and keeping of Soap, and in the said Room did then and there make and keep Soap; and did also then and there make use of three Troughs or Boxes for the making Soap, and in the said three Troughs or Boxes respectively, did then and there make Soap before any Notice in Writing of the said Room and  
G Troughs,

*The Defendant's being a Soap-maker.*

*His using three Troughs, &c.*

# *Informations for not giving Notice.*

*The Officer;  
viz. not giving  
Notice.*

Troughs, or of any or either of them, had been given, and without giving any such Notice thereof at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise, and for the said Duties on Soap, &c. to the Place where the said Room and Troughs respectively, were so made use of as aforesaid; and that the said *Peter Cockey* (before his said making use of the said Room and Troughs respectively as aforesaid) did not give any such Notice in Writing of them, or of any or either of them, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did wholly neglect and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby (the said *Peter Cockey* at and during all the said time of so using the said Room and Troughs respectively as aforesaid, and yet being a Maker of Soap) he the said *Peter Cockey* hath forfeited for every and each of the Offences aforesaid, Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Two hundred Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Harshory Brudenel*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Peter Cockey* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The*

## Informations for not giving Notice.

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The Summons against a Maker of Soap, must be in the like Form as the Summons next before, against a Maker of Candles, changing only such Words as are necessary to be changed, viz. instead of Maker of Candles, it must be Maker of Soap; instead of One hundred and Fifty Pounds, it must be Two hundred Pounds; and instead of For making use of one Room, for the making and keeping Tallow-Candles, and of, &c. it must be, For making use of one Room, for the making and keeping of Soap, and of three Troughs or Boxes for the making of Soap, &c.

An Information against a Maker of Paper, for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for making Paper.

Midd. ss. **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise, and for the Duties laid upon Paper made in Great Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past, been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Staines, in the County of Middlesex, by a proper Officer of the same thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that one William Thomas, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Staines aforesaid, having for three Months now last past been a Maker of Paper, for which Duties ought to be paid accord-

An Office of  
Excise, &c.

The Defendant's being a  
Maker of Paper.



## Of Informations for not giving Notice.

*His using a  
Place for mak-  
ing Paper.*

*The Offence,  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice.*

ing to the Statute in such Case made; he the said *William Thomas* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of *April* now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Stains* aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the making of such Paper, and in the said Place did then and there make such Paper as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have been paid as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise, and for the said Duties upon such Paper, next to the said Place which was so made use of as aforesaid, and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Thirty Pounds of lawful Money of England: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer in this Case is to have a Moiety of the Forfeiture.*

*The Summons on the Information next before must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of a Place for the making Paper without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper: You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

*An Information against a Maker of Paper for not giving Notice of Two Places by him used for drying his Paper and making it fit for use.*

Middlesex, ss. **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as before laying the keeping of an Office, &c. by an Officer, &c.) And that one *Henry Mason* The Defendant's being a Maker of Paper. having within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Stains* afore said, for Three Months now last past and longer, been a Maker of Paper; he, the said *Henry Mason* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the first Day of *June* now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Stains* afore said, did make use of one Place for drying His using a Place for drying Paper. Paper by him there made, and did make use of one other Place for making fit for use Paper by him there made, and in them respectively did then and there dry and make fit for use Paper by him there made, and that the said respective Places by him so made use of as afore said, being other than such common Place and Places whereof he had before given or left Notice in Writing at the said Office, or at any other Office, to be the Place or Places for his drying or finishing such his Paper; he the said *Henry Mason* before he so respectively made use of the said several Places and of each of them as afore said, did not at the said Office or at any other Office The Offence; viz. Not giving Notice. for the said Duties give such Notice in Writing of the said Places or of either of them, as by the said Statute in such case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice contrary

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

trary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby he hath forfeited for every and each of the said Offences Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Forty Pounds of like Money : And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer is to have a Moiety of these Forfeitures.*

*The Summons on the Information next before must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Forty Pounds by you forfeited, for not giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper, of Two Places by you made use of for the drying Paper and making it fit for Use : You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

*An Information against a Printer, &c. of Paper, to serve for Hangings, &c. for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for Printing, &c. such Paper.*

Surry, ff. **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations, and lay an Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper, &c. as in the first foregoing Information against a Paper-Maker ; )

*The Defendant being a Printer of Paper.* And that one John Thompson within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say at A. aforesaid, having for Three Months now last past and longer, printed, painted, and stained Paper to serve for Hangings, &c. for which Duties ought to be paid according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made ; he the said John Thompson within



*Informations for not giving Notice.*

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within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifth Day of July now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say at A. aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the printing, painting, and staining such Paper as aforesaid; and in the said Place did then and there print, paint, and stain such Paper as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have been paid as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties upon Paper next to the said Place so made use of as aforesaid, and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary, &c. (as before in the Information against a Paper-Maker.)

*His using a Place for printing Paper.*

*The Offence; viz. Not giving Notice.*

*The Forfeiture for every Offence of this kind is Thirty Pounds, of which the Informer is to have one Moiety.*

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

(As in other Summons.) For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited, for not giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper of a Place by you made use of for printing, painting, and staining Paper to serve for Hangings, &c. You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Printer, &c. of Callicoes, &c. for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for Printing, &c. Callicoes and Linen.*

*Surry, ss.* **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations.) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise and for the Duties laid upon Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, and dyed in Great-Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past been and yet is publickly and duly kept at *Guilford* in the said County of *Surry*, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that one *James Andrews* within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Guilford* aforesaid, having for Three Months now last past and longer, been a Printer, Painter, Stainer, and Dyer of Callicoes and Linens, for which Duties ought to be paid according to the Statute in such Case made; he the said *James Andrews* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Ninth Day of *May*, now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Guilford* aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the Printing, Painting, Staining, and Dying of such Callicoes and Linens, and in the said Place did then and there print, paint, stain, and dye such Callicoes and Linens as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have

*An Office of Excise, &c.*

*The Defendant's being a Printer, &c. of Callicoes.*

*His using a Place for Printing, &c.*

## *Informations for not giving Notice.*

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have been paid as aforesaid, and did then and there work as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used and worked in as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties upon such Callicoes and Linen next to the said Place so by him worked in and made use of as aforesaid, and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid,) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him worked in and used as aforesaid, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Thirty Pounds of lawful Money of England: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Office; viz. Not giving Notice; 338*

*The Informer is to have a Moiety of this Forfeiture.*

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*The Summons on the Information next before must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited for making use of a Place for the Printing, Painting, Staining, and Dying of Callicoes and Linens without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties on Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, and dyed: You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

*An*



*An Information against a Printer, &c. of Callicoes, &c. for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for drying Callicoes and Linens which had been printed.*

*The Defen-  
dant's Plea is  
That for dry-  
ing Callicoes,  
&c.*

*The Offence;  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice.*

(As in the Information next before) — Did make use of one Place for the Drying of Callicoes and Linens which by him had been so printed, painted, stained, and dyed as aforesaid, and in the said Place did then and there dry Callicoes and Linens which by him had been so printed, painted, stained, and dyed as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties on printing, painting, staining, and dying Callicoes and Linens, &c. next to the said Place where the said Callicoes and Linens were so dried as aforesaid; and that (before he so made use of the said Place for such drying as aforesaid,) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties, give any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used for drying as aforesaid, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Thirty Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer in this Case is to have a Moiety of the Forfeiture.*

*A Sum-*

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

(As in other Summons) — For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of a Place for the drying Callicoos and Linens which by you had been printed, painted, stained, and dyed without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Silks, Callicoos, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, and dyed, &c. You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maker of Starch, for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for making Starch.*

Essex, ff. **BE** it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise, and for the Duties laid upon Starch made in Great-Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Dedham in the said County of Essex by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time duly attending according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that one John Stevens within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Dedham aforesaid, having for Three Months now last past been a Maker of Starch, for which Duties ought to be paid according to the Statute in such Case made;

the said  
Place for making  
Starch.

the Office of  
Excise, &c.

The Defen-  
dant's being a  
Maker of  
Starch.

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

*He using a  
Place for mak-  
ing Starch.*

*The Officer;  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice.*

made; he the said *John Stevens* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of *May* now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Dedham* aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the making and keeping such Starch, and in the said Place did then and there make and keep such Starch as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have been paid as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties upon such Starch next to the said Place within the time aforesaid, so made use of as aforesaid; and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful Money of *England*: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer in this Case is to have a Moiety of the Forfeiture.*

*The Summons on the Information next before must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Fifty Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of a Place for the making and keeping of Starch without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties on Starch: You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

C H A P,



## C H A P. VI.

Of Offences and Forfeitures by Hiding  
and Concealing.

**W**Hen Manufactures liable to any of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise are hidden and concealed to defraud the Crown of the Duties thereof, it frequently happens that they are hidden and concealed in Rooms or Places of which no Notice hath been given by the Offenders: In all which Cases the Offenders are liable to be prosecuted either for the respective Penalties for not giving due Notice of such Rooms or Places, or for the respective Penalties for such hiding and concealing; and as the Informer may in such Cases proceed either for the one or the other of the said Penalties, so he may lay Informations for both the said Penalties; but though he so doth, yet if in Fact an Offender hath hid and concealed but one Parcel, or Quantity there must not in such Case be Judgments against him for both Penalties, because none ought to be twice punished for the same Offence; which would be the Case if such Offender was to pay both the said Penalties; for though the not giving Notice of such Room or Place, and such hiding and concealing are Offences of different Denominations, yet if they are both done and used as the Means to defraud the Crown of the Duties of one and the same Parcel of Manufactures, there is really but one Fraud intended, though the same is branched out into Offences of different Denominations: And therefore in all such Cases where there are two or more Informations against a Defendant for so endeavouring to defraud the Crown of the Duties

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

of one and the same Quantity, if Judgment be given against him on ~~and~~ such Information, the other Information or Informations must for the Reasons before be withdrawn, or the Defendant must be acquitted thereof; and the only use that can fairly be made of exhibiting two or more Informations in such Case is, that the Informer may at the Time of Hearing proceed upon such one of them as he then finds can be maintained by the Proof and Evidence which shall be then produced; but if the Proof then produced be sufficient to maintain the Information for the highest Penalty, the Informer may then proceed upon that, and if thereupon he obtaineth Judgment, the other or others must then be dropped or withdrawn.

The respective Penalties for not giving Notice of Rooms and Places used for the laying and keeping any Manufactures chargeable with these Duties (except Malt) are higher than the Penalties for hiding and concealing such Manufactures; and therefore when any Manufactures (except Malt) are found hid or concealed in Rooms or Places of which no Notice hath been given, it will be advisable to proceed for the Penalty for not giving Notice of such Rooms or Places; but if at the Hearing on such Information it doth appear that Notice hath been given of such Room or Place, the Defendant upon that Information must in such Case be acquitted of that Penalty; but though the Offender is so acquitted of such Information for not giving Notice, yet he may be convicted on such Information for hiding and concealing, and therefore the Informer may in such Case proceed for such hiding and concealing, it being possible so to hide and conceal even in a Room or Place of which Notice has been given, as may subject the Offender to the Penalty for hiding and concealing. For if the Clauses in these Acts of Parliament against such hiding and concealing were

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to be construed to extend to such hiding and concealing only as should be discovered in Rooms and Places of which no Notice had been given, the inserting those Clauses against hiding and concealing would then have been altogether unnecessary.

The Penalty against Maltsters, for not giving Notice of a Room or Place used for the making or keeping Malt is Fifty Pounds, and the Penalty for hiding and concealing Malt is Ten Shillings per Bushel. If above the Quantity found, hid and concealed doth exceed One Hundred Bushels, the Penalty for hiding and concealing will in such Case be higher than the Penalty for giving Notice; therefore, where the Quantity of Malt found hid and concealed doth exceed One Hundred Bushels, it may be advisable to proceed for such hiding and concealing rather than for not giving Notice of such Room or Place where such Malt is kept.

## CHAP.

Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one John Kewen during Three Months now last past and longer having been and continued to be, and yet being a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and having committed for the Duties of the said County within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eighteenth Day of December now last past, at Long Parish in the said County of Southampton, did fraudulently hide, conceal, and convey away Malt by him made, that is to say, Twelve Bushels of Malt to by him made as aforesaid, from the Sight and View of one William Webb being

The Remaining of the last ing the Information.

The Informant.

The Offence.



## C H A P. VII.

*Informations and Summons for Hiding and Concealing.**An Information against a Malster for Hiding and Concealing one Parcel of Malt.*

*The Recording  
of the lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*The Offence.*

**BE** it Remembred, That this Thirteenth Day of February, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at *Whitchurch* in the said County of *Southampton*, *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one *John Reeves* during Three Months now last past and longer, having been and continued to be, and yet being a Malster and Maker of Malt, and not having compounded for the Duties of the Malt herein after mentioned; he the said *John Reeves* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eighteenth Day of *December* now last past, at *Long Parish* in the said County of *Southampton*, did fraudulently hide, conceal, and convey away Malt by him made, that is to say, Twelve Bushels of Malt so by him made as aforesaid, from the Sight and View of one *William Arnold*, being

## *Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing*

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being at the said Time of the said Hiding and Concealing thereof, and long before, and ever since, the Gager appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he the said *John Reeves* for every Bushel of the said Malt so hid and concealed, hath forfeited Ten Shillings of lawful *English Money*, amounting in the whole to Six Pounds of like Money: And thereupon the said *Thomas Broughton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made, and that the said *John Reeves* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. John Reeves, Malster.*

*County of South'ton, ss.* **WE** *AB and CD, Esqrs;* Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Southampton*, do hereby give you Notice, That *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Penalty of Six Pounds by you forfeited, for hiding, concealing, and conveying away Twelve Bushels of Malt from the Sight and View of the Gagers appointed to take an Account of the same, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and

H

provided:

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provided: If You are therefore hereby required;  
*Or (as in other Summons)* is (concealing thereof)

*An Information against a Maltster for Hid-  
 ing and Concealing Two Parcels of Malt.*

*He of Ely, being* **BE it Reminded**, That this  
*County of Cam-* **Second Day of April, in**  
*bridge, in the* **the Second Year of the Reign**  
*of our Sovereign Lord King*  
*Gowdethar now is, at Littleport in the Isle*  
*of Ely in the County of Cambridg, John Peely,*  
*Gent. In His proper Person, as well for His said*  
*Majesty as for himself, exhibiteth to us, A B*  
*and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Ju-*  
*stices of the Peace for the said Isle of Ely,*  
*residing near to the Place where the Offence*  
*herein after mentioned was committed, a Com-*  
*plaint and Information; and thereby informeth*  
*us, That one Mary Smith, during Three Months*  
*now last past and longer, having been, and con-*  
*tinued to be, and yet being a Maltster and*  
*Maker of Malt, and not having compounded*  
*for the Duties of the Malt herein after mention-*  
*ed, the said Mary Smith, within Three Months*  
*now last past, that is to say, on the Fifteenth*  
*Day of March now last past, at Littleport in the*  
*Isle of Ely aforesaid, did fraudulently hide, con-*  
*ceal, and convey away Malt by her made, that*  
*is to say, one Parcel of such Malt so made by*  
*her containing Two Hundred and Thirty Four*  
*Bushels, and another Parcel of such Malt so by*  
*her made containing Two Hundred and Seven*  
*Bushels from the Sight and View of one Thomas*  
*Brown, being at the said Time of the said Hiding*  
*: behivory* **II** *and*



*Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.*

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and Concealing thereof, and of every Part thereof, there the Gauger duly appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account thereof, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby the said *Mary Smith* for every Bushel of the said Malt so hid and concealed as aforesaid, hath forfeited Ten Shillings of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Two Hundred and Twenty Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Monney; and thereupon the said *John Peele*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Mary Smith* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mrs. Mary Smith, Maltster.*

*W*E *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs.  
County of Cam. } Two of His Majesty's  
bridge, ss. } Justices of the Peace for the  
County of Ely aforesaid, do hereby  
give you Notice, That *John Birt*, Gent. hath  
exhibited before us an Information against you  
for the Penalty of Two Hundred and Twenty  
Pounds and Ten Shillings, by you forfeited, for  
Hiding and Concealing Two severall and respec-  
tive Parcels of Malt, the whole consisting of

H 2

Four

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Four Hundred and Forty one Bushels of Malt from the Sight and View of the Gauger appointed to take an Account of the same, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made: You are therefore hereby required, &c. (as in the foregoing Summons.)

There is not any express Clause for the Penalty against Makers of Mead for not giving Notice of their Cellars or Places for keeping of Mead, and therefore the proper way to proceed against them will be for the Penalty for biding, &c. according to the following Information.

*An Information against a Mead-maker for biding Mead.*

Surry, ss. **BE** it Remembred, That this Fourth Day of June, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Kingston in the County of Surry, Charles Parry, Esq; in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one Giles Harris during Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Mead for Sale; he the said Giles Harris within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Seven and Twentieth Day of May now last past, at Kingston aforesaid, did fraudulently hide, conceal,

ceal, and convey away Mead by him made, that is to say, Ten Gallons of Mead from the Sight and View of one *James Allen*, being at the said Time of the said Hiding and Concealing thereof, and of every Part thereof, the Gauger duly appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account thereof, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made; whereby the said *Giles Harris* hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful *English* Money for every Gallon of the said Mead so hid, concealed, and conveyed away as aforesaid, amounting in the whole to Fifty Shillings of like Money; and thereupon the said *Charles Parry*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Giles Harris* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

By the Act of 3 & 4 W. & M. Cap. 15. Sect.

2. Excise-Book, Fol. 118, & 119. the Penalty for Hiding and Concealing Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters is 5 s. per Gallon, of which no Part being by the said Act given to the Informer; and the said Act not having appointed any other Distribution of the said Penalty, the whole belongs to the Crown; and therefore Informations for this Offence must be on the Behalf of the King only, and not on the Behalf of the King and of the Informer.



*An Information against a Common-Distiller  
for Hiding and Concealing Low-Wines, and  
for Hiding and Concealing Spirits and  
Strong Waters.*

**Kent, ss.** **BE it Remembred,** That this Thirtieth Day of May, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Maidstone in the County of Kent, Philip Bamford, Gent. in his proper Person, for and on the Behalf of His said Majesty, exhibireth to us, &c. (as in other Informations) That within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eight and Twentieth Day of May now Instant, at Maidstone in the said County of Kent, one Thomas Smith being all that time and ever since a Common-Distiller, did hide, conceal, and convey away certain Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters made by him the said Thomas Smith for Sale, that is to say, Forty Gallons of Low-Wines so by him made for Sale, and Twenty Gallons of Spirits and Strong-Waters so by him made for Sale, from the Sight and View of one Jasper Downes at that Time, and long before, and ever since, there the Gauger duly appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account thereof, whereby His Majesty might have been defrauded of the Duties due for the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters so hid, concealed, and conveyed away, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby the said Thomas Smith hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money

Money for every Gallon of the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters so hid, concealed, and conveyed away as aforesaid, amounting in the whole to Fifteen Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said ~~Thos. Smith~~ <sup>Thos. Smith</sup> and on His said Majesty's Behalf, humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that the said ~~Thos. Smith~~ <sup>Thos. Smith</sup> may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

The Penalties against Makers of Candles, Soap, Paper and Starch, and against Printers and Painters of Paper for Hangings, and against Printers, Raisers, &c. of Silks, Gallicons, Lincens or Stuffs, and against Planters and Owners of Hops for Hiding and Concealing any of the said Manufactures or Commodities, or the Materials for making the said respective Manufactures, are a Sum certain in each of the said respective Cases, viz. Twenty Pounds in each Case, and not more or less in Proportion to the Quantity hidden and concealed; and therefore in Informations against any of them, for hiding and concealing, it will not be necessary to mention any particular Quantity; but it will be sufficient in such Information to mention that the Defendant did hide and conceal either Candles, Soap, Paper, &c. or Materials for the making thereof, without particularly expressing the Quantity which is so hid and concealed, in the following manner, viz.

# Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

*An Information against a Maker of Candles,  
for hiding and concealing Candles and Mate-  
rials for making Candles.*

*C. BE it Remembred, &c. (as before in the In-  
formation against a Malisfer.)* That *A B*  
for three Months now last past and longer, hav-  
ing been, and continued to be a Maker of Can-  
dles, he the said *A B* within three Months now  
last past, that is to say, on the fifth Day of  
June now instant, at *B* in the County of Calore-  
said, did fraudulently hide and conceal Candles  
by him made, which were chargeable by the  
several Statutes made for laying Duties upon  
Candles, and also Materials for the making such  
Candles, to the Intent to decelve his said Ma-  
jesty of his just Duties, to him granted by the  
said Statute upon Candles, contrary to the said  
Statute in such Case made, whereby he hath for-  
feited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money;  
And thereupon &c. (as in the Information against  
a Malisfer.)

*An Information against an Owner of Hops,  
for hiding and concealing Hops.*

*Kent, ff. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the Infor-  
mation before against a Malisfer.)* That  
*A B* being at the Time of the hiding and con-  
cealing hereinafter mentioned, Owner of the  
Hops hereinafter mentioned, he the said *A B*  
within three Months now last past, that is to say,  
on the Thirtieth Day of September now last past, at  
C. in



*Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.*

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C. in the said County of Kent, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Hops belonging to him the said A B which were chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Hops, to the Intent to deceive his said Majesty of his just Duties to him granted by the said Statute, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made, whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds, &c. (as in the Information against a Master.)

*An Information against a Maker of Soap, for Hiding and Concealing Soap, &c.*

Devon. *It is Remembred, &c.* (as in the Information before against a Master,) That A B for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Soap; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of October now instant, at L. in the County of D. aforesaid, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed, Soap by him made which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Soap, and also Materials for the making such Soap, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to him granted by the Statute for laying Duties upon Soap, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of England, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Master.)

*An Information against a Maker of Soap, for Hiding and Concealing Soap, &c.*

# Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing

*An Information against a Maker of Paper, for Hiding, &c. Paper by him made, and Materials for the Making of Paper.*

*Surry, ss. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the Information before against a Malister.)* That A B for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Paper; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Thirtieth Day of April now last past, at B in the said County of Surry, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Paper by him made which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Paper, and also Materials for making such Paper, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of his just Duties to Him granted by the Statute for laying Duties upon Paper, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against the Malister.)

*An Information against a Printer and Painter of Paper to serve for Hangings or other Uses, for Hiding, &c. Paper by him printed and painted to serve for the Uses aforesaid.*

*Sussex, ss. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the Information before against a Malister.)* That A B for Three Months now last past and longer,

*Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing*

longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Printer and Painter of Paper to serve for Hangings or other Uses; he the said *A B* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of *May* now last past, at *D.* in the said County of *Suffex*, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Paper by him printed and painted to serve for Hangings or other Uses, which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on such Paper, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to him granted by the Statute for laying Duties upon Paper, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Master.)

*An Information against a Printer and Painter of Callicoes and Linens, for Hiding, &c. Callicoes and Linens before the same had been printed or painted.*

*Essex, ff.* **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in the Information before against a Master,) That *A B* for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Printer and Painter of Callicoes and Linens; he the said *A B* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the First Day of *June* now last past, at *C.* in the said County of *Essex*, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Callicoes and Linens before the same had been by him printed or painted, which were chargeable by the



*Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.*

the Statute for laying Duties on such Callicoes and Linens, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to Him granted by the said Statute, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of England, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Maltster.)

*If for Hiding, &c. Callicoes and Linens after the same have been printed and painted, then thus.*

— Did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed, Callicoes and Linens, after the same had been by him printed and painted, which were chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on such Callicoes and Linens, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty, &c. (as before)

*An Information against a Maker of Starch, for Hiding and Concealing Starch by him made, and Materials for making Starch.*

County of Hertford, ss. **B**E it Remembered, &c. (as in the Information before against a Maltster.) That *A B* for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Starch; he the said *A B* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Twentieth Day of April now last past, at *C.* in the said County of Hertford, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed, Starch by him

made.

# Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing: 105

made, which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Starch, and also Materials for making such Starch, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to Him granted by the Statute for laying Duties on Starch, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of England, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Malisher.)

Execution of the Forfeiture, &c. given them by several Acts of Parliament.

BY several Clauses in the several and respective Acts of Parliament relating to all and sundry Duties upon the Importation of Commodities of Exotic, the Officers at all Times, as well by Night as by Day, and if by Night then in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer, are upon their Request to be permitted to enter and go into all Houses and Places belonging to or used by the respective Manufacturers of the several Manufactures charged with the said Duties, and are likewise permitted there to gauge, take Account of, and measure the several and respective Materials and Commodities charged with the said Duties, and of the Materials for making and working such Manufactures: and if upon their Request the Officers are refused either to enter or to take such Account, the Manufacturer is refusing is liable to the respective Penalties in such Cases appointed.

But you are to understand, That before you daily returning or telling the Officer that he shall

made, which was chargeable by the Statute for  
laying Duties on Starch, and also Materials for  
making such **CHAP. VII.** His said Majesty of His Duties to Him

*Of Offences and Forfeitures by refusing to  
permit Officers to enter, &c. or to gauge  
and take Accounts, &c. And by ob-  
structing or hindering Officers in the  
Execution of the Powers, &c. given  
them by several Acts of Parliament.*

**B**Y several Clauses in the several and respec-  
tive Acts of Parliament relating to all and  
every the Duties under the Management of the  
Commissioners of Excise, the Officers at all  
Times, as well by Night as by Day, and if by  
Night then in the Presence of a Constable, or  
other lawful Officer, are upon their Request to  
be permitted to enter and go into all Houses  
and Places belonging to or used by the respec-  
tive Manufacturers of the several Manufactures  
charged with the said Duties, and are likewise  
permitted there to gauge, take Accounts,  
and measure the several and respective Manu-  
factures and Commodities charged with those  
Duties, and of the Materials for making and  
working such Manufactures; and if upon such  
Request the Officers are refused either so to en-  
ter or to take such Accounts, the Manufacturer so  
refusing is liable to the respective Penalties in  
such Cases appointed.

But you are to understand, That besides ver-  
bally refusing or telling the Officer that he shall  
not



not enter, or that he shall not take an Account, there may be an actual refusing; as where a Manufacturer having his Doors, &c. shut, lock'd, and made fast, doth not upon Demand open them, or cause them to be opened, and yet perhaps doth not then tell the Officer that he will not open them, or that he shall not enter, &c. though this is not a verbal, yet this is an actual refusing to permit such Officer to enter. Or if a Manufacturer having contrived the Utensils and Places used for his Manufacture so that an Officer cannot take an Account of the Manufactures there found; and if upon Demand in such Case fairly made by the Officer such Manufacturer refuseth to do or suffer to be done, or doth not do such Act or Acts as may make it practicable for an Officer to take an Account of the Manufacture there found; this also is an actual refusing to permit such Officer to take such Account; (as for Instance) If a Master hath his Cistern wall'd and block'd up, leaving but only one particular part where an Officer can come to gauge a small part only of the Corn in such Cistern; (as some have done) so that no Officer can take a true Gauge of the Quantity of such Corn in such Cistern: And if the Master, tho' requested to make it practicable for the Officer to take a true Gauge of all the Corn in such Cistern for as to take a true Account thereof, doth refuse so to do, such refusing or keeping such Cistern so block'd up after such Demand as aforesaid, is refusing to permit such Officer to take an Account. Or if (as in other Instances it hath happened) a Master stoppeth up the Windows and Lights so that it is not possible even in the Day-time

to see into all Parts of his Cistern, and if after Demand in such Case made, such Maltster refuseth to unstop such Windows or Lights, or doth not unstop or open the same, such refusing to unstop such Windows or Lights, or keeping the same so stopped up as aforesaid, is an actual refusing to permit such Officer to take an Account; for when a Law requires and enjoyns any thing to be done, the necessary Means for the doing thereof, and without which such Thing cannot be done, are implied, though perhaps not expressed in such Law.

And as verbally refusing to permit the Officer either to enter or to take such Accounts is an Offence against the Letter, so the before-mentioned Methods are Offences against the plain Sense and Meaning of the before-mentioned Clauses; the Intent thereof being, that all such Persons as are liable to these Duties should be obliged to order and dispose their Houses, Places, and Practices so, and in such manner that these Laws may be complied with, and may be put in Execution, and that it may be possible and practicable for the Officers to perform their respective Duties; and if the respective Persons liable to these Duties after Demand made, refuse so to do, they in such Cases may be prosecuted for the before-mentioned Penalties.

But here it is to be understood, That every Difficulty which an Officer may happen to meet with won't be a just Cause of Prosecution; for it will happen that some Houses and Places cannot be so easily surveyed as some others, and therefore the Officers must be content at some Places to take more Pains and be at more Trouble than will be necessary at others, and must not

in all ſuch Caſes immediately lay Informations; for as Perſons liable to theſe Duties muſt not either by Deſign or want of due Foreſight and Care put Impoſſibilities or unneceſſary Difficulties upon the Officers, ſo the Perſons liable to theſe Duties muſt not be proſecuted on theſe Clauſes, for and upon Account of every Difficulty which an Officer may meet with; but if their Houſes or Places are ſo contrived that it is impracticable for Officers there to take the Gauges and Accounts, and if upon Requeſt and Demand they will not alter them, they then may be proſecuted on theſe Clauſes.

For though in ſuch Caſes the Manufacturers will perhaps pretend, That ſuch Impracticableneſs of taking ſuch Accounts happens from what they alledge, they cannot help, or from what they call Neceſſity, viz. from the Situation, Straitneſs, want of Room or other Circumſtances of their Houſes and Places, yet ſuch Allegations when rightly conſidered won't prove to be true.

For if a Maltſter at every Time of Wetting his Corn will wet more Corn than can be conveniently worked in his Malt-Houſe, and if thereby it happens that his ſeveral Couches and Floors do lie ſo cloſe that they cannot be gauged and taken an Account of ſeparately, (as they ought to be,) he may perhaps alledge that this is not his Fault, but is only the Conſequence of the Straitneſs and Want of more Room in his Malt-Houſe; but this or the like Pretences are only Eviſions and are not really true, for his Couches and Floors lying ſo cloſe is not the Effect of Neceſſity, but of his own Choice; for ſuch Maltſter may and ought in ſuch Caſe at



every Wearing to wear only so much Corn as can be worked in his Malt-House, so as that the Law may be complied with, and that the Officer may take rose Gages and Accouments of each Cobch and Floor separately and distinctly, and though perhaps he can make his Malt-house larger, yet he may make his workings less, but his wearing more Corn than can be so managed, is his own voluntary Act, and therefore ought not to be admitted as an Excuse of any Consequences thereby happening, which are contrary to the Law in such Case made.

And if the Conveniencies of his Malt-House are not large enough for his Trade, he may take a bigger or another Malt-House, but in the mean Time he must so work his Malt as not to break the Law.

If one by Contrivance or for want of Contrivance bring himself under a seeming Necessity of Breaking a known Law, such seeming Necessity won't excuse the Breaking such Law.

If a Waggoner so load his Waggon that he is under a Necessity to use more Horses than are allowed by the Statute, such seeming Necessity won't excuse his acting against that Law; the Heaviness of his Load may make it necessary to use more Horses than he ought, but it was not Necessity but his own Choice that the Load was so heavy.

To A Maltster for his own Sake, won't have his Cistern situate in such manner that he or his Servants can't fill and empty it, and for the Sake of Complying with the Law he ought not to have it so that the Officers can't gauge all Parts of it; and if he hath and keeps it so, especially after being admonished thereof, it is in Reality

the

the same Thing as if he verbally refused to permit the Officer to gauge his Cistern, for it is his own wilfull Act and Choice to set up or to take or keep a Cistern that is so situate, and therefore he ought to be liable to Penalties and Forfeitures as often as the Officer finds Corn in a Cistern so situate that it is impracticable for any Officer to take true Gauges and Accounts of the Corn in such Cistern.

To prevent Complaints of frivolous and vexatious Prosecutions in these Cases, it will be necessary, That the Officers do in the first Place acquaint the Offenders with the particular Obstacles, Thing or Things which hinder and prevent them from doing their respective Duties, and do likewise request that such Thing or Things may be removed or altered so that it may be possible and practicable for them to do and perform their respective Duties; and that the Officers do also acquaint such Offenders that unless they order their Affairs accordingly, they will be prosecuted for the Penalties in such Cases; and if after all, such Offenders refuse so to do, they then may be prosecuted on the before-mentioned Clauses for refusing to permit the Officers to take such Accounts.

It may be further observed, That if when Officers in the Execution of their Offices are actually going, or entering or endeavouring to enter into Houses or other Places belonging to Manufacturers, there to do and perform their Duty, or if after they are entered and are actually taking or endeavouring to take such Accounts, they are either assaulted or beaten, or are by Boreholders, and if thereby or by any other Means they are hindered from so doing, such Assaulting

## Of Offences by Refusing and

Bearing, Holding, or Hindring is Refusing to permit them to enter or take such Accounts.

But besides the said Clauses for Penalties for refusing to permit Officers to enter and to take such Accounts, there are also other Clauses for inflicting Penalties on such as shall obstruct or hinder Officers in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities given them by the several Acts of Parliament in such Case made, and particularly in the Act of 8 *Anna* for laying Duties upon Candles, *Excise-Book*, Fol. 366. is the following Clause, viz. *And be it Enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Candles shall obstruct or hinder any of the said Officers in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities given to him or them by this Act for ascertaining and securing the said Duties upon Candles, the Person or Persons offending therein shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.*

There is the like Clause in the Malt Act of 1 *GEORGE II* *Regis*, but the Penalty there is but Ten Pounds: And in the several Acts for laying Duties on Soap and Paper, and on printing, painting, &c. Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, and on Starch, and on Gilt or Silver Wire; there are the like Clauses each for the Penalty of Twenty Pounds.

If therefore when an Officer is entering or endeavouring to enter the Houses, &c. of any of these Manufacturers last-mentioned, or when he is taking or endeavouring to take Accounts of any of the said Manufactures he is assaulted or beaten, or forcibly holden, or by any other Methods or Means is hindered from so doing, the Offender in such Case may be prosecuted for the said respective Penalties on the said respective Clauses: But in all such Cases it will

*Bearing*

be



be necessary to prove that such Officer was at that Time actually in the Execution of his Office, and performing or endeavouring to perform the Duty thereof.

But the Words *obstruct* and *hinder* being of a general Import and Signification, it will be proper in such Information particularly to mention the manner of such Obstruction or Hindering, viz. Whether it was by Assaulting and Beating, or by forcibly holding or laying Hands on such Officer; and where by any special or uncommon Method an Officer is obstructed or hindered in the taking an Account, it will be proper in such Information to mention something of the manner of such special Method of obstructing or hindring the Officer in the taking such Account.

In all such Cases it will be proper for the Officer to admonish and caution the Offender of the Consequences of such Actions and Behaviour of such Offender,

## 13 CHAP.

## C H A P. IX.

*Informations and Summons for refusing  
to permit Officers to Enter, or to take  
Accounts.*

*An Information against a Maltster, for Refusing  
to permit an Officer in the Day-Time to  
Enter his Malt-house.*

*The Recording  
of the laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*City of York, ss. BE is Remembered, That on the  
Third Day of May, in the  
Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign  
Lady Queen ANNE that now is, at the City of  
York, T. M. Gent. in his proper Person, as well  
for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth  
to us A B and C D, Esqrs. two of Her said Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City and  
County of the same, residing near to the Place  
where the Offence herein after mentioned, was  
committed, a Complaint and Information; and  
thereby informeth us, That Francis Gregg for three  
Months now last past and longer, hath been and  
yet is a Gauger and an Officer of Excise, and  
for the Duties granted to Her said Majesty upon  
Malt, duly constituted, appointed and qualified,  
according to the Form of the Statute in such  
Case made; and that he so being such Gauger  
and Officer as aforesaid, he within the said three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifth  
Day of May now last past, in the Day-time of the  
said Day, at the Parish of St. Hellen by the Wall,  
in*

in the said City of York, at a Malt-house then and there belonging to and used by one *Adam Williams* (who then was, and during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is there a Maker and Maker of Malt, and had not, nor hath compounded for the Duties on Malt by him during that time there made, or to be made) Did in the Execution of his said Office, duly request and desire the said *Adam Williams* to permit him the said *F. G.* (such Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office, then and there to enter into the Malt-house aforesaid, in order to do and perform his Office therein: But notwithstanding such Request so made as aforesaid, yet the said *Adam Williams* neither did nor would permit him the said *Francis Gregg*, (such Officer then and there being) to enter or go into the said Malt-house, as by the Statute in such Case made and provided, he ought to have done; but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; Whereby the said *Adam Williams* hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon the said *T. M.* who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Adam Williams* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices of the Peace, to be held at the County of York, on the Fifth Day of May now that is to say, on the Fifth Day of the said May, in the Daytime of the said Day, at the Parish of St. Peter by the Wall, in the said City

*Request to Enter.*

*The Offence.*

*Forfeiture.*

*Summons.*



## A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Adam Williams, Maltster.

City of York, ss. **WE** A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of York and County of the said City, do hereby give you Notice, That T. M. Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of Twenty Pounds by you forfeited, for refusing to permit Francis Gregg, an Officer of Excise, in the Day-time, to enter into a Malt-house belonging to, and used by you, to do and perform his Office therein; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons before.)

If a Maltster permit the Officer to enter his Malt-house, but after refuse to permit him to enter some particular Room or Part of his House; then thus, viz.

City of York, ss. **BE** it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Information) That Francis Gregg for three Months now last past and longer, hath been, and yet is a Gauger and an Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly constituted, appointed and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifth Day of May now last past, in the Day-time of the said Day, at the Parish of St. Hellen by the Wall, in the said City

The Informa-  
tion.

City of York, being then and there lawfully entered into a Malt-house then and there belonging to and used by one *Adam Williams* (who then was, and during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and had not, nor hath compounded for the Duties on Malt by him during that time there made or to be made) Did then and there, in the Execution *Request to Enter* of his said Office, duly request and desire the said *Adam Williams* to permit him the said *Francis Gregg* (such Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office, to enter into a Room then and there belonging to, and used by the said *Adam Williams*, in order to do and perform his Office therein; but notwithstanding such Request so made as aforesaid, yet the said *Adam Williams* neither did nor would permit him the said *Francis Gregg* (such Officer then and there being) to enter or go into the said Room, as by the Statute in such Case made and provided he ought to have done; but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; Whereby the said *Adam Williams* hath forfeited the Sum of *The Offence.* Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in the foregoing Information.) *Forfeiture.*

*The Summons on this Information in the same Form as on the Information went before; only instead of the Word (Malt-house) insert the Word (Room).*

in the Execution of his said Office, in the Presence of the said Constable, then and there to enter into the Malt-house aforesaid, in order to do and perform his Office therein; but notwithstanding such Request so made in the Presence of the

City of York, being then and there lawfully entered into a Malt-house then and there being to permit the Officer in the Night-time, in the Presence of a Constable, to Enter his Malt-house.

The Informa-  
tion.

City of York, II. **BE** it Reminded, &c. (as in the foregoing Information), That Francis Gregg, for three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Gager and an Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly constituted, appointed and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within three Months now last past, that is to say, in the Night-time between the Twelfth and Thirteenth Days of April now last past, in the Presence of a Constable at the Parish of St. Helen by the Wall in the said City of York, at a Malt-house then and there belonging to and used by one Adam Williams (who then was, and during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and had not, nor hath compounded for the Duties on Malt by him during that time made, or to be made) Did in the Execution of his said Office, and in the Presence of the said Constable, duly request and desire the said Adam Williams, to permit him the said Francis Gregg (such Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office; and in the Presence of the said Constable, then and there to Enter into the Malt-house aforesaid, in order to do and perform his Office therein; but notwithstanding such Request so made in the Presence of the

Request to En-  
ter.



**Refusing Officers to Enter, &c.**

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the said Constable, as aforesaid, yet, &c. (as in the foregoing Information for refusing Entrance into a Malt-house.)

**A Summons on the foregoing Information.**

**To Mr. Adam Williams, Maltster.**

City of York, ss. **WE AB and CD**, Esqrs. two,

&c. (as in the foregoing Summons on the Information against a Maltster) for refusing to permit Francis Gregg, an Officer of Excise, in the Night-time, and in the Presence of a Constable, to enter into your Malt-house, and to perform his Office therein; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**An Information against a Common-Brewer, for refusing to permit an Officer in the Day-time, to Gage and take an Account of his Beer, Ale and Worts.**

City of Exeter, ss. **BE it Remembered, &c.** (as in

by informeth us, That John Jones for three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Gauger and Officer of Excise, duly constituted, appointed and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the First Day of November now Instant, in the Day-time of the said Day, at the said City of Exeter, at and in a Brew-house and Place of Brewing, then and there belonging to, and

Refused to  
Gauge.

The Officer

The Informa-  
tion.

*Informations and Summons for**Request to  
gauge.**The Offence.*

and used by *William Symonds* (who then was, during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is there a Common-Brewer) Did in the Execution of his said Office, request and desire the said *William Symonds* to permit him the said *John Jones* (such Gauger and Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office then and there to gauge and take an Account of certain Beer, Ale and Worts, by him then and there found; but notwithstanding such Request so made, yet the said *William Symonds* neither did nor would permit him the said *John Jones* (such Gauger and Officer then and there being) to gauge and take an Account of the said Beer, Ale and Worts then and there being, as by the Statute in such Case made and provided he ought to have done; but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby the said *William Symonds* hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.**To Mr. William Symonds, Common-Brewer,*

*City of Exeter, ff. WE A B and C D, Esqrs.*  
Two, &c. (as in the foregoing Summons against a Malifester) for refusing to permit *John Jones*, Officer of Excise, in the Day-time, to gauge and take an Account of certain Beer, Ale and Worts by him found at your Brew-house or Place of Brewing; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An*

*Refusing Officers to Enter, &c.*

*An Information against a Common Distiller,  
for Refusing to permit an Officer in the Day-  
time to Gauge and take an Account*

City of Bristol, *ff.* **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,) and thereby informeth us, That James Hughes for Three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Gauger and Officer of Excise duly constituted, appointed, and qualified according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within Three Months now last past; that is to say, on the First Day of January now instant, in the Day-time of the said Day at the said City of Bristol, at and in a Distilling-House and Place of Distilling then and there belonging to and used by Henry Freeman, (who then was, and during the said Three Months now last past hath continued to be and yet is there a Common-Distiller of Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters for Sale and Exportation,) did in the Execution of his said Office duly request and desire the said Henry Freeman to permit him the said James Hughes (such Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office, then and there to Gauge and take an Account of certain Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters by him then and there found; but notwithstanding such Request so made, yet the said Henry Freeman neither did nor would permit the said James Hughes (such Officer then and there being) to Gauge and take an Account of the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done;

*The Informa-  
tion.*

*Request to take  
an Account.*



**The Offence.**

**Perseverance.**

## Informations and Summons for

done, but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute, whereby the said Henry Freeman hath forfeited the Sum of Fifteen Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Henry Freeman, Common-Distiller.

City of Bristol, **W**E, A B and C D, Esqrs; Two &c. (as in the foregoing Summons against a Master) for refusing to permit James Hughes Officer of Excise in the Day-Time, to gauge and take an Account of certain Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters by him found at your Distilling-House or Place of Distilling: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons, changing only such Words as are necessary to be changed.)

The like Information and Summons will serve against Makers of Vinegar, Sweets, Matheglin, or Mead, or against Retailers of Cyder, against each of which the Penalty is Fifteen Pounds for not permitting an Officer to enter, &c. or to gauge or take Accounts, &c.

By Clauses in the respective Acts for laying Duties upon Candles, Soap, and Paper, and upon printing, &c. of Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, and upon Starch, Officers are to be permitted to enter all Places used by or belonging to the said respective Manufacturers: but the Penalties for refusing to permit them so to do are not particularly mentioned

# Refusing Officers to Enter &c.

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mentioned in the said respective Clauses: but in-  
stead thereof in each of the said respective Acts  
are Clauses whereby all the Powers, Penalties,  
Clauses, &c. in the former Acts of Excise are  
declared and enacted to be in full force in rela-  
tion to the said respective Duties on Candles, &c.  
By Virtue whereof if Makers of Candles, Soap,  
Paper, or Printers of Calicoes, Linens, &c.  
or Makers of Starch refuse to permit Officers to  
enter or take Accounts. They for such refusing  
may respectively be prosecuted for the Penalties  
either of Twenty Pounds or Fifteen Pounds, as  
the Informer shall think fit to lay his Infor-  
mation.

An Information against a Master, for refusing  
to permit an Officer in the Night-time and  
in the Presence of a Constable to take an  
Account of Corn there making into Malt.

**B**E it Remembered, &c. (as in other In-  
formations) That C. H. for Three  
Months now last past and longer, hath been  
and yet is a publick Malster and Maker of Malt  
for Sale, and not having compounded for the  
Duties on Malt by him made and to be made,  
and in a Malt-House and Place of making  
Malt, belonging to and used by him the said  
C. H. situate and being at West Wycombe in the  
said County of Bucks; and that Samuel Downes  
for Three Months now last past, hath been and  
yet is a Gauger and Officer of Excise, and for the  
Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly  
constituted, appointed, and qualified, according  
to the Statute in such Case made and provided;  
and

Reduct to take  
an Account.

The Informa-  
tion.

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*Informations and Summons for*

and that they the said C H and S D so respective-  
ly being such Maltster and such Gauger and  
Officer as aforesaid; he the said S D within  
Three Months now last past, that is to say, in  
the Night-time between the Twelfth and Thir-  
teenth Days of April now last past, in the Exe-  
cution of his said Office, and in the Presence of a  
Constable was at and in the said Malt-House of  
the said C H in West Wycombe aforesaid; and  
then and there finding Corn which before that  
Time had been wetted and steeped by the said  
C H to be made into Malt, and was then and  
there making into Malt; he the said S D in the  
Execution of his Office and in the Presence of  
the said Constable did then and there request him  
the said C H, to permit him the said S D, such  
Gauger and Officer then and there being, to  
Gauge and take an Account of the said Corn  
which had been wetted and steeped, and was  
then and there found as aforesaid: But notwith-  
standing such Request so made as aforesaid, yet  
the said C H neither did nor would permit the  
said S D (such Officer then and there being,) to  
Gauge and take an Account of the Corn afore-  
said, then and there found as aforesaid, as by the  
Statute in such Case made he ought to have done  
but to permit him so to do did then and there ut-  
terly refuse, contrary to the Form of the Statute  
in such Case made; whereby the said C H hath  
forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawfu-  
English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in and  
by the Statute in such Case made and provided  
therein)

*Request to take  
an Account.*

*Statute*

*Officer.*

*A Sum*



A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. C H, Maltster.

Bucks, ss. **W**E, &c. (as in other Summons,) For Refusing to permit Samuel Downes Officer of Excise in the Night-time, and in the Presence of a Constable, to gange and take an Account of Corn found in your Malt-House, by you wetted and steeped in order to be made into Malt, and then and there making into Malt: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**K** **CHAP.**

## C H A P. X.

Informations and Summons for Ob-  
structing, &c. Officers.

*An Information against a Maker of Candles,  
for Obstructing an Officer in taking an Ac-  
count of his Candles, and of his Materials  
for making Candles, by assaulting and beat-  
ing the said Officer.*

Sheweth, *ff.* **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in other In-  
formations,) And thereby informeth  
*The Informati-* us, That within Three Months now last past,  
*on.* that is to say, on the Tenth Day of April now  
last past, at Guilford, at an House and Place for  
making Candles, then and there belonging to  
and used by one *Thomas Saunders*, who then and  
there was, and for and during the said Three  
Months now last past and longer, hath been,  
and continued to be, and yet is there a Maker of  
Candles, he not having compounded according  
to the Form of the Statute in such Case made,  
for the Duties due, and to grow due to his said  
Majesty for Candles there made and to be made  
by him the said *Thomas Saunders*; one *John Ste-*  
*vens* (who then and there was, and for and during  
the said Three Months now last past, hath been,  
and continued to be, and yet is there a Gauger  
and Officer of Excise, and for the said Duties  
granted to His said Majesty upon Candles, duly  
constituted, appointed, and qualified according  
to

## Informations and Summons, &c.

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to the Form of the Statute in such case made,) pursuant to and in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Officer given, did attempt and endeavour then and there to take an Account of the Quantity of a Parcel of Candles there made by the said *Thomas Saunders*, and of the Quantity of some Tallow and other Materials for the making of Candles then and there found; but whilst he was endeavouring and attempting so to do, the said *Thomas Saunders* did then and there assault and beat him the said *John Stephens*, such Officer and in the Execution of the said Powers and Authorities then and there being; and thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder him the said *John Stephens* then and there being such Officer as aforesaid, in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the Ascertaining and Securing the said Duties upon Candles to such Officer given in and by the said Statute, that is to say, in the taking the said Accounts of the said Candles, and of the said Materials for making Candles, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby the said *Thomas Saunders* hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other like Informations.)

*The Officer endeavoured to take an Account.*

*The Offence.*

*Forfeiture.*

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Thomas Saunders, Chandler.

Sheweth, ss. **WE**, &c. (as in other Summons,) and Information against you for the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by you forfeited, for obstructing and hindering, Mr. John Stephens Gauger



# *Informations and Summons for*

Gauger and Officer of Excise in taking an Account of your Candles and Materials to be made into Candles: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maltster, for Obstructing an Officer in Gauging, &c. Corn in a Couch, by throwing Corn at and upon the gauging Rod and Tape wherewith he was then gauging and measuring the said Corn.*

*The Recording  
the laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*

*Town of Andover  
in the County of  
Southampton, ss.*

**B**E it Remembred, That this Twentieth Day of June in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at the Town of Andover in the County of Southampton, Thomas Broughton, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D*, Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Town of Andover, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eleventh Day of June now instant, at Andover aforesaid, at and in a Malt-House then and there belonging to and used by one *Andrew Phillips*, who then and there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be, and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale; one *John Michell* (who then and there

## Obstructing, &c. Officers.

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there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be, and yet is there a Gauger and Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted to His said Majesty on Malt, duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such case made and provided, pursuant to and in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Officer given by the said Statute, did attempt and endeavour to take an Account of the just Quantity of a Parcel of Corn then and there found, which had been wetted and steeped by the said *Andrew Phillips*, in some Cistern or other Vessel, and then and there was lying in a Couch, that is to say, the said *John Michell* in the due Execution of the said Powers and Authorities, did then and there thrust a gauging Rod into several Parts and Places of the said Parcel of Corn, thereby to gauge and measure the Depth thereof; and in the due Execution of the said Powers and Authorities, did then and there lay a Piece of Tape on the said Parcel of Corn, thereby to measure the Length and Breadth thereof; but that whilst he was so doing, the said *Andrew Phillips* did then and there throw and cause to be thrown part of the said Parcel of Corn against the said gauging Rod, and upon the Parts and Places in and of the said Parcel of Corn, into which the said *John Michell* had put the said gauging Rod, and also upon the said Piece of Tape whilst the same was lying upon the said Parcel of Corn, so and in such manner that the said *John Michell* could not gauge and measure the said Corn; and thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder him the said *John Michell* then and there being

*The Officer endeavoured to take an Account.*

*The manner of Obstructing.*

*The Offence.*

# *Informations and Summons for*

*Forfeiture.*

such Officer as aforesaid, in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the ascertaining and securing the Duties upon Malt to such Officer given in and by the Statute in such case made, that is to say, in and from taking an Account of the just Quantity of the said Corn then and there found as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Ten Pounds of lawful *English* Money: And thereupon the said *Thomas Broughton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Andrew Philips* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Andrew Philips, Malster.*

*Town of Andover  
in the County of  
South-ton, ss.*

**WE** *A B and C D, Esqs;*  
Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the  
Town of *Andover* in the  
County of *South-ton*, do hereby give you Notice,  
That *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. as well for his  
said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited be-  
fore us an Information against you for the Sum  
of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for Obstru-  
cting and Hindring Mr. *John Michell* Gager and  
Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted  
to His said Majesty on Malt, in Gaging and  
taking



taking an Account of a Parcel of Corn which had been by you wetted and steeped, and was then lying in a Couch : You are therefore, &c.  
(as in other Summons.)

An Information against a Malster, for Obstructing an Officer in Two several Instances, viz. in Gauging Corn in a Cistern, and in Gauging, &c. Corn in a Couch.

Kent, ss. **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,) and thereby informeth us, That for and during the Space of Three Months now last past and longer, one *John Thompson* hath been, and continued to be, and yet is a Gauger of Excise, and an Officer for the Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such case made ; and that he so being such Gauger and Officer as aforesaid, he within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of *February* now instant, at *Maidstone* aforesaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Gauger and Officer given, in and by the Statute in such case made, did then and there attempt and endeavour to Gauge and take an Account of the just Quantity of a Parcel of Corn which had been wetted and steeped by one *William Thomas*, and which was then and there found in a Cistern belonging to and used by him the said *William Thomas*, who then and there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be there a Malster and

The Informa-  
tion,

Officer endeavoured to take an Account of Corn in a Cistern.

The manner of  
Obstruſting.

The ſiſt Of-  
fence.

Forfeiture for  
this Offence.

Officer endea-  
voured to take  
an Account of  
Corn in a  
Couch.

maker of Malt for Sale, and that the ſaid *John Thompson* in order to take ſuch Account of the ſaid Parcel of Corn, did then and there ſeveral Times put his gauging Rod into the ſaid Corn; but whilſt he was ſo doing, the ſaid *William Thomas* did move and cauſe to be removed Part of the ſaid Corn from one Part of the ſaid Ciftern to another, ſo and in ſuch manner that the ſaid *John Thompson* could not take an Account thereof; and thereby did then and there obſtruct and hinder him the ſaid *John Thompson*, then and there being ſuch Gauger and Officer as aforeſaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the aſcertaining and ſecuring the Duties upon Malt to ſuch Officer given, in and by the Statute in ſuch caſe made, that is to ſay, in and from taking an Account of the juſt Quantity of the ſaid Corn then and there found in the ſaid Ciftern contrary to the Form of the ſaid Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Ten Pounds of lawful *Engliſh* Money: And the ſaid *Philip Bamford* further informeth us the ſaid Juſtices, That the ſaid *John Thompson* ſo being ſuch Gauger and Officer as aforeſaid, he within Three Months now laſt paſt, that is to ſay, on the Third Day of *February* aforeſaid, at *Maidſtone* aforeſaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as ſuch Gauger and Officer given, in and by the Statute in ſuch caſe made, did then and there attempt and endeavour to Gauge and take an Account of the juſt Quantity of a Parcel of Corn which had been wetted and ſteeped by the ſaid *William Thomas*, and which was then and there found in a Couch belonging to and uſed by him the ſaid *William Thomas*, who then and there was, and for and during the ſaid three Months now laſt

last past, hath been and continued to be there a  
 Malster and maker Malt for Sale; but whilst he  
 was so doing, the said *William Thomas* did throw *The manner of*  
 and cause to be thrown part of the said Corn, *Obstructing.*  
 at and upon him the said *John Thompson*, so and  
 in such manner that he could not take an Ac-  
 count of the said Corn last mentioned; and  
 thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder *The Second Of-*  
 him the said *John Thompson*, then and there being *fence.*  
 such Officer as aforesaid, in the due Execution  
 of the Powers and Authorities for the ascertain-  
 ing and securing the Duties upon Malt to such  
 Officer given, in and by the Statute in such case  
 made, that is to say, in and from taking an Ac-  
 count of the just Quantity of the said Corn then  
 and there found in the said Couch, contrary to  
 the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath *Forfeiture for*  
 forfeited Ten Pounds more of like lawful Money, *that Offence.*  
 which said several and respective Forfeitures do  
 in the whole amount unto the Sum of Twenty  
 Pounds of like Money: And thereupon the said  
*Philip Bamford* who as well, &c. (as in other In-  
 formations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. William Thomas, Malster.*

*Kent, ss.* **W**E, &c. (as in other Summons,) hath  
 exhibited an Information against  
 you, for Two several Penalties, each of Ten  
 Pounds, in the whole amounting to Twenty  
 Pounds, for obstructing and hindring *Mr. John*  
*Thompson* Gauger and Officer of Excise in Two  
 several Instances in the Gauging and taking an  
 Account of your Corn which had been steeped  
 for the making Malt: You are therefore, &c.  
 (as in other Summons.)

C H A P.



CHAP. XI.

*Informations and Summons for Removing, &c.*

*Note, The Clause against Distillers removing their Low-Wines lays the Penalty for removing thereof without Distilling them a Second Time.*

*An Information against a Common Distiller, for removing Low-Wines before they had been Distilled a Second Time.*

*Information.*

*The Offence.*

**C**ity of Bristol, ff. **B**E it Remembered, &c. (as in other Informations,) That one *Luke Brown* for Three Months now last past and longer, having been and continued to be a Common Distiller of Low-Wines, and of Spirits, and Strong-Waters for Sale and Exportation, that is to say, at the City of *Bristol* aforesaid; he the said *Luke Brown* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of *September* now instant, at the City of *Bristol* aforesaid, did sell and remove Low-Wines by him there Distilled, that is to say, Forty Gallens of Low-Wines so by him there Distilled as aforesaid, after an Account of the Quantity thereof had been taken by the Gauger, and without distilling or drawing off the said Low-Wines a Second Time, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made and provided;

## Informations and Summons, &c.

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vided; whereby the said *Luke Brown* for every Gallon of the said Low-Wines so sold and removed as aforesaid, hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Ten Pounds of like Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*Forfeiture.*

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Luke Brown, Common Distiller.

City of Bristol, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons.) for the Sum of Ten Pounds by you forfeited, for selling and removing Forty Gallons of Low-Wines by you Distilled, before they had been Distilled a Second Time: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

Note, The Penalties for Removing, &c. Candles, Soap, Paper, Callicoes, Linens, &c. and Starch, are by those respective Acts particularly limited and expressed for the Removing, &c. the said respective Manufactures without Notice, &c. And therefore in Informations in those Cases it will be proper to mention that such Removing, &c. was done without Notice.

An

*An Information against a Maker of Candles,  
for Removing Candles before an Account ta-  
ken, and without Notice.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

**BE** it Remembred, &c. (as in other In-  
formations,) That one *James Mills*  
for Three Months now last past and longer, ha-  
ving been, and during all that time continuing  
to be a Maker of Candles at *Bromley* in the said  
County of *Kent*, and not having compounded  
for the Duties on Candles by him made and to  
be made; he the said *James Mills* within Three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the  
Twentieth Day of *March* now last past, at  
*Bromley* aforesaid, did remove, carry, and send  
away, and did suffer to be removed, carried, and  
sent away Candles by him made, that is to say,  
Twenty Pounds Weight of Candles, (of which  
said Candles so removed, carried, and sent away  
as aforesaid, no Account had been first taken  
by the proper Officer appointed to take an Ac-  
count of the same,) and that before the said re-  
moving, carrying, and sending away thereof,  
there was not any Notice given to the proper  
Officer of any Intention to remove, carry, or  
send away the same, as by the Statute in such  
Case made there ought to have been, and that  
the said *James Mills* did wholly omit to give such  
Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in  
such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited  
Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And  
thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Forfeiture*

A Sum-



*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Mills, Maker of Candles.*

*Kent, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) for the Sum of Twenty Pounds by you forfeited, for removing, carrying, and sending away Candles by you made, whereof no Account had been taken, and without giving any Notice of your Intention to remove, carry, or send away the same: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)*

*The like Information and Summons will serve for Removing Soap, changing such Words as are necessary to be changed.*

*An Information against a Maker of Paper, for Removing Two Parcels of Paper before an Account was taken thereof, and without Notice.*

*County of Monmouth, ss. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,)*

*That one Thomas Phillips for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and during all that Time continuing to be a Maker of Paper at Iston in the said County of Monmouth; he the said Thomas Philips within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the several and respective Days herein after mentioned at Iston aforesaid, did remove, carry, and send away, and did suffer to be removed, carried, and sent away*

*Informations and Summons*

away Paper by him there made, that is to say, one Parcel thereof containing seventeen Reams, on the Two and Twentieth Day of *April* now last past, and one other Parcel thereof containing Two Reams and an half on the Twelfth Day of *May* now last past, (of which said Parcels of Paper so removed, carried, and sent away as aforesaid, or of either of them, no Account had been first taken by the proper Officer appointed to take an Account of the same,) and that before the said removing, carrying, and sending away thereof there was not any Notice given to the proper Officer of any Intention to remove, carry, and send away the same, as by the Statute in such Case made there ought to have been; and that the said *Thomas Phillips* did wholly omit to give Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and *The Forfeiture.* provided; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money for each of the said Offences, amounting in the whole to Forty Pounds of like Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Thomas Phillips, Maker of Paper.*

*County of Monmouth, ff. WE, &c. (as in other Summons.)* for the Sum of Forty Pounds, by you forfeited, for removing, carrying, and sending away Two several and respective Parcels of Paper, of which no Account had been taken, and without giving any Notice of your Intention to remove, carry, or

for Removing, &c.

or send away the same: You are therefore, &c.  
(as in other Summons.)

An Information against a Printer of Callico-  
es and Linens, for Removing Callico-  
es and Linens before an Account taken, and  
before marked with a Stamp, &c.

Middlesex, ff. **BE** it Remembered, &c. (as in other  
Informations.) That one *Andrew The Informa-*

*Roberts* for Three Months now last past and lon-  
ger, having been, and during all that Time  
continuing to be a Printer and Painter of Cal-  
lico-*es* and Linens at *Stains* in the said County of  
*Middlesex*; he the said *Andrew Roberts* within three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the Se-  
cond Day of *May* now last past, at *Stains* afore-  
said, did remove, carry, and send away, and  
did suffer to be removed, carried, and sent away *The Offence.*  
Callico-*es* and Linens by him there printed, pain-  
ed, stained, and dyed, that is to say, Twenty  
Yards of Callico-*es* and Ten Yards of Linens so  
printed, painted, stained, and dyed, which  
were liable to certain Duties imposed by the  
Statute in such case made and provided, before  
any Account had been taken of the said Callico-  
es and Linens so removed, carried, and sent  
away by the proper Officer appointed to take  
an Account of the same, and before the same  
had been duly marked with a Stamp or Seal to  
denote the Charging of the Duties thereupon,  
which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in  
such Case made and provided; whereby the  
said *Andrew Roberts* hath forfeited the Sum of *The Forfeiture.*  
Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And  
thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

A Sum-



# *Informations and Summons, &c.*

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Andrew Roberts, Printer of Callicoes and Linens.*

*Middlesex, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) for the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by you forfeited, for removing, carrying, and sending away Callicoes and Linens by you printed, painted, stained, and dyed, before any Account had been taken thereof, and before the same had been duly marked with a Stamp or Seal, to denote the Charging the Duties thereupon: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)*

**CHAP.**

**C H A P. XII.**

**Informations and Summons against Maltsters.**

**An Information against a Maltster, for treading, &c. in a Couch Corn which had been steeped for the making Malt.**

**Surry, ss.** **B**E it Remembred, That this Nineteenth Day of *June*, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *GEORGE* that now is, at *Croydon* in the County of *Surry*, *Penneston Asty*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibireth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one *James Atwood* for and during Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being at *Stretbam* in the said County of *Surry*, a Maltster and maker of Malt for Sale; he the said *James Atwood* within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Thirtieth Day of *May* now last past, at *Stretbam* aforesaid, in a Couch then and there belonging to and used by him, did tread, ram, and otherwise force together a Quantity, that is to say, one Hundred Bushels of Corn which had by him been there steeped for the making thereof

*The Recording of the laying the Information.*

*The Informa-*

*The Offence.*

(*Information and Summons*)

## Informations and Summons

into Malt; and thereby did then and there make the said Corn to lye so close in the said Couch that the Rise and Swelling thereof was thereby prevented, and thereby it was rendred very difficult for any Officers or Officer for the Duties upon Malt to know the true Quantity of the said Corn then and there being in the said Couch, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made and provided; whereby he the said *James Atwood* for every Bushel of the said Corn so trodden, rammed, and otherwise forced together as aforesaid, hath forfeited Two Shillings

*The Forfeiture.*

*The Forfeiture.*  
The Forfeiture  
of the  
the  
the

and Six Pence of lawful English Money, amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money: And thereupon the said *Peniston* who as well, as humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *James Atwood* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Atwood, Maltster.*

*Sutry, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons;) an*  
Information against you for the Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings; by you forfeited, for treading, ramming, and otherwise forcing together one Hundred Bushels of Corn which had been by you steeped for the making thereof into Malt: You are therefore  
*&c. (as in other Summons.)*

*An*



An Information against a Maltster for treading, &c. Two Parcels of Corn steeped for making Malt.

Suffex, ff. **BE** it Remembered, &c. (as in the Information next before), That one John Wilkins, for and during three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at Horsham in the said County of Suffex, a Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale, he the said John Wilkins within the said three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Twentieth Day of February now last past, at Horsham aforesaid, did tread, ram and otherwise force together, two several and respective Parcels of Corn, which by him had respectively been there wetted and steeped for the making thereof respectively into Malt, and which then and there respectively were in Couches belonging to and used by him; that is to say, on the Fifteenth Day of February now last past, one Parcel of such Corn as aforesaid, containing One hundred Bushels, and on the Twentieth Day of February aforesaid, one other Parcel of such Corn as aforesaid, containing Fifty Bushels; and thereby did then and there make the said respective Parcels of Corn to lie so close in the said respective Couches, that the Rise and Swelling of every and each of the said respective Parcels of Corn was thereby prevented, and thereby it was rendred very difficult for any Officers or Officer for the Duties upon Malt, to know the true Quantities of the said respective Parcels of Corn then and there being in the said respective Couches as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and

The Information.

The Offences.

First Offence.

Second Offence.

## Informations and Summons

*The Forfeiture.*

provided; whereby the said *John Wilkins* for every Bushel of the said respective Parcels of Corn so trodden, rammed and otherwise forced together, as aforesaid (the whole consisting of One hundred and Fifty Bushels) hath forfeited Two Shillings and Six Pence of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Eighteen Pounds and Five Shillings of like Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in the Information next before.)

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

*To Mr. John Wilkins, Maltster.*

*Suffex, ff. WE, &c. (as in other Summons)* an Information against you for the Sum of Eighteen Pounds and Five Shillings by you forfeited, for treading, ramming, and otherwise forcing together two several and respective Parcels of Corn in two several and respective Couches, which had respectively been wetted and steeped for the making thereof into Malt; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maltster for mixing Corn of two several Wettings, before the same had been put on the Kiln.*

*County of Hertford, ff. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Informations),* That one *Daniel Collier*, for and during three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at *Ross*

*The Information.*

*Royston* in the said County of *Hertford*, a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and not having compounded for the Duties on Malt from him due, and to grow due to his said Majesty, he the said *Daniel Collier*, in order to the defrauding of his said Majesty of and in his said Duty upon Malt, and for preventing the Officers for the said Duty from taking and keeping a true Account of the Corn herein after mentioned, by him there steeped and making into Malt, at and in a Malt-house in *Royston* aforesaid, belonging to and used by him the said *Daniel Collier*; he the said *Daniel Collier*, within the said three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Twelfth Day of *January* now last past, at *Royston* aforesaid, in his said Malt-house, did mix and cause to be mixed two or more Parcels of Corn there making into Malt, part thereof being of one Wetting and Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting and Steeping; the Corn so mixed, amounting in the whole to One Hundred sixty and one Bushels; and that the same were then and there mixed so and in such manner, that the Officer for the said Duties could not distinguish one Wetting from the other; and that the said Corn was then and there so mixed as aforesaid, before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying; which is contrary to the Form of the Statute, in such Case made and provided; whereby the said *Daniel Collier*, for every Bushel of the said Corn so mixed as aforesaid, hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Forty Pounds and Five Shillings of like Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

Corn

L 3

## A Sum-



## A Summons on the foregoing Information

To Mr. Daniel Collier, Maltster.

County of Hertford, *J. W. E.*, &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Forty Pounds and Five Shillings by you forfeited, for mixing One hundred sixty one Bushels of Corn, which had been wetted and steeped, and was then making into Malt (some part thereof being of one Wetting or Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting or Steeping) before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying, you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

## An Information against a Maltster for Two Mixtures, each consisting of Corn of several Wettings and Steepings.

County of Southampton, *J. B. E.* it Remembred, &c. (as in other like Informations) That one Thomas Rogers for and during three Months now last past and longer, having been and continuing to be, and yet being at Basingstoke, in the said County of Southampton, a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and not having compounded for the Duties on Malt from him due and to grow due to his said Majesty, he the said Thomas Rogers, in order to the defrauding of his said Majesty of and in his said Duty upon Malt, and for preventing the Officers for the said Duty from taking and keeping true Accounts of the Corn

The Informa-  
tion.

Corn herein after mentioed, by him there steeped and making into Malt, at and in a Malt-house in ~~High Street~~ <sup>High Street</sup> aforesaid, belonging to and used by him the said ~~Thomas Rogers~~ <sup>Thomas Rogers</sup> he the said ~~Thomas Rogers~~ <sup>Thomas Rogers</sup> at divers Days and Times within three Months now last past at ~~High Street~~ <sup>High Street</sup> aforesaid, in his said Malt-house, did mix and cause to be mixed, several Parcels of Corn there making into Malt of several and respective Wettings and Steepings, that is to say, on the Fourth Day of October now last past, did there, mix and cause to be mixed several Parcels of Corn then and there making into Malt, containing together One hundred Bushels of Corn then and there making into Malt, part thereof being of one Wetting or Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting and Steeping, and that the same were then and there mixed so and in such manner, that the Officer for the said Duties could not distinguish one Wetting from the other, and that the said Corn was then and there so mixed as aforesaid, before the same had been put on the Kilm for drying: And that on the Twentieth Day of October aforesaid, he the said ~~Thomas Rogers~~ <sup>Thomas Rogers</sup> at his Malt-house aforesaid, did mix and cause to be mixed, several other Parcels of Corn then and there making into Malt, containing together Eighty Bushels of Corn then and there making into Malt, part thereof being of one Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting and Steeping, and that the same were then and there mixed so and in such manner, that the Officer for the said Duties could not distinguish one Wetting from the other; and that the said Corn last-mentioned was likewise so mixed as aforesaid,

The Offences

The First Mixture.

The Second Mixture.

before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby the said *Thomas Rogers* for every Bushel of the said respective Parcels of Corn so mixed as aforesaid (the whole consisting of One hundred and Eighty Bushels) hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money, in the whole amounting to Forty five Pounds of like Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in other like Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Thomas Rogers, Maltster.*

County of Southampton, ss. **WE**, &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Forty five Pounds by you forfeited, for mixing at one time One hundred Bushels of Corn, which had been wetted and steeped, and was making into Malt, and at another time Eighty Bushels of Corn, which likewise had been wetted and steeped, and was making into Malt; some part of the said One hundred Bushels, and also of the said Eighty Bushels respectively being of one Wetting and Steeping, and other part thereof respectively being of some former Wettings and Steepings; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**G. H. A. P.**



# C H A P. XII.

## Informations and Summons against Makers of Candles.

An Information against a Maker of Candles,  
for not declaring the Number of Sticks of  
a Making of Candles, nor being Mould-  
Candles.

Suffex, ff. **B**E it Remembred, That this Nineteenth  
Day of June, in the Second Year  
of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE  
that now is, at Lewes in the County of Suffex,  
Benjamin Everard, Gent. in his proper Person,  
as well for His said Majesty as for himself, exhi-  
biteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs. two of His Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County,  
residing near to the Place where the Offence  
herein after mentioned was committed, a Com-  
plaint and Information, and thereby informeth  
us, That one James Miles for three Months now  
last past and longer, having been, and continu-  
ing to be, and yet being at Lewes in the said  
County of Suffex, a Chandler and Maker of  
Candles for Sale, he the said James Miles, with-  
in the said three Months now last past, that is to  
say, on the Thirtieth Day of May now last past,  
at Lewes aforesaid, did make a Course or Making  
of Tallow Candles for Sale, not being Mould-  
Candles; and that before he began to make and  
dip the said Making or Course of Candles (althe'  
before

The Recording  
of the laying  
the Information

The Informa-  
tion.

The Offence.

# *Informations and Summons*

before the beginning of the before-mentioned Making or Course, a proper Officer had been and then was duly appointed from time to time to take Accounts of such Makings or Courses of Candles, as should from time to time be there made by the said James Miles, and for that purpose was daily attending at the Place where the said Candles were made) he the said James Miles did not declare to the said Officer, or to any other Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, the Number of Sticks which he designed to make at the said Making or Course, and also the Sizes of the Candles whereof each Stick was to consist, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done; but did wholly omit and neglect to make such Declaration, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money; and thereupon the said Benjamin Edwards, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the said Statute, and that the said James Miles may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Miles, maker of Candles.*

*W. B. &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Ten Pounds by you forfeited, for making a Course of Candles (not being Mould Candles) without*

# against Makers of Candles.

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without declaring the Number of Sticks and Sizes of the Candles contained in the said Course: You are therefore, &c. &c. in other Summons.)

An Information against a maker of Candles, for increasing the Number of Sticks above his Declaration.

**B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Information,) That one Henry Davis for Three Months now last past and longer, having been and continuing to be, at *Westerham* in the said County of *Kent*, a Chandler and maker of Candles for Sale: he the said Henry Davis within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Sixth Day of *April* now last past, at *Westerham* aforesaid, did make a Making or Course of Tallow Candles for Sale, not being mould Candles; and that the said Henry Davis having before he began to make the said Course or Making of Candles declared to a proper Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, that he the said Henry Davis designed in and at that Making or Course to make one Hundred and Fifty Sticks of Candles; he the said Henry Davis after the said Declaration so made as aforesaid, that is to say, on the said Sixth Day of *April* aforesaid, at *Westerham* aforesaid, did make an increase of the Number of the Sticks of Candles in the said Making or Course over and above the Number of Sticks so declared as aforesaid, that is to say, did then and there make Ten Sticks of Tallow Candles over and above the Number of Sticks so declared

The Information.

The Defendant's Declaration.

The Increase.



*Informations and Summons*

as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in the foregoing Information.)

*An Information against a Maker of Candles, and Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Henry Davis, Maker of Candles.*

*Kent, I WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) an* Information against you for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for making an increase of the Number of Sticks of Candles above the Number of Sticks by you declared: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maker of Candles, for not declaring a Making of Mould Candles.*

*The Information. Kent, ff. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,) That one Thomas Andrews* for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at *Maidstone* in the County of Kent aforesaid, a Chandler and Maker of Candles for Sale; he the said *Thomas Andrews* within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Ninth Day of *January* now last past, at *Maidstone* aforesaid, did make a Course or Making of Tallow Candles for Sale, being Mould Candles; and that before he began to fill any

*against Makers of Candles*

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of the said Moulds, (altho' long before the Beginning of the before-mentioned Making or Course, a proper Officer had been, and then and there was daily appointed from Time to Time to take Accounts of such Makings or Courses of Candles as should from Time to Time be there made by the said *Thomas Andrews*, and for that Purpose was daily attending at the Place where the said Candles were made,) he the said *Thomas Andrews* did not declare to the said Officer, or to any other Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, how many Moulds he intended to fill at the said making, and how often he intended at the said Making to draw the said Moulds, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did wholly omit and neglect to make such Declaration, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money; And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information*

*To Mr. Thomas Andrews, Maker of Candles.*

*Ken. S. WE, &c. (as in other Summons.)* for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for making a Course or Making of Candles, being Mould Candles, without declaring how many Moulds you intended to fill at the said Making, and how often you intended to draw the same: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An*

# **Information and Summons**

**The Informa-  
tion.**

**The Defen-  
dant's Decla-  
ration.**

**The Offence.**

**The Forfeiture.**

**As Information against the Maker of Candles,**  
**for filling a greater Number of Moulds than**  
**were declared.**

**Sheweth, That** **it is Remembered**, &c. **as in other In-**  
**formations,** That one **William Jones**  
**for Three Months now last past and longer,** ha-  
**ving been,** and continuing to be, and yet being  
**at Rygate in the said County of Surry,** a Chandler  
**and maker of Candles for Sale;** he the said  
**William Jones** within the said Three Months  
**now last past,** that is to say, on the Sixth Day  
**of March now last past,** at **Rygate** aforesaid, did  
**make a Course or Making of Candles for Sale,**  
**being mould Candles;** and that the said **William**  
**Jones** having before he began to fill any of the  
**said Moulds declared to a proper Officer,** appoint-  
**ed to take an Account of the same,** that he the  
**said William Jones** intended in and at the said  
**Making to fill Sixty Moulds,** and to draw the  
**same Three Times;** he the said **William Jones**  
**after the said Declaration so made as aforesaid,**  
**that is to say,** on the said Sixth Day of **March**  
**aforesaid,** at **Rygate** aforesaid, did fill a greater  
**Number of Moulds than were declared as afore-**  
**said,** that is to say, did then and there fill Six  
**Moulds more than the Number of Moulds so**  
**declared as aforesaid,** contrary to the Form of  
**this Statute in such Case made;** whereby he  
**hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful**  
**English Money;** And thereupon, &c. **(as in**  
**other Informations.)**

**A Sum-**



# against Makers of Candles

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County of Hertford, a Chandler and maker of

**A Summons on the foregoing Information.**

To Mr. William Jones, maker of Candles

The Re-Dip-  
ping

that is to say, Three Sticks of Tallow Candles

**W** E, the undersigned, do hereby certify

Information against you for the

Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for file

ling a greater Number of Moulds than were by

you declared: You are therefore, &c. (as

other Summons.) and there increase the Weight

trialy to the Form of the Statute in such case

If the Information be for drawing Moulds after

than declared: then thus, viz. Ten Pounds of

thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

— Did draw the said Moulds oftner than he

had declared to draw the same, as aforesaid,

that is to say, did then and there draw the said

Moulds Four Times, contrary, &c.

To Mr. James Price, Maker of Candles.

And in the Summons thus, viz.

**W** E, the undersigned, do hereby certify

By you, forfeited, for drawing a Number

of Moulds oftner than you had declared to draw

the same: You are, &c.

**An Information against a maker of Candles**

for Re-Dipping Candles after Weighed.

County of Hertford, ss. **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as

in other Informations.)

That one James Price for Three Months now

The Officer

The Justice

The Informa-

tion.

County

*Informations and Summons, &c.*

*The Re-Dipping.*

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

County of Hertford, a Chandler and maker of Candles for Sale : he the said *James Price* within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of *June* now last past, at *Ware* aforesaid, did re-dip certain Candles, that is to say, Three Sticks of Tallow Candles after the same Candles so as aforesaid re-dipped had been there made by him, and weighed by a proper Officer appointed to take an Account of the same; and thereby after the said Candles had been so weighed as aforesaid, did then and there increase the Weight thereof, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Price, Maker of Candles.*

County of Hertford, ss. **WE**, &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for increasing the Weight of Three Sticks of Candles, by re-dipping thereof after the same had been weighed: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**CHAP.**

## C H A P. XIV.

### Informations and Summons against Witnesses.

*An Information against a Witness, for not attending according to a Summons.*

Norfolk, ss. **B**E it Remembred, That this Nineteenth Day of June in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Thetford in the said County of Norfolk, John Todd, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqs; Two of his said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That at a Time now past, that is to say, on the First Day of this present Month of June, he the said John Todd did exhibit an Information in Writing before us the said Justices, against one James Richardson a Master and maker of Malt for Sale, at Thetford aforesaid, for an Offence against the Statute for laying Duties on Malt, that is to say, for fraudulently hiding, concealing, and conveying away, contrary to the Statute in such case made, Fifty Bushels of Malt by him made; and that upon the said Information so exhibited before us for the Offence aforesaid, We the said Justices, according to the Form of the Statute in such

*The Recording the laying the present Information.*

*The Information That a former Information was exhibited.*

M

case



## Informations and Summons

*That a Summons was thereupon granted.*

case made, did grant and issue out our Precept and Summons in Writing, bearing Date the said First Day of *June* now instant, to summon and require one *Thomas Freeman* of *Thetford* aforesaid, a material Witness to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of the matter in controversy before us, in and upon the said recited Information, personally to be and appear before us at the Place and Time by us then appointed, to hear and determine the Matters contained in the said Information, that is to say, at the House of one *William Tims*, being the Sign of the *Red-Lyon*, an Inn and publick House in *Thetford* aforesaid, on the Eighth Day of this present Month of *June*, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the said Day, there and then to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of the Matter in Controversie before us, and contained in the said recited Information, as in and by the said Proceedings remaining of Record before us may appear; and the said *John Todd* further informeth us the said Justices, That notwithstanding that afterwards, that is to say, on the Second Day of this present Month of *June*, at *Thetford* aforesaid, he the said *Thomas Freeman* was duly served with the said Summons, (as in Fact he was,) yet he did not appear before us the said Justices at the said Time and Place so as aforesaid, appointed by our said Summons, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done; but so to appear before us according to the said Summons, the said *Thomas Freeman* did then and there wholly neglect and refuse, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And there.

*That the Defendants though served with the said Summons did not appear.*

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*



## Informations and Summons

been duly served with the said Summons; he the said *Thomas Freeman* did appear before us the said Justices at the said Time and Place so as aforesaid, appointed by our said Summons; but that the said *Thomas Freeman* being then and there duly required by us the said Justices, to be duly Sworn and give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of the Matter in Controversie before us, and contained in the said recited Information then depending before us, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done; he the said *Thomas Freeman* so to be Sworn and to give Evidence, did then and there wholly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in the foregoing Information.)

*And in the Summons thus, viz.*

—For the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for refusing to be Sworn and give Evidence, having been duely summoned so to do: You are therefore, &c.

CHAP.



## CHAP. XV.

### Forms for JUDGMENTS in several Cases.

*A Judgment against a Defendant who doth not appear according to the Summons, with a Mitigation of the Penalty.*

**A**T the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, that is to say, this Thirteenth Day of May, Anno Domini, 1716. at Maidstone in the Countrey of Kent, sufficient Proof being made before, that the Defendant within named hath had due Notice of the within written Information, and that he was duly summoned to appear before us here this Day; and he in Contempt of the said Summons, neglecting now to appear, and making Default therein, and the Fact and Offence in the within written Information being now fully proved before us, we do convict him thereof: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant hath forfeited the within mentioned Sum of Fifty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Thirty Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs. Given under our Hands at Maidstone aforesaid, this Thirteenth Day of May, Anno Domini, 1716.

## Forms of Judgments in several Cases.

*If the Justices don't think fit to mitigate the Penalty, then these Words, viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Thirty Pounds,) must be left out.*

*A Judgment against a Defendant who appears and confesseth the Facts in the Information.*

**A**T the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, that is to say, this Thirtieth Day of June, Anno Domini, 1716. at Guilford in the said County of Surry, the within named Defendant appeareth and confesseth the Fact and Offence within written, of which we thereupon convict him: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant hath forfeited the within mentioned Sum of Thirty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs. Given under our Hands at Guilford aforesaid, this Thirteenth Day of June, Anno Domini, 1716.

*If the Penalty is not mitigated, then these Words (which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Twenty Pounds,) must be left out.*

*A Judgment against a Defendant who appears and pleadeth.*

**A**T the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the Information within written, that is to say, this Eighth Day of April, Anno Domini, 1716. at Ipswich in the County of Suffolk, the within named Defendant appeared and pleadeth, That he is not Guilty of the Offence within mentioned; but the same being now fully and duly proved, we do convict him thereof: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant hath forfeited the within mentioned Sum of Fifty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Fifteen Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs. Given under our Hands at Ipswich aforesaid, this Eighth Day of April, Anno Domini, 1716.

*If the Penalty is not mitigated, then these Words, viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Fifteen Pounds,) must be left out.*

*If the Defendant is convicted of two or more Offences in one Information, then instead of Offence insert the Word Offences.*



*A Judgment against a Defendant convicted of one and acquitted of another Offence, in the same Information.*

**A**T the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the Information within written, viz. this Tenth Day of July, Anno Domini, 1715. at Hertford in the County of Hertford, the within named Defendant appeareth and pleadeth, that he is not guilty of the Offences within mentioned; but the first of the said Offences being now fully and duly proved, we do convict him thereof: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant, for and by reason of the said first Offence, hath forfeited the within mentioned Summ of Twenty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to Twelve Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs: And the Second of the said Offences not being fully proved, we do acquit him thereof. Given under our Hands at Hertford aforesaid, this Tenth Day of July, Anno Domini, 1715.

*If no Mitigation is made, then the Words, viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to Twelve Pounds,) must be left out.*

A Judgment against a Defendant convicted of  
not giving Notice of one of the Vessels men-  
tioned in the Information, and acquitted of  
the rest.

AT the Time and Place appointed by our  
Summons on the Information within writ-  
ten, viz. this Tenth Day of January, Anno Do-  
mini, 1715, at Basingstoke in the County of South  
sex, the within named Defendant appeareth and  
pleadeth that he is not guilty of the Offences  
within mentioned; but it now being fully proved  
that he did make use of one of the Vessels with-  
in mentioned in the manner within expressed,  
and did not give any Notice thereof, as in the  
within written Information is alleged, we do  
convict him thereof: It is therefore now here  
considered and adjudged by us the said Justices,  
that the said Defendant for that Offence hath  
forfeited Fifty Pounds, which we mitigate and  
lessen to Twenty Pounds, to be distributed as  
the Law directs; and it appearing that he had  
given due Notice of all the other brewing Ves-  
sels within mentioned, we do acquit him as for  
and concerning the said other brewing Vessels  
within mentioned. Given under our Hands at  
Basingstoke aforesaid, this Tenth Day of January,  
Anno Domini, 1715.

If no Mitigation is made, then these Words, viz.  
(which we mitigate and lessen to Twenty  
Pounds,) must be left out.

A Judgment against a Malefactor convicted of  
Hiding and Concealing One Hundred and  
Seventy Bushels, being part of the Malt  
mentioned in the Information, and acquitted  
of the rest.

At the Time and Place appointed by our  
Summons on the Information within writ-  
ten, viz. this Sixth Day of February, Anno Do-  
mini, 1715, at Greenwich in the County of Kent,  
the within named Defendant appeareth and  
pleadeth, that he is not guilty of the Offence  
within mentioned; but it now being fully proved  
that he did hide and conceal One Hundred and  
Seventy Bushels of Malt, being part of the  
Malt mentioned in the within written Informa-  
tion; we do convict him of Hiding and Con-  
cealing the said One Hundred and Seventy Bu-  
shels: It is therefore now here considered and  
adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said  
Defendant for that Offence hath forfeited Eighty  
Five Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to  
Fifty Pounds, to be distributed as the Law di-  
rects: And there not appearing unto us any  
sufficient Proof of his hiding and concealing the  
residue and remainder of the said Two Hundred  
Bushels of Malt in the said Information men-  
tioned, amounting to Thirty Bushels; we do  
acquit him as for and concerning the hiding and  
concealing the said Thirty Bushels: Given un-  
der our Hands at Greenwich aforesaid this Sixth  
Day of February, Anno Domini, 1715.



If no Mitigation is made, then these Words, viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to Fifty Pounds,) must be left out.

In all other like Cases where the Penalty is more or less in proportion to the Quantity of any Manufacture, if the Defendant is convicted of part only, and is acquitted of the rest, the Judgment may be as next before.

*A Judgment against a Defendant, convicted as to part of the Arrears mentioned in the Information, (as to so much) being laid before the Time for paying thereof was fully expired.*

**A**T the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, viz. this Ninth Day of March, Anno Domini, 1715. at Kingston upon Thames in the County of Surry, the within named Defendant appeareth and pleadeth, that he is not guilty of the Matters within mentioned; but upon good and sufficient Proof we now convict him of not having duly paid the Duties of Ten Barrels of Strong-Beer, and of Twenty Barrels of Small-Beer, (part of the strong and small Beer mentioned in the Information) at the Time by the Statute appointed for Payment thereof: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant for that Offence hath forfeited double the Value of the Duties of the said Ten Barrels of strong and Twenty Barrels of small Beer, amounting to seven

# Form of Judgments in several Cases.

seven Pounds thirteen Shillings and four Pence:  
 But as to the rest of the strong and small Beer  
 mentioned in the said Information, the Time for  
 Paying the Duties thereof not being now fully ex-  
 pired; we for the present do acquit the said Defen-  
 dant of having forfeited the double Duties thereof.  
 Given under our Hands at *Kingston* aforesaid, this  
 Ninth Day of *March*, Anno Domini, 1715.

Judgment against a Defendant, consisting  
 as to part of the duties mentioned in the  
 Information, (as to so much) being laid  
 before the Time for paying thereof was fully  
 expired.

**A**T the Place and Place appointed by our  
 Summons on the within written Informa-  
 tion, was this Ninth Day of *March*, Anno Do-  
 mini, 1715, at *Kingston* upon *Towers* in the  
 County of *Surrey*, the within named Defendant  
 appeared and pleaded, that he is not guilty  
 of the Matters within mentioned; but upon  
 the within written Information we now convict him  
 of not having duly paid the Duties of Ten Bar-  
 rels of strong Beer, and of Twenty Barrels of  
 small Beer (part of the strong and small Beer  
 mentioned in the Information) at the Time by  
 the Statute appointed for Payment thereof: It is  
 therefore now here considered and adjudged by  
 us the said Justices, that the said Defendant for that  
 Offence hath forfeited double the Value of the  
 Duties of the said Ten Barrels of strong and  
 Twenty Barrels of small Beer, amounting to  
 seven

## C H A P. XVI.

### DIRECTIONS, *concerning* Warrants to *Seize Goods, &c.* on Judgments given by *Justices of the Peace.*

**I**T will be sufficient in these Warrants to mention generally, That the Money to be levied thereby was recovered for an Offence or Offences against the Laws of Excise, or for an Offence or Offences against the Laws relating to the Duties on Candles, Soap, or the like, (as the Case may happen to be,) without expressing particularly the Species or kind of the Offence, which having been particularly described and ascertained in the Information on which the Judgment is given, and in the Summons thereupon: And the Defendant having thereby had Notice thereof, it will be altogether needless again to repeat any Thing thereof in the Warrant to the Person who is to levy the Money, who acting therein only as the Minister and Servant of the Justices, need not be informed of the particular Offence committed by the Defendant; but if the Warrant containeth full and plain Direction to him what he is to do, and how and in what manner he is to act, that will be all that will be necessary for him to be informed of.

The Warrants in the next following Chapter are all calculated for Cases where the Justices have mitigated the Penalties; but will likewise serve in Cases where no such Mitigation is made,  
that



## Directions concerning Warrants, &c.

that is, in Cases where no Mitigation is made you must leave out the Words following, *viz.* (*by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money.*)

It hath already been observed, That where an Information is laid for double Duties forfeited by not duly paying single Duties, the Justices cannot in their Judgment make any Mitigation of those Penalties, and that the Warrant thereupon must be pursuant to and must agree with such Judgment; and for that Reason there must not in such Case be any Mitigation expressed in such Warrant; and therefore these Words, *viz.* (*by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Twenty Pounds of like Money,*) must in all such Cases be left out of all such Warrants; but that such Warrants may not be executed according to the full Extent thereof, (as they ought not to be unless in special and particular Cases,) the Justices may on the Back of such Warrant make an Indorsement to this or the like Effect, *viz.*

*A Direction to be indorsed on Warrants for double Duty.*

Levy on the within written Warrant only the single Duties remaining unpaid, and for the Charges of the Prosecution in this Case Ten Shillings, *viz.* inserting here such Sum more or less as the Justices shall think fit to allow for the Charges of such Prosecution.

The following Warrants are calculated for Cases where the Judgments are for one Penalty and for one Offence only; but in Cases where the Judgment is for Two or more Offences and Penalties, instead of the Word *Offence* insert the Word *Offences*.

See

## Directions concerning Warrants, &c.

1721

See before in Chapter the 12th in the First Part hereof, Reasons why the directing those Warrants to Officers of Excise is better and more proper than directing them to Constables, &c.

These Warrants may bear Date the same Day when the Judgment is given or any Day after (not being on Sunday,) as is already mentioned in the said 12th Chapter in the First Part.

Where there is no Danger of the Defendant's carrying off his Goods and Effects, it will be adviseable for the Officer before he executes the Warrant to demand the Money of the Defendant, and to try by fair Means to prevail with him to pay the Money; but if perswasion won't do, the Officer may then execute the Warrant, but should always do it in the best and civilest manner that may be. See the said 12th Chapter in the First Part hereof, about Warrants.

CHAP.

## C H A P. XVII.

**Warrants to seize Goods, &c. on Judgments given by Justices of the Peace.**

**A Warrant against a Victualler to levy Ten Pounds.**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.**

**Devonshire, ss. WE** whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Devon, do in His said Majesty's Name authorize and command you, every or any of you, that upon the brewing Vessels and Utensils for Brewing used by *Edward Francis of Tiverton* in the County of Devon, Victualler in the Brew-House and Place where he usually brews, at *Tiverton* aforesaid; and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said *Edward Francis*, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by *J C, Gent.* who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Edward Francis* against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us; and

*These Words are in 15. Car. II. Cap. 11. Sect. 13.*



and for the levying thereof, you are to seize, take, and carry away the said brewing-Vessels and Utensils of Brewing, and also the Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such Case (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) you are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Ten Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Tiverton* Collection, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such made and provided: And if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said brewing Vessels, or of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Edward Francis*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof; but in Case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such Case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Tiverton*, in the said County of *Devon*, this six and twentieth Day of *June*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Dom. 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

**N** **A** War

*A Warrant against a Distiller to levy Fifteen Pounds.*

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.

County of South'ton, ss. **WE** whose Hands and  
Seals are hereunto  
set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
for the said County of Southampton, do in His  
said Majesty's Name authorize and command  
you, every or any of you, that upon the Stills,  
Worms, Still Heads, and all other Vessels and  
Utensils for Distilling, used by *Jasper Smith* of  
*Basingstoke* in the County in South'ton, common  
Distiller, in the Distilling-House and Place  
where he usually Distills, at *Basingstoke* aforesaid,  
and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said  
*Jasper Smith*, you or any of you do levy the Sum  
of Fifteen Pounds of lawful English Money, by  
us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Forty  
Pounds of like Money, recovered against him  
by *T B*, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our  
Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a cer-  
tain Offence committed by the said *Jasper Smith*,  
against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, where-  
of he is convicted before us; and for the levying  
thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away  
the said Stills, Worms, Still Heads, and other  
Vessels and Utensils for Distilling, and also the  
Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Four-  
teen Days next after such Seizure the same shall  
not

*These Words  
are used in 7  
& 8 W. III.  
Cap. 30. Sect.  
13.*

not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Hants* Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Stills, Worms, Still Heads, Vessels, or Utensils for Distilling, or of the said Goods and Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Jasper Smith*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Basingstoke* in the said County of *South'son*, this second Day of *July*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini, 1716.*

See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.

N 1

2 Wat.



*A Warrant against a Vinegar Maker, to levy  
Twenty Pounds.*

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they or either of them shall take  
to their Assistance.

*Kent, ff.* **W**E whose Hands and Seals are here-  
unto set, Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent,  
do in His said Majesty's Name authorize and  
command you, every or any of you, that upon  
the Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing  
Vinegar Beer, used by *Peter Andrews* of *Green-  
wich* in the said County of Kent, Vinegar-Ma-  
ker, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the  
said *Peter Andrews*, you or any of you do levy  
the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English  
Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the  
Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money, recovered  
against him by P B, Gent. who prosecuted as  
well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for  
himself, for a certain Offence committed by the  
said *Peter Andrews* against the Laws and Statutes  
of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us;  
and for the levying thereof you are to seize,  
take, and carry away the said Brewing-Vessels  
and Utensils for Brewing, and also the Goods  
and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days  
next after such Seizure the same shall not be re-  
deemed, then and in such case you (after the  
Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to  
make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall  
be

*These Words  
are in 15. Car.  
II. Cap. 30.  
Sect. 13.*

be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Rocheſter* Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in ſuch caſe made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus ſhall remain of the ſaid Brewing-Veſſels and Utenſils for Brewing, or of the ſaid Goods or Chattels, or of the Money ariſing by Sale thereof, you are to render ſuch overplus to the ſaid *Peter Andrews*; and all Conſtables and Headboroughs of the ſaid County are hereby required to be aiding and aſſiſting to you in the due Execution hereof; but in caſe there cannot be found ſufficient to raiſe the Sum laſt mentioned, then and in ſuch Caſe you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the ſame to us the ſaid Juſtices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Greenwich* in the ſaid County of *Kent*, this Sixth Day of *April*, in the ſecond Year of His ſaid Majeſty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini*, 1716.

See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.

N 3

4 War-

**A Warrant against a Retailer of Cyder, to levy  
Five Pounds.**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they or either of them shall take  
to their Assistance,**

**Sheweth, That** **WE** whose Hands and Seals are here-  
unto set, Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of  
**Surry**, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize  
and Command you, every or any of you, that  
upon the Goods and Chattels of *John White* of  
*Kingston* in the said County of *Surry*, Retailer of  
Cyder, you or any of you do levy the Sum of  
Five Pounds of lawful English Money, by us  
mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Ten  
Pounds of like Money, recovered against  
him by *P A*, Gent. who prosecuted as well  
for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for him-  
self, for a certain Offence committed by the  
said *John White* against the Laws and Statutes of  
Excise, whereof he is convicted before us; and  
for the levying thereof you are to seize, take,  
and carry away the Goods and Chattels afore-  
said; and if in Fourteen Days next after such  
Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and  
in such case you (after the Expiration of the said  
Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of  
so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the  
said Sum of Five Pounds, which when levied,  
you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Ex-  
cise, for the Collection called *Surry* Collection  
for



for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *John White*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Kingston* in the said County of *Surry*, this First Day of *May*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annus Domini, 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

**A Warrant against a Mead-Maker, to levy Five Pounds.**

To *A B* and *C D* Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.

*Suffex, ss.* **WE** whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Suffex*, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, that upon the Goods and Chattels of *Thomas Price* of *Horsbarn* in the County of *Suffex*, Maker and Seller of Mead, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Five Pounds of lawful English Money, by

*Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Ten Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by *B E, Gent.* who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Thomas Price*, against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us, and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Goods and Chattels; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Five Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Sussex Collection* for the Timebeing, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided: And if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Thomas Price*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in Case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Hersham* in the said County of *Sussex*, this Eighth Day of *June*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini, 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

A War-

**A Warrant against a Malster to levy Thirty Pounds.**

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.

County of Hertford, ss. **WE** whose Hands and Seals are herenunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hertford, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, that upon the Malt found in the Custody of George Simpson of Standon in the said County of Hertford, Maker of Malt; and upon the Utensils used by the said George Simpson for making Malt in the Place where he usually makes Malt at Standon aforesaid, and upon his Goods and Chattels, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Thirty Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of One Hundred Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by R B, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said George Simpson against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, and for granting Duties upon Malt, &c. whereof he is convicted before us; and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Malt and Utensils for making Malt, and also the Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then

*These Words in the Malt Act.*



# Warrants to seize Goods, &c.

then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Thirty Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise and Malt, for the Collection called *Hertford* Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Malt, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *George Simpson*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Standon* in the said County of *Hertford*, this six and twentieth Day of *March*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini*, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

**A War-**

**A Warrant against a Maker of Candles, to levy  
Twenty Pounds.**

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they, or either of them, shall  
take to their Assistance.

County of Oxon, ss. **WE** whose Hands and  
Seals are hereunto set,  
Two of his Majesties Justices of the Peace for  
the said County of Oxon, Do in his said Ma-  
jesty's Name, Authorize and Command you,  
every or any of you, That upon the Candles, and  
Materials and Utensils for the making of Candles  
found in the Custody of *James Baker* of *Henley*,  
in the said County of *Oxon*, Maker of Candles;  
And upon the Goods and Chattels of the said  
*James Baker*, you, or any of you, do levy the  
Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Mo-  
ney, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum  
of Fifty Pounds of like Money, recovered against  
him by *J. P. Gent.* who prosecuted, as well for  
our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for  
a certain Offence committed by the said *James  
Baker*, against the Laws and Statutes relating to  
the Duties due to his said Majesty on Candles,  
whereof he is Convicted before us; And for the  
levying thereof, you are to seize, take and car-  
ry away the said Candles, Materials and Uten-  
sils, for making Candles, and also the Goods  
and Chattels aforesaid; and if in fourteen Days  
next after such Seizure, the same shall not be  
redeemed, then, and in such Case, you (after  
the

*The Words in  
the first Can-  
dle AB.*

the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof, as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of *Excise*, for the Collection, called *Oxon* Collection, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered, according to the Statute in such Case made and provided: And if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Candles, and Materials, and Utensils, for making Candles, or of the said Goods or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus to the said *James Baker*. And all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County, are hereby required to be Aiding and Assisting to you, in the due Execution hereof: But in Case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned; then and in such Case, you, by a Return to this our Warrant, are forthwith to Certifie the same to Us the said Justices. Given under Our Hands and Seals, at *Hewley*, in the said County of *Oxon*, this Thirtieth Day of *April*, in the Second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini, 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

And for the laying thereof, you are to seize, take and carry away the said Candles, Materials and Utensils for making Candles, and also the Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in fourteen Days next after such seizure, the same shall not be redeemed, then, and in such Case, you (after the

A War-



**A Warrant against a Planter of Hops for Fifteen Pounds.**

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons, as they, or either of them, shall take to their Assistance.

Kent, ff. **WE** whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, Do in His said Majesties Name, Authorize and Command, you, every or any of you, That upon the Hops, found in the Custody of *John Mitchell of Dartford*, in the said County of Kent, Planter of Hops, or of any to the Use of, or in Trust for him, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said *John Mitchell*, you, or any of you, do levy the Sum of Fifteen Pounds, of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened, from the Sum of Fifty Pounds, of like Money, recovered against him, by P. B. Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *John Mitchell*, against the Laws and Statutes, relating to the Duties due to his Majesty on Hops grown in *Great-Britain*, whereof he is Convicted before us, and for the levying thereof, you are to seize, take, and carry away, the said Hops, Goods, and Chattels, and if in fourteen Days next after such Seizure, the same shall not be redeemed, then, and in such Case, you (after the Expiration of the said fourteen Days) are to make Sale

*The Words in the First Hop Act.*

## *Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient, to levy the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of *Excise*, for the Collection called *Rocheſter* Collection, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered, according to the Statute in such Case made and provided: And if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Hops, Goods, or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus to the said *John Mitchell*; And all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County, are hereby required to be Aiding and Assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then, and in such Case, you, by a Return to this our Warrant, are forthwith to Certifie the same to Us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals, at *Derisford*, in the said County of *Kent*, this First Day of *June*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini*, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

A War-

**A Warrant against a Maker of Soap for  
Thirty Pounds.**

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they, or either of them, shall take  
to their Assistance,

Suffex, ff. **WE** whose Hand and Seal are  
hereunto set, Two of his Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of  
Suffex, do in his said Majesty's Name, Autho-  
rize and Command you, every or any of you,  
that upon the Soap, and Materials and Utensils for  
the making of Soap, found in the Custody of *The Ward in  
the First Soap*  
Thomas Powell of Cuckfield, in the said County  
of Suffex, Maker of Soap, and also upon the  
Goods and Chattels of the said Thomas Powell,  
you, every, or any of you, do levy the Sum of  
Thirty Pounds of lawful English Money, by us  
mitigated and lessened, from the Sum of One  
Hundred Pounds of like Money, recovered  
against him, by B. E. Gent. who prosecuted,  
as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for  
himself, for a certain Offence committed by  
the said Thomas Powell, against the Laws and  
Statutes relating to the Duties due to his Ma-  
jesty on Soap made in Great-Britain, whereof  
he is Convicted before us: And for the levying  
thereof, you are to seize, take, and carry away, the  
said Soap, and Materials and Utensils for making  
Soap, and also the said Goods and Chattels afore-  
said, and if in fourteen Days next after such  
Seizure, the same shall not be redeemed, then,  
and



and in such Case, you (after the Expiration of the said fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof, as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Thirty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of *Excise*, for the Collection called *Sussex* Collection, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered, according to the Statute in such Case made and provided; And if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Soap, Materials, Utensils, Goods or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus, to the said *Thomas Powell*; And all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County, are hereby required to be Aiding and Assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in Case there cannot be found sufficient to levy the Sum last mentioned, then and in such Case, you (by a Return to this our Warrant) are forthwith to certify the same to us, the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Cuckfield*, in the said County of *Sussex*, this eighth Day of *June*, in the second Year of his said Majesties Reign, *Annoq; Domini, 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

**A War-**

**A Warrant against a Maker of Paper for**

**Twenty Pounds**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons, as they or either of them, shall take to their Assistance.**

**Middlesex, ss. WE** whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, that upon the Paper, and Materials, and Utensils for the making thereof, found in the Custody of *Henry Mason of Breastra*, in the said County of Middlesex, Maker of Paper, or of any other or others, to the use of, or in trust for him, and also upon the Goods and Chattels of the said *Henry Mason*, you, every or any of you do levy the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Sixty Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by *P A*, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Henry Mason*, against the Laws and Statutes relating to the Duties due to His Majesty on Paper made in *Great-Britain*, whereof he is convicted before us; and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Paper, and Materials and Utensils for the making Paper, and also the said Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed,

*The Words in the First Paper are.*

ed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Survey Collection* for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Paper, Materials, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Henry Mason*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned; then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us, the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Brentford* in the said County of *Middlesex*, this Thirtieth Day of *May*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annus Domini, 1716.*

*See Directions about Warrants in the Chapter next before.*



**A Warrant against a Printer, &c. of Callico-  
es and Linens for Ten Pounds.**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person  
and Persons as they or either of them shall  
take to their Assistance.**

**WE** whose Hands and Seals are here-  
unto Set, Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of Sur-  
ry, do in His said Majesty's Name, Authorize  
and Command you, every or any of you, that  
upon the Utensils and Instruments for the print-  
ing, painting, staining, or dying of Silks, Cal-  
licoes, Linens, or Stuffs found in the Custody  
of *James Hosier* of Guilford in the said County  
of Surry, Printer, Painter, Stainer, and Dyer  
of Callico- and Linens, or of any other or others  
to the use of, or in trust for him, and also upon  
the Goods and Chattels of the said *James Hosier*,  
you or any of you do levy the Sum of Ten Pounds  
of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and less-  
ened from the Sum of Thirty Pounds of like  
Money, recovered against him by *P. A.* Gent.  
who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord  
the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence  
committed by the said *James Hosier*, against the  
Laws and Statutes relating to the Duties due  
to His said Majesty, upon printing, painting,  
staining, and dying Silks, Callico- and Linens,  
and Stuffs, whereof he is convicted before us;  
and for the levying thereof you are to seize,  
take, and carry away the said Utensils and In-  
struments, Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and

*The Words in  
the First Cal-  
lico- are.*

*Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Ten Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Surrey Collection* for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided, and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Utensils or Instruments, or of the Goods or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *James Hyslop*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to levy the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices: Given under our Hands and Seals at *Windsor* aforesaid, this Eighth Day of *April*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign *Anthony Dominick* 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.* *James Hyslop* committed by the Justices due Laws and Statutes relating to the Duties due  
*Note, There is not in the first Part for laying Duties on the Printing of Silks, Callicoes, and Linens, in any particular Words to make Silks, Callicoes, or Linens found in the Custody of such Printers, liable to be recovered of such Printers, there- before unless such Silks, Callicoes, and Linens be*

the proper Goods of such Printer, they cannot be seized on a Warrant against such Printer, &c.

But by a Clause at the End of the last Act of George, Silks, Callicotts, Linens, &c. in the Hands of Travelling Printers, viz. such as print, &c. at any other Place than their usual Place of Residence, or usual Places of working, may be seized for the Duties due for printing, &c. thereof, if the said Duties are not paid down before such Printing thereof.

**A Warrant against a Maker of Starch for Twenty Pounds.**

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they, or either of them shall take to their Assistance.

Devonshire, ss. **WE** whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesties Justices of the Peace, for the County of Devon, Do in his said Majesties Name, Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, That upon the Starch and Materials, and Utensils, for the making Starch, found in the Custody of Andrew Jones of Amminster, in the said County of Devon, Maker of Starch, or of any brother or others, to the use of, or in trust for him, and also upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Andrew Jones, you, or any of you, do levy the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds, of like Money, recovered against him by J B Gent. who prosecuted us well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said

*The Words in the First Starch Act.*



said *Andrew Jones*, against the Laws and Statutes, relating to the Duties due to his Majesty on Starch, made in *Great Britain*, whereof he is Convicted before us; and for the levying thereof, you are to seize, take and carry away, the said Starch, and Materials, and Utensils, for making Starch, and also the said Goods and Chattels aforesaid; And if in fourteen Days next after such Seizure, the same shall not be redeemed, then, and in such Case, you (after the Expiration of the said fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof, as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of *Excise*, for the Collection called *Tiverton Collection* for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such Case made and provided; and if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Starch, Materials, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus to the said *Andrew Jones*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to levy the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Exminster* in the said County of *Devon*, this Twelfth Day of *April*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annus Domini 1716*.  
*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

CHAP.

## C H A P. XVIII.

*Directions concerning Warrants to Seize  
and Imprison the Persons of Defen-  
dants.*

**B**Y the First Act for the Hereditary Exchequer, viz. 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 44. Exchequer-Book, Fol. 45. the Justices of Peace are impowered and required to issue out Warrants for levying Forfeitures, Penalties, &c. on the Goods of Defendants; and for want of sufficient Distress to imprison the Party offending, untill Satisfaction be made.

But you are to know, That in all Cases there must first be a Warrant to seize the Goods and Utensils, &c. and a Return made thereto; before any Warrant can regularly be made, to seize or imprison the Person and Body of the Defendant.

And therefore, though it should be proved never so fully, before Justices of the Peace, that a Defendant hath not any Utensils, Goods, or Effects; or that he hath removed and carried off all his Goods and Effects, &c. or though the Justices themselves should know the Fact so to be; yet notwithstanding the same be never so true; yet in all cases there ought first to be a Warrant to seize the Utensils and Goods, &c. and if in Fact there are no Utensils, Goods, or Effects, or if none can be found so as to be seized, the Officer in such case must under his Hand make

a Return and Certificate thereof, to the Justices who then and not before may regularly grant a Warrant to seize the Body and Person of the Defendant; but a Warrant to seize the Body and Person of the Defendant must not in any case be made out untill such Return is made to such Warrant for seizing the Goods.

If there happen to be some Utensils, Goods, or Effects which are not sufficient to raise the Sum for levying, whereof such Warrant is granted, the Officer after the Expiration of the Fourteen Days, to be computed from the Day when he seized such Goods or Effects, must sell and dispose thereof for the best Price he can get for the same; and having so done must return and certify, That by Vertue of such Warrant he hath levied so much Money as such Utensils and Goods, &c. are sold for; and that there are no other Utensils, Goods, or Effects whereon to levy the Remainder of the said Sum; and after such Return is duly made and not before, the Justices may in such case also grant a Warrant to seize and imprison the Body of the Defendant, till Satisfaction be made for the residue and remainder of such Sum.

When an Officer by Vertue of such Warrant hath seized and arrested the Body of such Defendant, he must conduct such Defendant to the next Gaol or Prison, and there deliver him into the Custody of the Keeper or Gaolor of such Prison, who cannot receive such Person into his Custody without having a proper Warrant empowering him so to do.

Therefore when a Warrant is made to arrest and imprison any Defendant, it will be proper that a Duplicate thereof be made, because as the



## Directions concerning Warrants, &c.

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the Officer who arrests such Defendants, ought for his own Justification, to keep the Warrant whereby he so arrests him; so ought the Jaylor or Keeper of the Prison to have a Warrant for his Justification also, but if such Duplicate be at first made, (as before is proposed) and if both are delivered to the Officer who is to arrest the Defendant, he may then keep one for his own Justification, and may deliver the other to the Jaylor, when he delivers to him the Prisoner.

When the Officer who arresteth such Defendant doth deliver him to such Jaylor or Keeper, it will be proper for such Officer, on the Back of the Warrant which he designs to keep, to take a Receipt under the Hand of such Jaylor or Keeper, acknowledging his receiving into his Custody such Prisoner.

If no Utensils or Goods can be found, a Return may in such Case forthwith be made in the following Form, *viz.*

*The Form of a Return to be made on a Warrant where no Utensils or Goods can be found.*

Devonshire ss. **I** John Brown, one of the Officers of his Majesties Duties of Excise, do humbly certifie to A B and C D Esqrs; Two of his said Majesties Justices of the Peace, for the County of Devon, That by Virtue of a Warrant from the said Justices, to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds upon the Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, used by E F in his usual Place of Brewing, and upon his Goods and Chattels, I have made diligent Search for such Vessels,

## Warrants to seize Goods, &amp;c.

Vessels, Utensils, Goods, and Chattels; and that I cannot find out or discover any such Vessels, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels; and that I do not know, or can find that the said E. F. hath any Goods or Chattels whatsoever. Witness my Hand hereunto set, at B. in the said County of D. this Seven and Twentieth Day of June, Anno Domini 1716.

Such Return as this being duly made, a Warrant to seize the Body may be made out, according to the Form, in the Chapter next following.

The Form of a Return to be made on a Warrant where no Vessels or Goods can be found.

Declaratio. I, John Brown, one of the Officers of his Majesty's Court of Sessions, do hereby certify to A and C. D. Esqrs. two of his said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Devon, That by Virtue of a Warrant from the said Justices, to levy the sum of Ten Pounds upon the Brewhouse Vessels and Utensils for Brewhouse, used by E. F. in his usual Place of Brewhouse, and upon his Goods and Chattels, I have made diligent Search for such Vessels,

C H A P.

## CHAP. XIX.

*A Warrant to Arrest the Body of the Defendant, upon a Return of the first Warrant that be hath no Goods, &c.*

*To John Brown and William Hill, Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons, as they or either of them, shall take to their Assistance. And*

*To the Tylor or Keeper of such Prisons, to whom these Presents shall come.*

*Devonshire* **W** Hereas, We whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of his Majesties Justices of the Peace for the said County of Devon, by our Warrant, under our Hands and Seals, bearing Date the Six and twentieth Day of June now instant, Did Require and Command you, the said John Brown and William Hill, or either of you, to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds therein mentioned, on the Brewing-Vessels and Urensilis for Brewing, used by Edward Francis of Tiverton, in the said County of Devon, Victualler, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Edward Francis: And whereas, you the said John Brown, by a Return and Certificate under your Hand, bearing Date the Seven and twentieth Day of June now instant, have certified to us, that having made diligent Search



## Warrants against the

Search for such Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, and for such Goods and Chattels, you cannot find any, whereon to levy the said Ten Pounds or any Part thereof, and that no such Vessels, Utensils, Goods or Chattels can be found: We therefore the said Justices, Do in his said Majesties Name, hereby Authorize, Require, and Command you, every, or any of you, to take and arrest the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, and forthwith to carry the same to the Gaol or Prison of and for the County or Place where you shall so take and arrest the same, and the same, together with a Duplicate of this our Warrant, there to deliver into the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the said Gaol or Prison of and for the said County or Place, there to remain in safe Custody, untill he shall satisfy and pay the said Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money, by us the said Justices, adjudged against him, upon an Information exhibited against him before us, by J. C. Gent. as well on the Behalf of his said Majesty, as of himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Edward Francis* against the Laws and Statutes of *Excise*, whereof he stands convicted before us the said Justices: And all Constables, and other His Majesties Officers, are hereby Authorized and Required, to be Aiding and Assisting to you, in the due Execution hereof, and the Gaoler and Gaolers, Keeper and Keepers of such Gaol or Prison to which you shall so carry the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, is and are, hereby Authorized and Required to receive into his or their Custody, the Body of the said *Edward*

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*[The following text is extremely faint and largely illegible due to fading and bleed-through from the reverse side of the document. It appears to be a continuation of the legal proceedings or a related record.]*

*Warrants Against the*

*The Farm of a Return where part of the Ma-  
ney is levied on the Warrant against the  
Goods*

*Downshire, John Brown* one of the Of-  
ficers of His Majesty's Duties  
of Excise, Do humbly certify to A B and C D  
Esqrs Two of His said Majesty's Justices of  
the Peace for the said County of Down, That  
by Vertue of a Warrant from the said Justices,  
to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds, upon the  
brewing Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, used  
by *Edward Francis* in his usual Place of Brewing,  
and upon his Goods and Chattels; I have seized  
all such Vessels, Utensils, Goods, and Chattels  
as I could find out or discover, and the same  
not having been redeemed within Fourteen Days  
next after my said seizing thereof; I the said  
*John Brown* after the Expiration of the said  
Fourteen Days, next after the said seizing  
thereof, have sold the same for the best Price  
I could get for them, and have thereby levied  
and raised the Sum of Three Pounds, part of  
the said Sum of Ten Pounds, which said Sum of  
Three Pounds I now have ready to be paid and  
answered according to the Direction of the  
said Warrant; and I do further humbly certify  
to the said Justices, That having made diligent  
Search for such other Vessels, Utensils, Goods,  
and Chattels as are mentioned in the said War-  
rant, I cannot find out or discover any other  
such Vessels, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels what-  
soever; whereby the residue of the said Sum of  
Ten Pounds or any Part thereof can or may be  
levied.



## Persons of Defendants.

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levied. Withess my Hand hereunto set, at  
in the said County of D. this Seven and Twena-  
tieth Day of June, Anno, Domini, 1716.

**A Warrant to Arrest the Person of the De-  
fendant, where Part of the Money is levied  
on the Warrant against the Goods.**

To John Brown and William Hill, Officers of  
Excise, and to either of them, and to such  
other Person and Persons, as they, or either of  
them shall take to their Assistance, in the due  
Execution hereof. And

To the Gaoler and Keeper of such Prison, to  
whom these Presents shall come,

Devonshire J. **W**hereas we whose Hands and  
Seals are hereunto set, Two  
of His Majesties Justices of the Peace for the  
said County of Devon, by our Warrant under  
our Hands and Seals, bearing Date the Twelfth  
Day of June now instant, did require and com-  
mand, you the said John Brown and William Hill  
or either of you, to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds  
therein mentioned, on the Brewing Vessels and  
Utensils for Brewing, used by Edward Francis of  
Tiverton, in the said County of Devon, Victuall-  
er, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the  
said Edward Francis: And whereas, you the said  
John Brown, by a Return and Certificate under your  
Hand, bearing Date the Seven and twentieth  
Day of June now instant, have Certified to us,  
That by Vertue of our said Warrant, you have  
seized all such Vessels, Utensils, Goods and  
Chattels,

Chattels, as you could find, and that the same  
 not having been redeemed within Fourteen Days  
 next after the said seizing thereof, you, the said  
 John Brown after the Expiration of the said Four-  
 teen Days, next after the said seizing thereof, have  
 sold the said Vessels, Utensils, Goods and Chattels,  
 by you so seized as aforesaid, for the best Price  
 that you could get for the same, and have there-  
 by levied and raised the Sum of Three Pounds,  
 part of the said Sum of Ten Pounds, and you  
 have also further Certified to us the said Justices,  
 That having made diligent Search for such other  
 Vessels, Utensils, Goods and Chattels, as are  
 mentioned in the said Warrant, you cannot find  
 out or discover any other such Vessels, Uten-  
 sils, Goods or Chattels whatsoever, whereby  
 the Residue of the said Sum of Ten Pounds, or  
 any Part thereof, can or may be levied; we  
 therefore the said Justices, Do in this said Ma-  
 jesties Name, hereby Authorize, Require, and Com-  
 mand you, every, or any of you, to take and  
 arrest the Body of the said Edward Francis, and  
 forthwith to carry the same to the Gaol or Pri-  
 son of and for the County or Place where you  
 shall so take and arrest the same, and the same  
 together with a Duplicate of this our Warrant,  
 there to deliver into the Custody of the Gaoler or  
 Keeper of the said Gaol or Prison for the said  
 County or Place, untill he shall satisfy and pay  
 the Sum of Seven Pounds of lawful English Mo-  
 ney, being the residue of the said Sum of Ten  
 Pounds, by us the said Justices mitigated and  
 lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like  
 Money, by us the said Justices adjudged against  
 him, upon an Information exhibited against him  
 before us by J. M. Gent, as well on the Behalf  
 of

## *Persons of Defendants.*

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of His said Majesty, as of himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Edward Francis*, against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he stands convicted before us the said Justices; and all Constables and other His Majesty's Officers are hereby authorized and required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: And the Gaoler and Gaolers, Keeper and Keepers of such Gaol or Prison to which you shall so carry the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, is, and are hereby authorized and required to receive and take into his or their Custody, the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, and the same to keep in safe Custody until he shall satisfy and pay the said Sum of Seven Pounds before-mentioned; and for your, any, or either of your doing, as before is respectively directed, this shall be to you, any, or either of you respectively, a sufficient Warrant and Authority. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Tiverton* in the said County of *Devon*, this Nine and Twentieth Day of *June*, in the Second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini*, 1716.

*Note, If the Servant of a Brewer is concerned or assisting in the making an Increase, or in the laying off of any Beer or Ale, contrary to the Act of 8 & 9. W. III. Cap. 18. such Servant forfeits Twenty Shillings per Barrel, and in default of Payment thereof is to suffer Three Months Imprisonment.*

*And every such Servant or other Person who is aiding or assisting in the using any Mellasses, Course Sugar, Honey, or Extract of Sugar in the Brewing or Working Ale or Beer, or in carrying or conveying*



moving the same into the House, Brew-House, or other Place belonging to such Brewer, contrary to to the Act of 10, & 11. W. III. Cap. 21. forfeits for every Offence Twenty Pounds, and in default of Payment thereof, is to suffer Three Months Imprisonment: If therefore a Judgment be obtained against a Servant for either of the before-mentioned Penalties, and if in default of Payment of such Penalty a Warrant is thereupon made to imprison such Servant, such Warrant must be only to imprison him for the Space of Three Months; but if before the Expiration of such Three Months such Penalty is paid, such Person so imprisoned ought thereupon to be released; but the Warrant must not in such Case be according to the Forms before, viz. to imprison such Person until Satisfaction is made. But must be to imprison him by the space of Three Months, unless Satisfaction be made in the mean time.

CH A P. XX.

*Of Seizing and Condemning Foreign Brandy or other Foreign Liquors landed without due Entry, &c.*

**B**Y a Clause in the Act of 14 Car. II. Cap. 11. Sect. 15. it is Enacted, That no Ship or Ships, Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes shall be seized as forfeited, for or by Reason of unlawful Importation or Exportation into or out of the Kingdom of England, &c. but by the Person or Persons who are or shall be appointed by His Majesty, to manage the Customs or Officers of His Majesty's Customs for the Time being, or such other Person or Persons as shall be deputed or authorized therunto, by Warrant from the Lord Treasurer or Under-Treasurer, or by special Commission from His Majesty under the Great or Privy Seal.

The Patents to the Commissioners of Excise are always under the Great-Seal, and in those Patents there always is a special Clause whereby the Commissioners of Excise, and all and every their Officers and Agents, Gaugers, Surveyors, Officers, or Waiters for the Excise are fully empowered to seize all such Foreign Brandy or other Foreign Exciseable Liquors as shall be landed or put on Shore before due Entry, &c.

Which said Clause in the Patents to the Commissioners of Excise is sufficient to impower the Officers of Excise to seize all Foreign Exciseable Liquors which shall be unduly landed, but not

## Of Condemning Foreign

to seize any other Foreign Liquors or Merchandize, but such only as are liable to Duties of Excise, and are unduly landed.

What Foreign Liquors are liable to Duties of Excise, will appear by the First Excise Acts, where you will find that Rates and Duties of Excise are thereby laid on Beer or Ale imported, on Cyder and Perry imported, on Spirits imported, and on imported Strong-Waters perfectly made; and by the several Acts for the additional Duties of Excise, further Duties are laid on all the said Foreign and Imported Liquors.

Foreign Mum brought into England is in Fact Beer or Ale imported, and is therefore liable to the said Duties on Beer and Ale imported.

By 22 Car. II. Cap. 4. Sect. 2. *Excise Book*, Fol. 83. it is declared, That Brandy is a Strong-Water perfectly made, and liable to the Duties on Strong-Waters imported.

In the Act of 15 Car. II. Cap. 11. Sect. 17. *Excise-Book*, Fol. 72 & 73. is the following Clause, viz. 'And for the better levying and collecting the Duties of Excise upon all Foreign or imported Liquors, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no such Foreign or Imported Liquors shall be landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Vessel from beyond the Seas, before due Entry be first made thereof, with the Officer or Collector appointed for the Excise in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, or before the Duty of Excise due and payable for the same be fully satisfied and paid, and that every Warrant for the landing or delivering of any such Foreign Liquors shall be signed by the Hand of the said Officer or Collector



Collector of Excise in the said Port or Place respectively, upon Pain that all such Foreign Liquors as shall be landed, put on Shore, or delivered, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, or without the Presence of an Officer or Waiter for the Excise, or the Value thereof shall be forfeited and lost, the one Moiety to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall or will seize, inform, or sue for the same, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

And in another Clause in the said Act, viz. Sect. 25. Excise-Book, Fol. 78. are these Words, viz. And that all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures (for which no Remedy is ordained for Recovery thereof by this Act,) shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information in any Court of Record, &c. or by such other Ways and Means as by the said former Act is directed and appointed.

The said Act referred to by this last Clause doth direct, That the Party accused shall be summoned; and therefore when Foreign Liquors unduly landed, are intended to be condemned before Justices of the Peace, it will be necessary that the Party accused, viz. the Importer or the Proprietor thereof be summoned; but if neither the Importer or Proprietor thereof can be found out so as to be summoned to appear before the Justices of the Peace, such Foreign Liquors cannot be condemned before them; because in such cases there being no particular Party accused, there will not be any proper Person to be summoned, and unless the Party accused be summoned, the Justices of the Peace have not sufficient Authority

## Of Condemning Foreign

rity to proceed : but in such cases the Proceedings against such Foreign Liquors so seized must be in the Court of *Exchequer*, and cannot be before the Justices of the Peace.

*Note*, It may often happen, That the same Person is both the Importer and also the Proprietor of the same Foreign Liquors unduly landed; and therefore in Informations on such Seizures it will be proper to alledge, That the Defendant in such Information is the Importer and Proprietor; and if at the Hearing thereupon it doth appear that such Defendant is either the Importer or the Proprietor, that will be sufficient to maintain such Information; the foregoing Act having directed, that such Forfeitures may be recovered either of the Importer or Proprietor.

*Note*, Also where Foreign Liquors which have been unduly landed, are found near the Sea Coast, in the Possession or Custody of any Person who doth not give any satisfactory Account how he came by them; such finding thereof in the Custody of such Person is an Evidence that he is the Proprietor thereof; and in such case an Information may be laid against him as the Proprietor thereof.

*Note*, Informations on all Seizures must be in the Name of the Person who actually makes the Seizure, and must not be in the Name of the Collector unless he himself actually makes the Seizure.

But if Two or more Persons make a Seizure, the Information may be in the Name of one of them only, and then the other or others may be Witnesses to prove such Seizure.

And

## Exciseable Liquors.

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And what has been seized by one Officer, may be a second Time seized by another Officer; and in such case the Information may be laid in the Name of him who made such second Seizure, and he who made the first Seizure may in such case be a Witness on such Information: And therefore when an Officer has made a Seizure of any Foreign Liquor unduly put on Shore, it will be best to get the Collector to make a second Seizure thereof, that the Information may be laid in his Name, and that he who made the first Seizure may be a Witness.

P 4 CHAP.



CHAP. XXI.

Informations, Summons, and Judgments, against Importers and Proprietors of Foreign Liquors unduly landed.

An Information for condemning Foreign Brandy unduly landed.

County of South'ron, ss. **B**E it Remembred, That this Thirtieth Day of September, in the first Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at Portsmouth, in the said County of Southampton, William Harding, one of the Officers of his said Majesties Duties of Excise, in his proper Person, cometh before us A B and C D Esqrs; Two of his said Majesties Justices of the Peace, for the County of South'ron aforesaid, residing near to the Place where the Seizure herein-after-mentioned was made, and as well for his said Majesty as himself, to us, Exhibith a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That he the said William Harding, for, and during Three Months, now last past and longer, having continued to be, and yet being an Officer for the Duties of Excise, duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, He the said William Harding, within the said Three Months, now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of September now instant, within

within the Port of *Southampton*, that is to say, at *Portsmouth* in the said County of *Southampton*, did seize to the Use of his said Majesty, and of himself, as forfeited, a certain Parcel of Foreign and imported Liquors, that is to say, Fifteen Gallons of Foreign Strong Waters perfectly made, called Brandy for that the same being Foreign and Imported Liquors, charged and chargeable with the Duties of *Excise*, and other Duties due to his said Majesty, had been brought and imported, from Parts beyond the Seas into the Port aforesaid, that is to say, to *Portsmouth* aforesaid, and had been there landed and put on Shore out of some Ship or Vessel, from beyond the Seas, before any due Entry had been made thereof, with the Officer or Collector appointed for the *Excise*, in the Port and Place where the same had been so imported as aforesaid; And before the Duty of *Excise* due and payable for the same was fully satisfied and paid, and without any Warrant for the Landing or Delivering thereof, signed by the Hand of the Officer or Collector of the *Excise*, in the Port and Place where the same were so landed, and without the Presence of any Officer or Waiter for the *Excise*, as by the Statute in such Case made there ought to have been; and contrary to the Form of the said Statute, whereby the said Foreign Liquors, then and there being of the Price and Value of Five Pounds and Five Shillings of Lawful Money of *England* became forfeited; and the said *William Harding*, farther informeth us, the said Justices, That one *Henry Robinson* of *Portsmouth* aforesaid, was, and is the Proprietor of the said Foreign Liquors so landed as aforesaid; and thereupon the said *William Harding*,

# Informations &c. for condemning

Harding, who, as well, &c. I humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that the said Foreign Liquors, may remain forfeited, and that he may have one Moiety thereof, according to the Form of the said Statute; and that the said Henry Robinson may be summoned to shew Cause, if he can, before us the said Justices, why the said Foreign Liquors should not be judged forfeited, and to make Defence in the Premises before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

To Mr. Henry Robinson,

County of Southton, *W E A B and C D E F*

quires, Two of his Majesties Justices of the Peace for the County of Southton, Do hereby give you Notice, That William Harding, one of the Officers of his said Majesties Duties of Excise, hath before us exhibited an Information against you, for the Forfeiture of Fifteen Gallons of Foreign Liquor, called Brandy, found in your Custody and Possession, which, as he alledgeth, were imported and landed, and put on Shore, without due Entry and Payment of Duty, contrary to the Statute in such Case made, and that you are the Proprietor thereof; you are therefore, &c.

(as in other Summons.)  
 Shillings of Lawful Money, further forfeited; and the said William Harding, further informeth us, the said Justices, That one Henry Robinson of Southton aforesaid, was, and is the Proprietor of the said Foreign Liquors so landed as aforesaid; and thereupon the said William Harding;



*A Judgment on the foregoing Information,  
where the Defendant Appareth and Pleadeth.*

**A**T the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, that is to say, on the Eighth Day of October, Anno Domini 1714, at Portsmouth in the County of South'ton, the within named Defendant appareth before us the Justices within named, and pleadeth, that the several Facts within mentioned, are not true, as the same are within alledged to be; but the same are now before us fully proved to be, as they are within alledged. It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that for, and by Reason of the Matters and Things within alledged, and now duly proved before us, the Brandy within mentioned is forfeited; and upon due Proof now made before us, that the same is of the Value of Five Pounds and Five Shillings of lawful English Money, we do adjudge and determine the same to be of the said Value of Five Pounds and Five Shillings, of which we do adjudge one Moiety to be to the Use of our Sovereign Lord the King; and the other Moiety to be to the Use of the within named *William Harding*. Given under our Hands at Portsmouth, in the said County of South'ton, this eighth Day of October, Anno Domini, 1714.

In these Cases, there is not any Occasion for any Warrant, but after the Brandy or Foreign Excisable Liquors have been condemned in the manner before, they may be sold and disposed of, without any farther Order for the selling thereof.

C H A P.

C. H. A. P. XXII.

## SUMMONS for Witnesses.

*A Summons for a Witness to appear, &c. in the same Month when the Summons bears Date.*

*Berks, ss.* **O**N the Part of the Informer herein after named, You are hereby summoned and required personally to be and appear before us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Berks*, on *Saturday* the Fourteenth Day of *April* now instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said Day, at the House of *William Arnold*, being the Sign of the *Red-Lyon*, an Inn and publick House in *Reading*, in the said County of *Berks*; then and there to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of a Matter in Controversie before us, between *William Bateman*, Gent. Informer against *Henry Smith*, Maltster, Defendant, on an Information now depending before us, touching an Offence against the Laws and Statutes for laying Duties on Malt, &c. But if you fail herein, you will forfeit the Penalty of Ten Pounds. Given under our Hands at *Reading* aforesaid, this seventh Day of *April*, Anno Domini, 1716.

The Words in  
7 & 8, W.  
III. Cap. 30.  
Sect. 24.

To Mr. *John Williams*

A Sum-

*Summons for Witnesses.*

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*A Summons for a Witness to appear, &c. in a Month following the Date of the Summons.*

*Suffolk, ss.* **O**N the part of the Informer herein after named, you are hereby summoned and required personally to be and appear before us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Suffolk*, on *Tuesday* the Fifth Day of *June* now next ensuing, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said Day, at the House of *Thomas Mason*, being the Sign of the Crown, an Inn and publick House in *Beckles* in the said County of *Suffolk*, then and there to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of a Matter in Controversie before us, between *John Todd*, Gent. Informer against *James Brown*, Victualler, Defendant, on an Information now depending before us, touching an Offence against the Laws and Statutes of Excise; but if you fail herein you will forfeit the Penalty of Ten Pounds. Given under our Hands at *Beckles* aforesaid, this Six and twentieth Day of *May*, Anno Domini, 1716.

*The Words in 7 & 8. W. III. Cap. 30. Sect. 24.*

To Mr. *Samuel Peters*.

*A Summons for several Witnesses.*

*Hertfordshire,* } **O**N the part of the Informer herein after named, you every, and each of you are and is hereby respectively summoned



*Summons for Witnesses.*

moned and required personally to be and appear before us, *A B and C D, Esqrs.* Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hertford, on *Tuesday* the seventeenth Day of *July* instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the said Day, at the House of *John Spencer*, being the Sign of the Crown, an Inn and publick House in *Ware*, in the said County of Hertford, then and there respectively to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of a Matter in Controversie before us, between *Richard Backwell*, Gent. Informer against *William Gason*, Maker of Candles, Defendant, on an Information now depending before us, touching an Offence against the Laws and Statutes of *Excise*, and for granting Duties upon Candles; but if you, any, or either of you fail herein, such of you as so fail will respectively forfeit the Penalty of Ten Pounds. Given under our Hands at *Ware* aforesaid, this Ninth Day of *July*, Anno Domini, 1716:

*The Words in 7 & 8. W. III. Cap. 30. Sect. 14.*

To Mr. *Thomas Parsons*,  
Mr. *George Stevens*, and  
Mr. *Andrew Roberts*.

*CHAP.*

*Each of you are and is hereby respectively moned*

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C H A P. XXIII.

*Informations against several Defendants;  
for Arrears of Duties of Excise.*

**I**F any Objection should be made against the joining several Defendants in one Information, it may be answered, that the Informations next following, are not against the said Defendants jointly, or so as to oblige or require any of them, to answer for the Default or Defaults of any other or others of them; or any Ways to charge or make any of them any ways liable or accountable for, or in Respect of the Default or Defaults of any other or others of them; but each of them is respectively charged with so much only as relates to himself; and the Import of the said Informations is to require each Defendant separately to answer to so much only of the said Information as strictly and properly relates to himself only, and such Information when rightly considered, will appear to be a separate Information against each Defendant.

*An Information against several Victuallers in Arrears, viz. for the double Duties, forfeited by not duly paying the single Duties.*

**Kms, ss.** **B**E it Remembred, That this Second Day of April, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Severnacke in the County

## Informations against several Defendants

County of *Kent*, *Philip Bamford*, Gent. in his proper Person cometh before us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, residing near to the respective Places where the several and respective Offences and Forfeitures herein after mentioned were committed and made, and as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That the several and respective Persons here after named, in the First Column here under-written, at several Times between the Thirtieth Day of *December* and the Six and Twentieth Day of *February*, both now last past, in the said County of *Kent*, that is to say, at the several Towns and Places hereafter mentioned in the said First Column, hereafter written at the respective Brew-Houses and Places of Brewing, by them the said Persons severally and respectively used at the said respective Time and Times, Place and Places, and to them there severally and respectively at the said Time and Times belonging, did severally and respectively brew the several and respective Quantities of Beer and Ale, each above Six Shillings the Barrel, commonly called Strong Beer and Ale, and also of Beer not above Six Shillings the Barrel, commonly called Small Beer, hereafter respectively written against each of their respective Names in the Two next Columns: And that they the said several Persons, at and during the respective Time and Times of such their respective Brewing the said respective Quantities of Beer and Ale, and of every part thereof respectively, were, and yet are at the said respective Towns and Places, Victuallers, and

Tappers.



Tappers-out and Sellers of Beer and Ale, where by and by Vertue of several Statutes in such Case made, there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty from them respectively, for and in respect of the said respective Quantities of Beer and Ale so by them respectively brewed as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money respectively, amounting unto the several Sums of lawful English Money hereafter expressed in the fourth Column, hereafter written against each of their Names respectively, which said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, so accrued and become due from them respectively as aforesaid, they the said several and respective Persons, according to several and respective Statutes in such Case made, ought respectively to have paid and cleared off to or for the Use of his said Majesty, within one Month next after they (according to the Form of the said several and respective Statutes) respectively did make or ought to have made their respective Entry or Entries of the said Beer and Ale, so by them respectively brewed as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the said several and respective Persons have wholly omitted and neglected to pay and clear off the same and every Part thereof, contrary to the Form of the said several and respective Statutes; whereby they respectively have forfeited double the Value of the said respective Rates, Duties and Sums of Money by them respectively neglected and omitted to be paid as aforesaid, which said double Values of the said respective Duties and Sums of Money, do amount to the several Sums of Money, hereafter expressed in the fifth Column hereafter written; and thereupon the said

Q

Philip

Informations against several Defendants

Philip Bamford, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one fourth Part of the said several and respective Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said several and respective Persons, may respectively be summoned, respectively to answer the said Premises, and to make their Defence thereto, before us the said Justices.

Note, There not being room here to insert the Columns referred to in the foregoing Information, the said Columns are in the Page next following; but when such Information is to be drawn in Writing, the Columns must be at the bottom, or on the back of the same Sheet.

1 <sup>st</sup> Column.	2 <sup>d</sup> Column.	3 <sup>d</sup> Column.	4 <sup>th</sup> Column.	5 <sup>th</sup> Column.
The Names of the Defendants, and the Places of their Abode, and Brewing.	Quantities of Strong Beer on Strong Ale above Six Shillings the Barrels.	Quantities of Small Beer not above Six Shillings the Barrels.	Sum due for the Single Duties.	The double of the said Duties.
Thomas Kemp, of Westerbam.	Gallons 0 Firkins 1 Barrels 3	Gallons 0 Firkins 2 Barrels 7	1 6 1	2 12 2
James Field, of the same.	Gallons 0 Firkins 3 Barrels 5	Gallons 0 Firkins 2 Barrels 9	1 1 1	2 2 2
Peter Smith, of Driffield.	Gallons 0 Firkins 1 Barrels 4	Gallons 0 Firkins 2 Barrels 7	1 1 1	2 2 2
John Brown, of Sundridge.	Gallons 0 Firkins 0 Barrels 0	Gallons 0 Firkins 0 Barrels 4	1 1 1	2 2 2

Each Defendant must bring a Special Summons, according to the Terms of the Summons before, on other Informations for Arrears.



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*An Information against Several Retailers of Cyder in Arrear, viz. For the double Duty forfeited, by not duly paying the single Duties.*

*Devonshire II* **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against the said Defendants) That the several and respective Persons named in the first Column hereafter written, at several and respective Times, between the four and twentieth Day of December, and the nineteenth Day of March, both now last past, in the said County of Devon, that is to say, at the several Towns and Places hereafter mentioned in the said first Column hereafter written, did respectively sell by Retail, the several and respective Quantities of *Cyder* made in England, *Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tyne*, hereafter respectively written, against each of their respective Names in the second Column hereafter written; and at the said respective Time and Times, Place and Places, of such their respective Selling thereof, and of every Part thereof respectively, were Retailers of the said respective Quantities of *Cyder*, by them so sold as aforesaid, whereby, and by Vertue of several Statutes in such Case made and provided, there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty from them respectively, for, and in respect of the said respective Quantities of *Cyder* so made and sold as aforesaid, several Rates, Duties and Sums of Money respectively, amounting unto the respective Sums of Lawful English Money hereafter expressed, in the third Column hereafter

after written, against each of their Names respectively, which said Duties and Sums of Money, so accrued and become due from them respectively as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, they the said several and respective Persons have not respectively paid or cleared off, to or for the Use of his said Majesty, within one Month next after they (according to the Form of the several and respective Statutes in such Case made and provided) respectively did make, or ought to have made their respective Entry or Entries of the said Cyder so by them sold by Retail as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same respectively yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said several and respective Statutes in such Case made and provided; whereby they respectively have forfeited double the Value of the said respective Duties and Sums of Money, so respectively remaining unpaid as aforesaid, which said double Values of the said respective Duties and Sums of Money, do respectively amount to the several Sums of Money hereafter expressed in the fourth Column hereafter written. And thereupon the said Harthory Bradenell, who as well, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against Victuallers.)

*Note.* There not being room here to insert the Columns referred to in the foregoing Information, the said Columns are in the Page next following; but when such Information is to be drawn in Writing, the Columns must be at the bottom, or on the back of the same Sheet.

2 1 M 1 F

First

S I N I F

First Column.	2d Column.	3d Column.	4th Column.
The Names of the Defendants and the Places of their Selling Cyder by Retail.	Quantities of Cyder sold by Retail.	Sums due for the single Duties.	The double Value of the said Duties.
	Hogheads	l. s. d.	l. s. d.
Simon Lister, of Chidley.	6	4 0	8 0
Anthony Simpson, of Ashborton.	10	6 8	13 4
Charles Tompson, of Totness.	5	2 18 8	5 17 4
	Gallons		
	31 1/2		



Each Defendant must have a separate Summons, according to the Form of the Summons before, on other Informations for Arrears.



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 —against a Common Brewer for Arrears p. 23, 25.  
 —against a Soap-maker for Arrears p. 27, 28, 29.  
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*An Information for Condemning Foreign Brandy unduly Landed.*

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